LAUGHLIN
VISITOR PROFILE STUDY
2012

LAS VEGAS CONVENTION
AND **VISITORS AUTHORITY**

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LAUGHLIN VISITOR PROFILE

Calendar Year 2012

Annual Report

January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012

Prepared for:

Las Vegas Convention And Visitors Authority

By:

GLS Research

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority, and GLS Research extend thanks to the Laughlin community for their cooperation on this research project. Special appreciation is noted for cooperation and assistance received from the hotel, motel, and casino industry. Appreciation is also extended to the interviewers and Laughlin visitors, without whose dedicated cooperation this study could not have been completed.

VISITOR PROFILE STUDY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Laughlin Visitor Profile Study is conducted monthly and reported annually to provide an ongoing assessment of the Laughlin visitor and trends in visitor behavior over time.

This report presents the findings from the 1,200 personal interviews conducted by GLS Research from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012. Approximately one hundred (100) in-person interviews were conducted per month in or near Laughlin hotel-casinos and hotels.

When we note that a difference between subgroups on a particular measure is “significant” or “statistically significant,” we mean that there is a 95% or better chance that the difference is the result of true differences between the subgroup populations and is not due to sampling error alone. When we note that a difference between subgroups is “not significant” or “not statistically significant,” we mean that there is less than a 95% chance that the difference is the result of true differences between the subgroups.

This section presents the research highlights, beginning on the next page. The findings are presented in detail starting on page 10.

REASONS FOR VISITING

Thirteen percent (13%) of visitors were first-time visitors to Laughlin, significantly lower than 19% in 2009 and 18% in 2010. Among first-time visitors, 75% said their primary reason for visiting Laughlin was vacation or pleasure (up significantly from 2008 – 2011), while 7% mentioned gambling (down from 14% last year). Among repeat visitors, 73% mentioned vacation or pleasure as their primary reason for their current visit (also up from past years), while gambling was cited by 20% (down from 2008 – 2011 figures). The average number of Laughlin visits among all visitors in the past year was 2.9 (up significantly from 2.3 each in 2008 and 2009, and 2.5 each in 2010 and 2011), while among repeat visitors it was 3.2 (up from 2.5 in 2008, 2.6 in 2009, and 2.8 each in 2010 and 2011). The average number of visits among all visitors in the past five years was 10.5, while among repeat visitors it was 11.9.

SUMMARY TABLE OF REASONS FOR
VISITING AND VISITATION FREQUENCY

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Proportion of visitors who were first-time visitors	12%	19%	18%	15%	13%
Proportion of first-time visitors whose primary purpose for current trip was vacation or pleasure	58%	54%	62%	51%	75%
Proportion of first-time visitors whose primary purpose for current trip was to gamble	14%	13%	12%	14%	7%
Proportion of repeat visitors whose primary purpose for current trip was vacation or pleasure	33%	27%	35%	56%	73%
Proportion of repeat visitors whose primary purpose for current trip was to gamble	51%	49%	36%	29%	20%
Average number of visits in past five years (all visitors)	10.4	10.2	10.1	10.0	10.5
Average number of visits in past five years (repeat visitors)	11.6	12.3	12.0	11.6	11.9
Average number of visits in past year (all visitors)	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	2.9
Average number of visits in past year (repeat visitors)	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.2

TRAVEL PLANNING

Most visitors arrived in Laughlin via ground transportation (88%, up from 85% in 2010). The vast majority of visitors (98%) arrived in Laughlin directly from their permanent residences, up from 2008 – 2011. As in the past, most visitors decided where to stay in Laughlin before arriving in Laughlin (97%, up from 95% each in 2008 and 2009). Most visitors (93%) who gambled during their visit said they made their decision about where to gamble before they arrived in Laughlin (up significantly from 87% each in 2009 and 2011). Thirty-five percent (35%) of visitors who saw shows decided what shows to see *before* arriving in Laughlin (down from 75% in 2008 and 40% in 2009 but up from 7% in 2010 and 20% last year). Eleven percent (11%) of all Laughlin visitors said they used the Internet to plan their trip (up significantly from 8% in 2008 but down from 15% each in 2009 and 2011). Fourteen percent (14%) of Laughlin visitors visited Las Vegas on their current trip to Laughlin, down from 21% in 2009 and 20% in 2010. Ten percent (10%) toured other nearby places, down significantly from 16% in 2009 but up from 8% in 2008.

SUMMARY TABLE OF TRAVEL PLANNING CHARACTERISTICS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Proportion of visitors who traveled to Laughlin by ground transportation (automobile/bus/truck/RV)	87%	86%	85%	87%	88%
Proportion of visitors who traveled to Laughlin by air	14%	14%	15%	13%	12%
Proportion of visitors who traveled to Laughlin from their permanent residence	91%	93%	89%	94%	98%
Proportion of visitors who decided where to stay in Laughlin before arrival	95%	95%	97%	97%	97%
Proportion of visitors who decided where to gamble in Laughlin before arrival	94%	87%	92%	87%	93%
Proportion of visitors who decided which shows to see in Laughlin before arrival	75%	40%	7%	20%	35%
Proportion of visitors who used the assistance of a travel agent in planning their trip to Laughlin	3%	1%	1%	0.4%	0%
Proportion of visitors who used the Internet in planning their trip to Laughlin	8%	15%	12%	15%	11%
Proportion of visitors who have visited Las Vegas in the past five years	71%	71%	71%	69%	67%
Proportion of visitors who visited Las Vegas on their current trip to Laughlin	13%	21%	20%	17%	14%
Proportion of visitors who toured nearby places	8%	16%	11%	12%	10%

TRIP CHARACTERISTICS AND EXPENDITURES

The average number of adults per party was 2.0, down significantly from 2.3 in 2008 and 2.5 in 2009 but up significantly from 1.9 in 2010. Three percent (3%) had people under the age of 21 in their immediate party, down significantly from 7% in 2009, 4% in 2010, and 5% last year. Their stay averaged 3.3 nights and 4.3 days, up from 2008 – 2010 readings. Ninety-eight percent (98%) of visitors who stayed overnight lodged in a hotel or motel, with an average of 2.0 room occupants. Non-package overnight visitors who stayed in a hotel or motel spent an average of $37.26 for their room, significantly lower than the average of $39.95 in 2008. Thirteen percent (13%) of visitors who stayed in a hotel or motel paid a package/tour group rate. The average package cost was $235.24, not significantly different from past years. The average food and drink expenditures were $122.22 per trip, down significantly from past years. The average local transportation expenditures were $57.79 per trip, up significantly from $29.46 in 2008, $41.23 in 2009, and $34.27 in 2010. The average total spent on shopping in 2012 was $73.64, up significantly from $32.53 in 2008 and $57.72 in 2010. An average of $5.55 was spent on shows (up from $3.01 in 2008 and $3.75 in 2010), and an average of $7.73 was spent on sightseeing (up from 2008 – 2011).

SUMMARY TABLE OF TRIP CHARACTERISTICS AND EXPENDITURES

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Average number of adults in immediate party	2.3	2.5	1.9	2.0	2.0
Proportion of visitors with persons under 21 in their immediate party	2%	7%	4%	5%	3%
Proportion of visitors who stayed overnight	100%	99%	98%	99%	97%
Days stayed (average)	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3
Nights stayed (average)	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3
Proportion of visitors who stayed in a hotel or motel room (among those who stayed overnight)	98%	97%	98%	98%	98%
Number of room occupants (average)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Lodging expenditures (average per night — non-package)	$39.95	$38.53	$38.35	$39.20	$37.26
Proportion of visitors who bought a package or travel group trip	15%	13%	14%	13%	13%
Average cost of package per person (among package/tour group visitors)	$220.97	$242.71	$221.58	$232.92	$235.24
Average trip expenditures for food and drink	$192.89	$204.98	$205.34	$185.30	$122.22
Average trip expenditures for local transport	$29.46	$41.23	$34.27	$61.03	$57.79
Average trip expenditures for shopping	$32.53	$68.26	$57.72	$65.81	$73.64
Average trip expenditures for shows	$3.01	$6.57	$3.75	$5.08	$5.55
Average trip expenditures for sightseeing	$0.01	$5.68	$3.47	$4.74	$7.73

GAMING BEHAVIOR AND BUDGETS

Nearly all visitors (99.8%) in 2012 gambled while in Laughlin. Those who gambled budgeted an average of $566.38, significantly higher than the averages of $511.17 in 2009 and $457.46 in 2010. Gamblers spent an average of 6.0 hours a day gambling, and gambled at an average of 3.0 casinos (up from prior years). More than three-quarters (77%) of gamblers played slot machines or video machines most often, down significantly from 81% in 2008. Among these visitors, 35% played quarter machines most often, while 48% played penny machines most often (a significant increase from 37% in 2008 and 39% in 2009). The average number of coins or tokens per play was 29.8, up significantly from 23.9 in 2008 and 25.5 in 2009. Fifteen percent (15%) played table games most often, down from 19% in 2009 and 20% in 2010. Among those who played table games most often, 75% typically played a $5 minimum (up significantly from 65% in 2008 but down significantly from 84% in 2010), with an average bet of $9.16, up significantly from $7.74 in 2010.

SUMMARY TABLE OF GAMING BEHAVIOR AND BUDGETS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Proportion who gambled while visiting Laughlin	100%	99%	99%	99%	100%
Average trip gambling budget (among those who gambled)	$556.62	$511.17	$457.46	$537.97	$566.38
Average hours per day spent gambling (among those who gambled)	5.8	5.8	6.0	5.9	6.0
Average number of different casinos gambled (among those who gambled)	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.6	3.0
Proportion who played slot/video machines most often (among those who gambled)	81%	77%	78%	80%	77%
Proportion who played quarter machines most often (among those who played machines)	38%	39%	35%	31%	35%
Proportion who played penny machines most often (among those who played machines)	37%	39%	44%	49%	48%
Average number of coins/tokens per play (among those who played machines)	23.9	25.5	29.6	28.6	29.8
Proportion who played table games most often (among those who gambled)	15%	19%	20%	17%	15%
Proportion who played $5 table minimums most often (among those who played table games)	65%	82%	84%	72%	75%
Average bet (among those who played table games)	$10.38	$11.30	$7.74	$11.02	$9.16

ATTITUDINAL INFORMATION

Ninety-five percent (95%) of visitors reported that they were "very satisfied" with their trip to Laughlin, up significantly from 92% in 2009.

SUMMARY TABLE OF ATTITUDINAL INFORMATION

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Proportion who were "very satisfied" with their current trip to Laughlin	96%	92%	93%	96%	95%

VISITOR DEMOGRAPHICS

Three-quarters (75%) of Laughlin visitors were married, down from 78% in 2008 and 79% in 2011. Thirty-one percent (31%) of visitors were from Southern California and 8% were foreign visitors, up from 4% in 2008 and 6% in 2009. Over one-half (54%) were 65 or older, up from 44% in 2008, 47% each in 2009 and 2010, and 49% last year. Visitors are more likely to be retired (67%, up from 2008 – 2011) than employed (30%, down from 2008 – 2011). Forty-two percent (42%) of visitors have a high school diploma or less. Forty-seven percent (47%) have a household income of less than $60,000, down from 55% in 2009, 58% in 2010, and 52% in 2011.

SUMMARY TABLE OF NOTABLE VISITOR DEMOGRAPHICS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Proportion of visitors who were married	78%	76%	75%	79%	75%
Proportion of visitors who were from Southern California	30%	33%	32%	31%	31%
Proportion of visitors who were foreign	4%	6%	6%	7%	8%
Proportion of visitors who were 50 years old or older	81%	80%	80%	83%	84%
Proportion of visitors 65 years old or older	44%	47%	47%	49%	54%
Average age	60.8	60.9	60.6	61.8	63.1
Proportion of visitors who were retired	52%	54%	53%	57%	67%
Proportion of visitors who were employed	45%	42%	41%	38%	30%
Proportion of visitors with a high school diploma or less	45%	44%	43%	45%	42%
Proportion of visitors with a household income less than $60,000	51%	55%	58%	52%	47%

SUMMARY OF ECONOMIC IMPACT FACTORS

The following table summarizes the various factors included throughout this report related to the *economic impact* of Laughlin visitors between January 1, 2012 and December 31, 2012 — the time period covered by this report:

SUMMARY TABLE OF ECONOMIC IMPACT FACTORS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Days stayed (average)	4.0	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.3
Nights stayed (average)	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.3
Proportion of visitors who stayed overnight	100%	99%	98%	99%	97%
Proportion of visitors who stayed in a hotel or motel room (among those who stayed overnight)	98%	97%	98%	98%	98%
Lodging expenditures (average per night — non-package)	$39.95	$38.53	$38.35	$39.20	$37.26
Proportion of visitors who bought a package or travel group trip	15%	13%	14%	13%	13%
Average cost of package per person (among package/tour group visitors)	$220.97	$242.71	$221.58	$232.92	$235.24
Number of room occupants (average — hotel/motel only)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Average trip expenditures for food and drink	$192.89	$204.98	$205.34	$185.30	$122.22
Average trip expenditures for local transportation	$29.46	$41.23	$34.27	$61.03	$57.79
Average trip expenditures for shopping	$32.53	$68.26	$57.72	$65.81	$73.64
Average trip expenditures for shows	$3.01	$6.57	$3.75	$5.08	$5.55
Average trip expenditures for sightseeing	$0.01	$5.68	$3.47	$4.74	$7.73
Proportion who gambled while visiting Laughlin	100%	99%	99%	99%	100%
Average trip gambling budget (among those who gambled)	$556.62	$511.17	$457.46	$537.97	$566.38

Details on these economic impact factors can be found throughout the body of this report.

INTRODUCTION

The Laughlin Visitor Profile Study is conducted monthly, and reported annually, to provide an ongoing assessment of the Laughlin visitor and trends in visitor behavior over time.

More specifically, the Laughlin Visitor Profile aims:

- To provide a profile of Laughlin visitors in terms of socio-demographic and behavioral characteristics.
- To monitor trends in visitor behavior and visitor characteristics.
- To supply detailed information on the vacation and gaming habits of different visitor groups, particularly gaming and non-gaming expenditures.
- To allow the identification of market segments and potential target markets.
- To provide a basis for calculating the economic impact of different visitor groups.
- To determine visitor satisfaction levels.

METHODOLOGY

In-person interviews were conducted with 1,200 randomly selected visitors. Approximately one hundred (100) interviews were conducted each month for 12 months from January through December 2012. Qualified survey respondents were visitors to Laughlin (non-residents) who were at least 21 years of age. (Residents of Bullhead City, Arizona, were not considered visitors). Residents of Clark County, including residents of Las Vegas but excluding residents of Laughlin, were treated as visitors to Laughlin. Only visitors who planned to leave Laughlin within 24 hours were asked to complete the survey.

Visitors were intercepted near Laughlin hotel-casinos and hotels. To assure a random selection of visitors, different locations were utilized on each interviewing day. Upon completion of the interview, visitors were given souvenirs as tokens of appreciation. Verification procedures were conducted throughout the project to assure accurate and valid interviewing.

Interviews were edited for completeness and accuracy, coded, and entered into a computerized database for analysis. The information was then analyzed using statistical software packages available to GLS Research. The questionnaire administered to visitors is appended to this report in the form of aggregate results.

Throughout this report, bar charts are used to illustrate the data. The data presented in these charts are based on the total sample of 1,200 respondents unless otherwise specified. In charts using proportions, those proportions may not add to 100% because of rounding or because multiple responses were permitted.

When we note that a difference between subgroups on a particular measure is “significant” or “statistically significant,” we mean that there is a 95% or better chance that the difference is the result of true differences between the subgroup populations and is not due to sampling error alone. When we note that a difference between subgroups is “not significant” or “not statistically significant,” we mean that there is less than a 95% chance that the difference is the result of true differences between the subgroups.

This report presents the results of the 2012 study and compares them to the results of the 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011 studies. Statistically significant differences in the behavior, attitudes, and opinions of visitors from year to year are pointed out in the text of the report. Throughout this report, if data is not presented for all five years, it is because the question was not asked for all five years.

Details on the findings and conclusions of the survey are presented in the following sections of this report.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

REASONS FOR VISITING

In the current study, 87% of visitors said they had visited Laughlin more than once, and 13% were first-time visitors (Figure 1). There were significantly more repeat visitors than in 2009 (81%) and 2010 (82%).

FIGURE 1
First Visit Vs. Repeat Visit

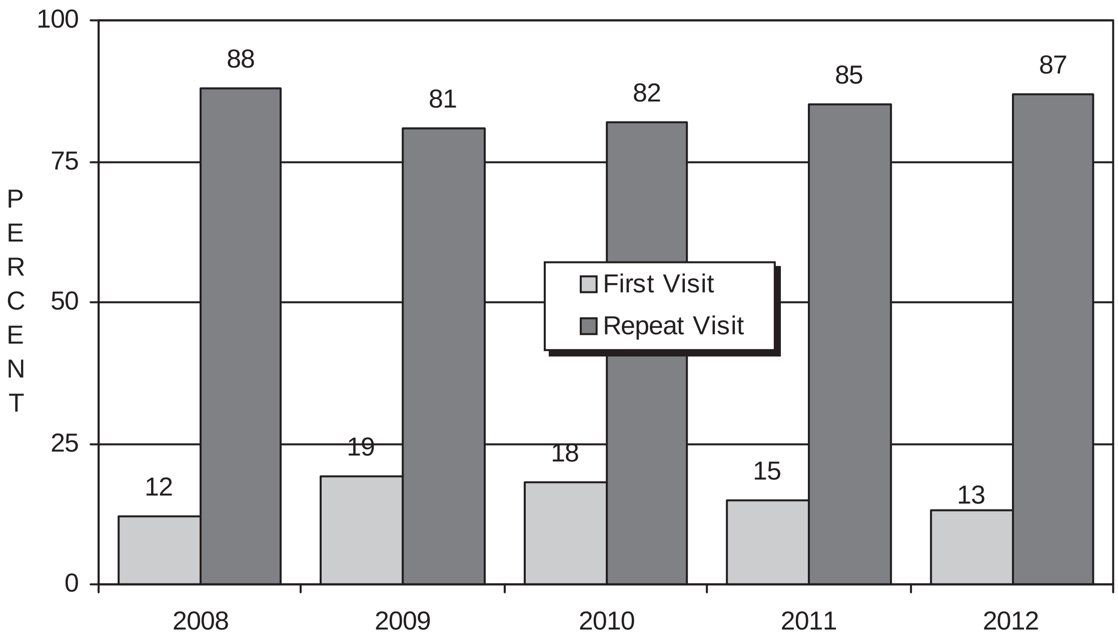
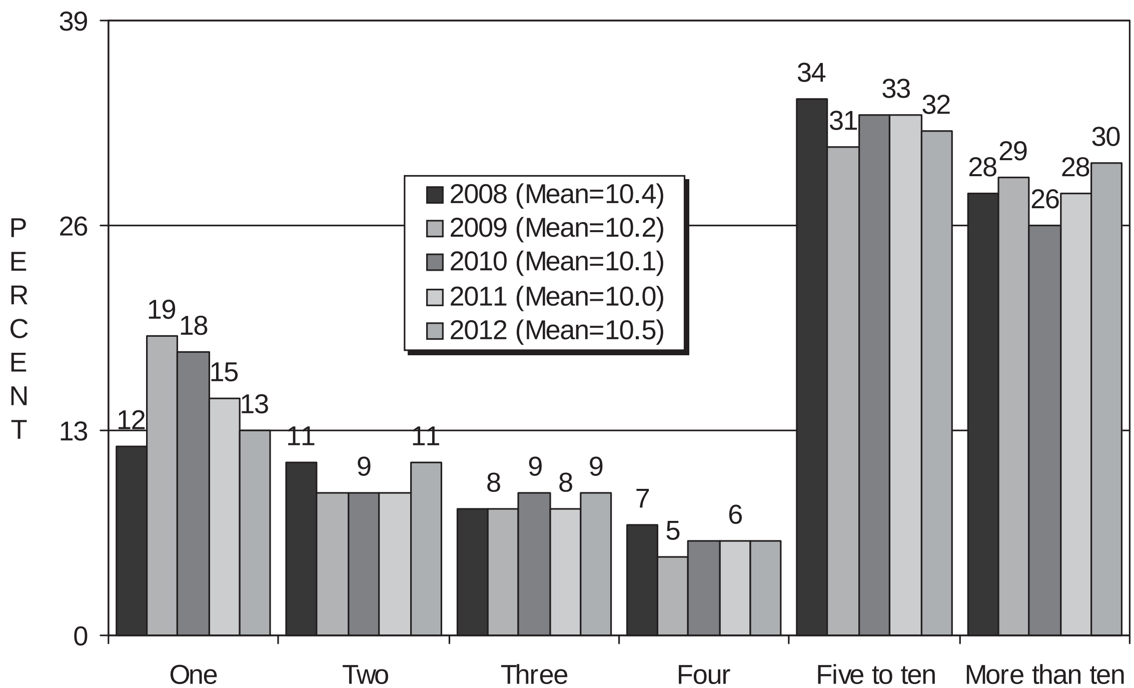
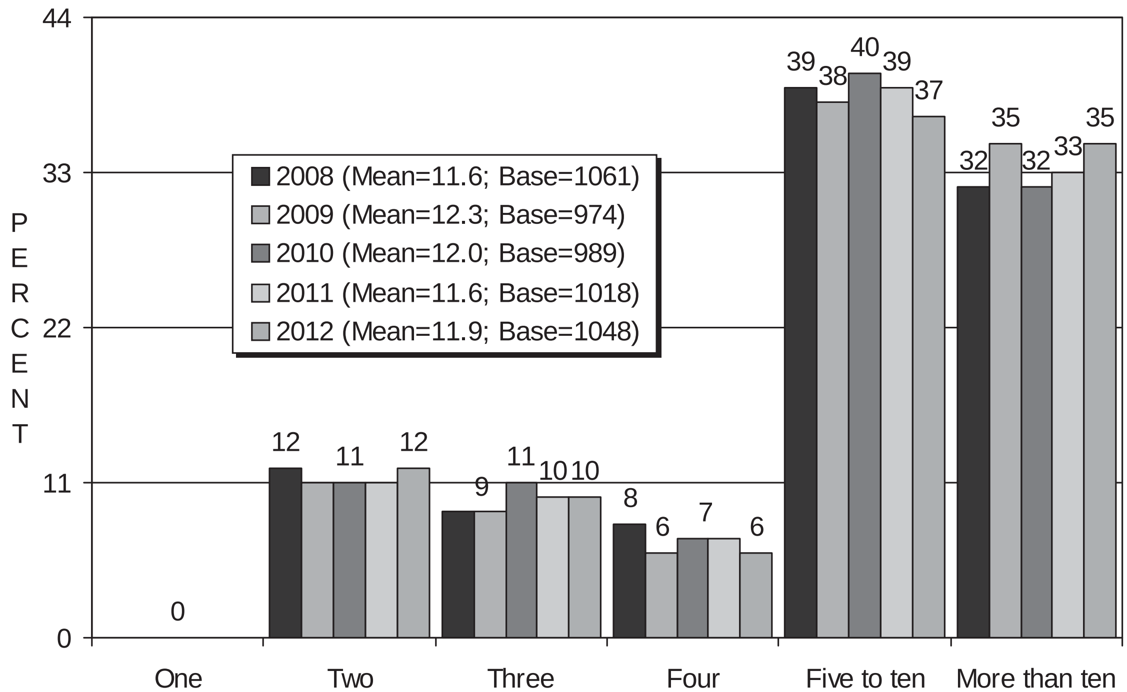


FIGURE 2
Frequency Of Visits In Past Five Years
(Among All Visitors)



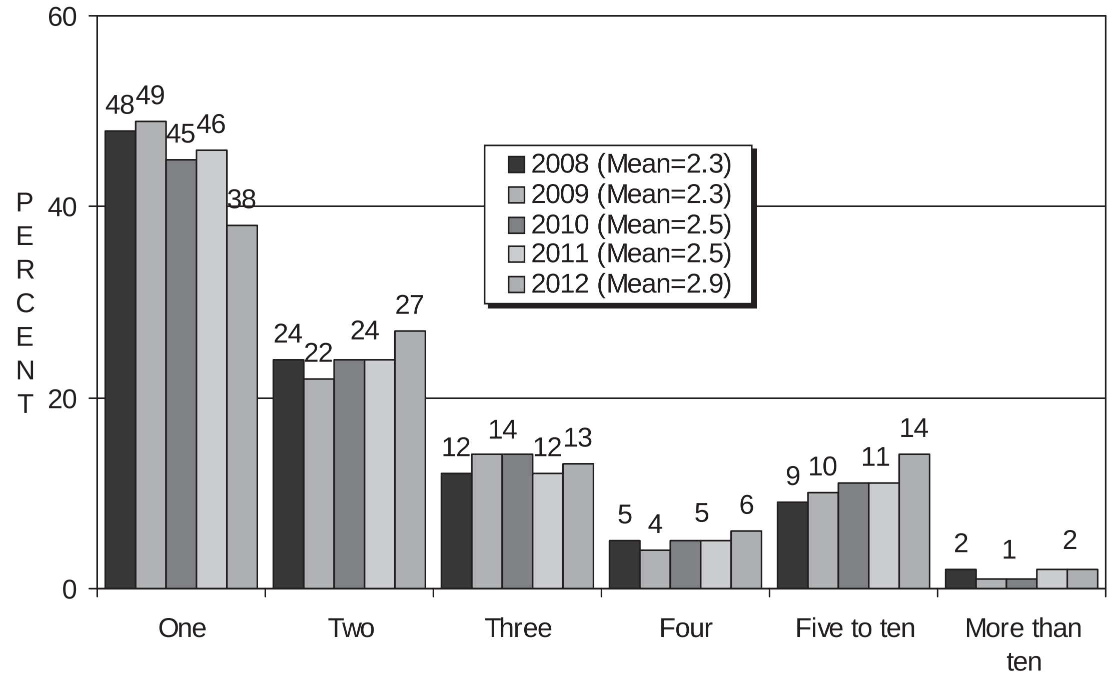
The average number of visits to Laughlin in the past five years *among all visitors* was 10.5 in this year's survey, not significantly different from the past four years (Figure 2). The proportion of visitors saying they visited only once in the past five years was 13%, significantly lower than in 2009 (19%) and 2010 (18%).

FIGURE 3
Frequency Of Visits In Past Five Years
(Among Repeat Visitors)



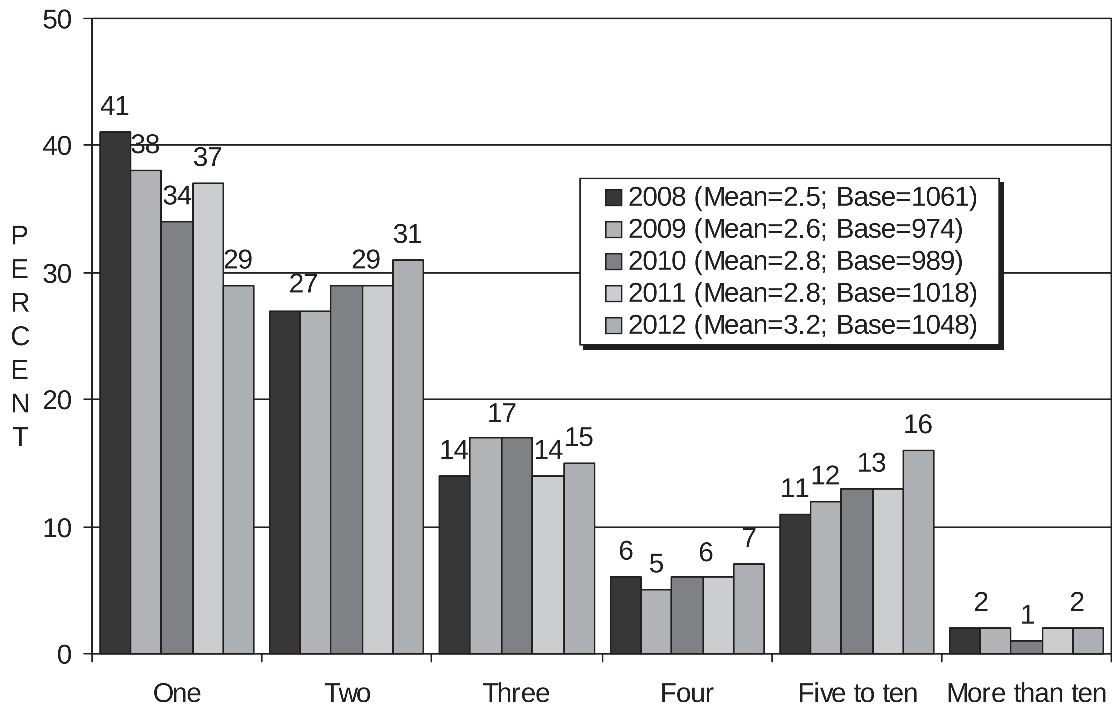
The average number of visits to Laughlin during the past five years *among repeat visitors* was 11.9, not significantly different from past years (Figure 3).

FIGURE 4
Frequency Of Visits In Past Year
(Among All Visitors)



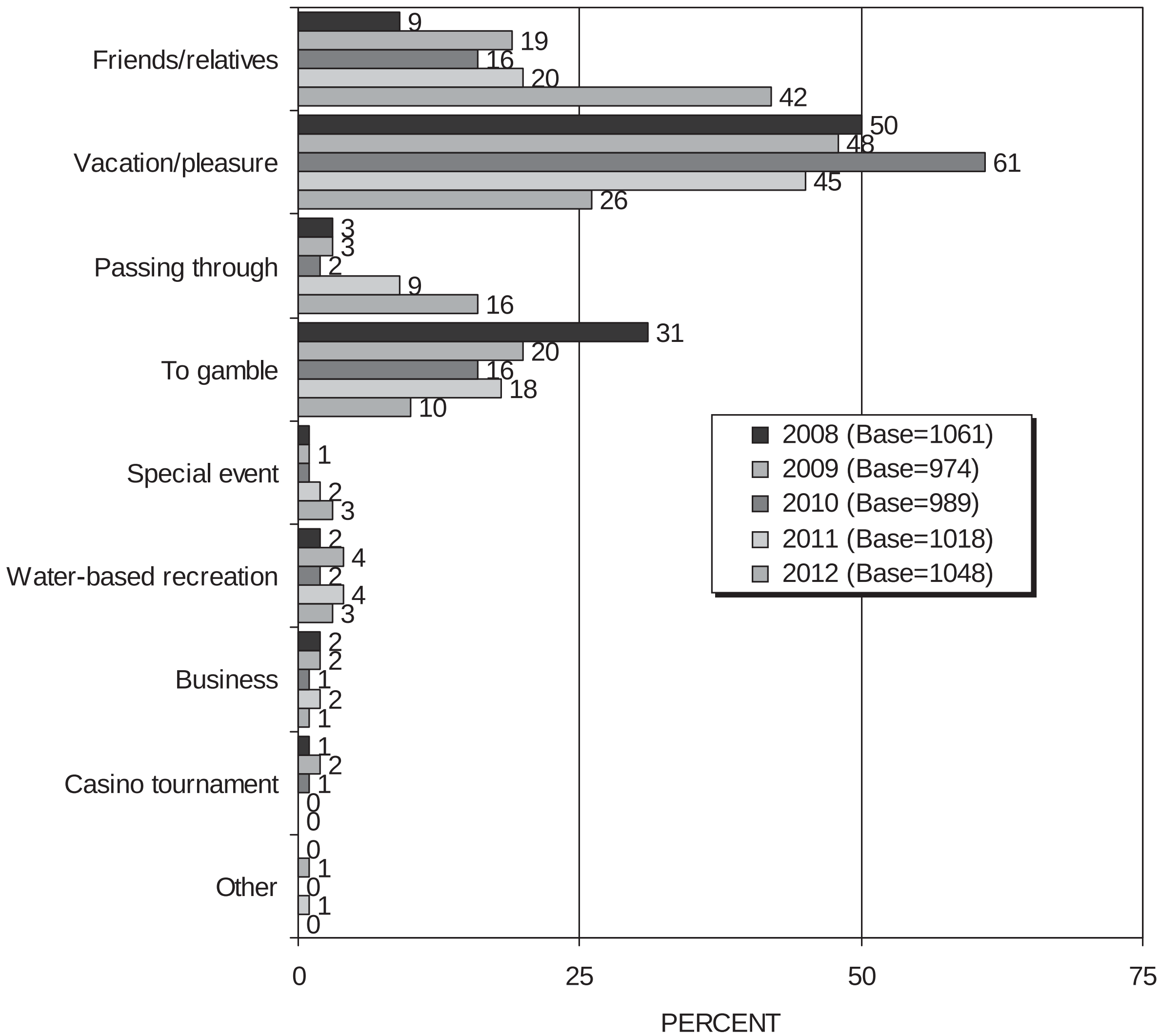
Among *all visitors*, the average number of visits in the past year was 2.9, up significantly from 2.3 each in 2008 and 2009, and 2.5 each in 2010 and 2011 (Figure 4). Thirty-eight percent (38%) reported visiting Laughlin only once in the past year (down significantly from 2008-2011), while 14% reported visiting Laughlin five to 10 times (up significantly from 2008-2011).

FIGURE 5
Frequency Of Visits In Past Year
(Among Repeat Visitors)



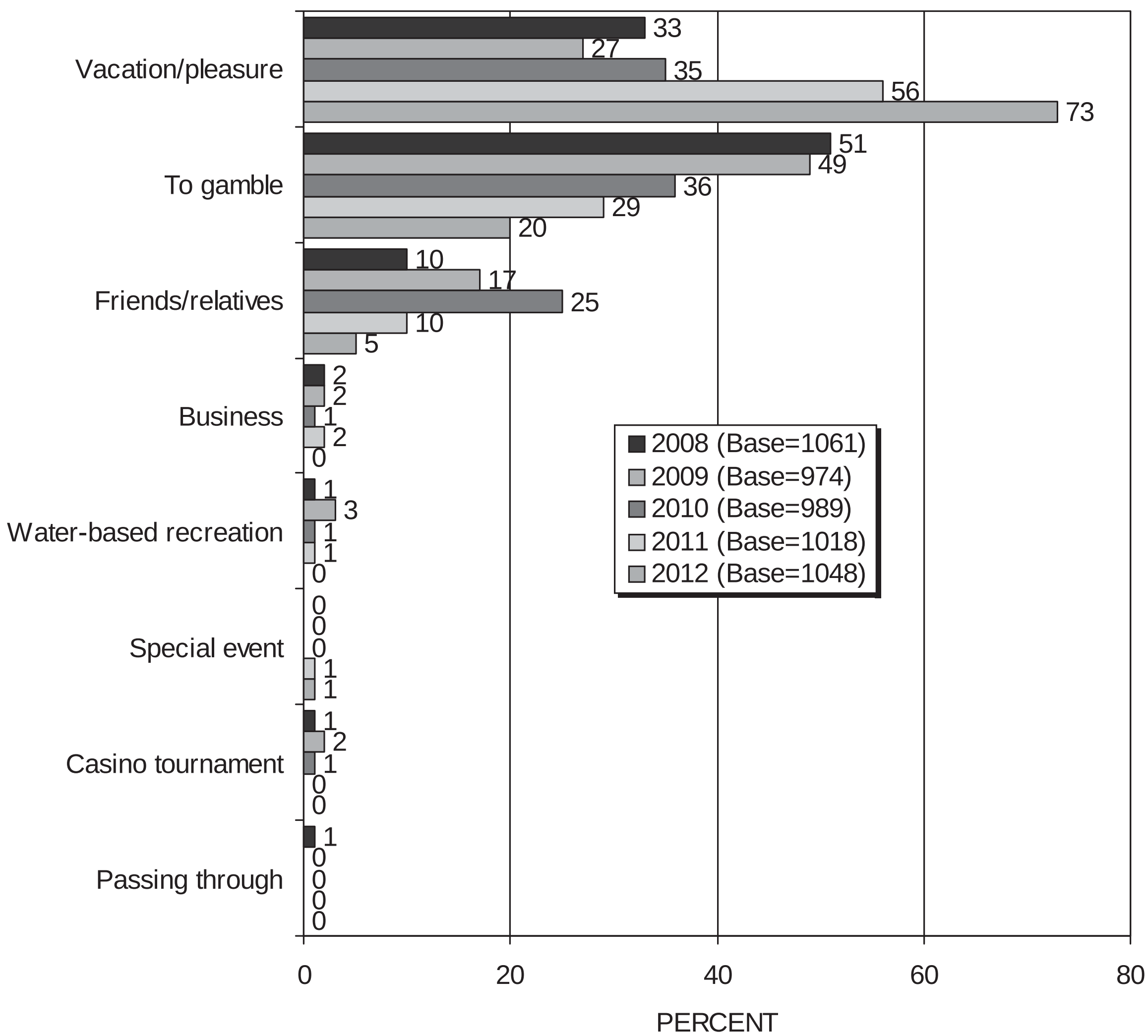
During the past year, repeat visitors averaged 3.2 trips to Laughlin, up significantly from 2.5 in 2008, 2.6 in 2009, and 2.8 each in 2010 and 2011 (Figure 5). Among repeat visitors, 29% reported visiting just once in the past year, down significantly from 2008-2011. Sixteen percent (16%) reported visiting five to 10 times, up significantly from 11% in 2008, 12% in 2009, and 13% each in 2010 and 2011.

FIGURE 6
Primary Purpose Of First Visit
(Among Repeat Visitors)



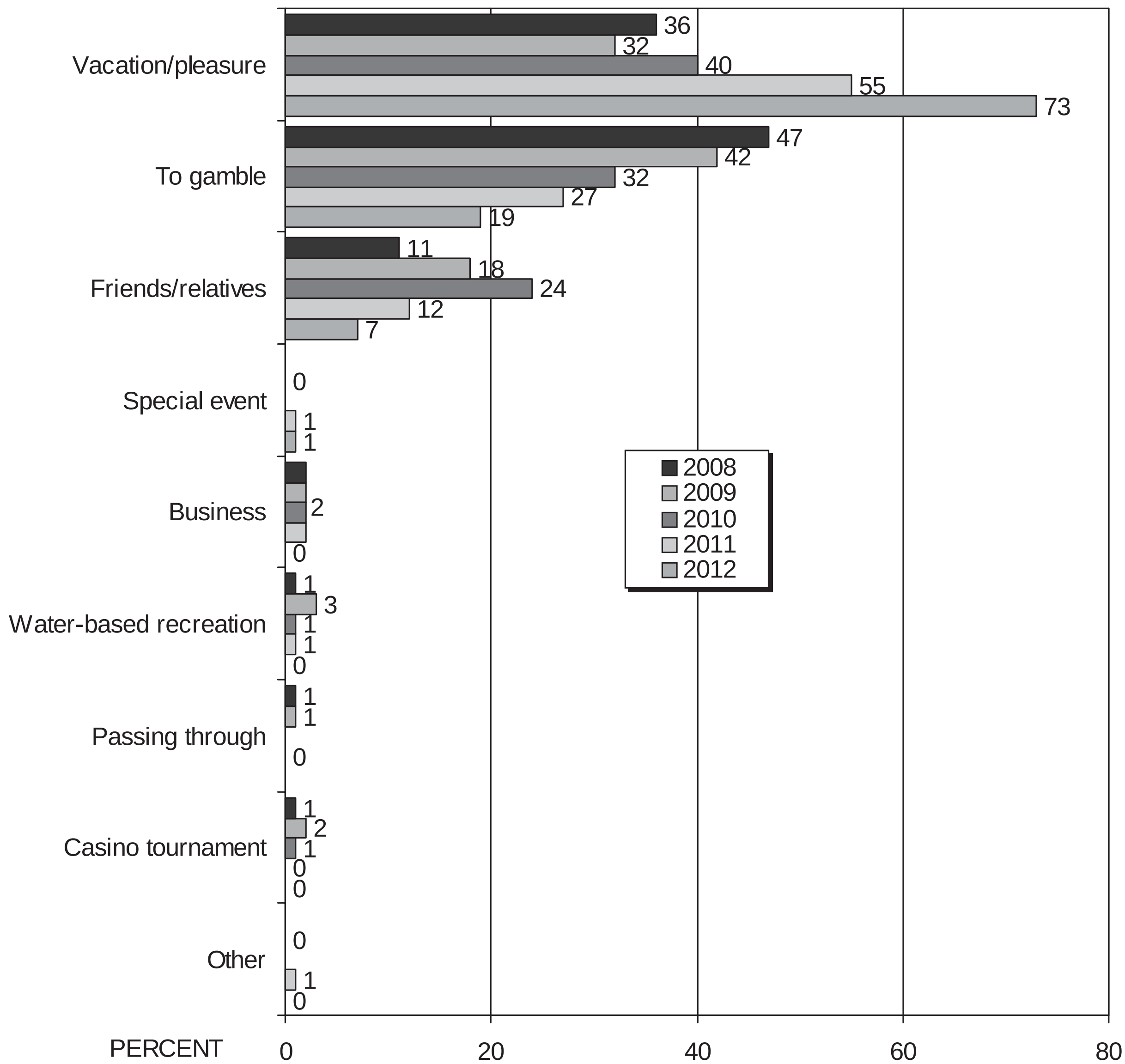
Twenty-six percent (26%) of repeat visitors said they first came to Laughlin primarily for vacation or pleasure – a significant decrease from 50% in 2008, 48% in 2009, 61% in 2010, and 45% in 2011 (Figure 6). Forty-two percent (42%) said they first came to Laughlin to visit friends or family, up from 9% in 2008, 19% in 2009, 16% in 2010, and 20% last year. Ten percent (10%) said they first came to Laughlin for gambling – down significantly from 31% in 2008, 20% in 2009, 16% in 2010, and 18% in 2011. Sixteen percent (16%) said they first came to Laughlin because they were just passing through percent (up from 2008-2011).

FIGURE 7
Primary Purpose Of Current Visit
(Among Repeat Visitors)



Among repeat visitors, nearly three-quarters (73%, up from 2008-2011 results) said that the primary purpose for their *current* visit to Laughlin was vacation or pleasure (Figure 7). The proportion who said they came to gamble was 20%, down significantly from 51% in 2008, 49% in 2009, 36% in 2010, and 29% in 2011. Five percent (5%) said they came to visit friends or family, down significantly from 10% each in 2008 and 2011, 17% in 2009, and 25% in 2010.

FIGURE 8
Primary Purpose Of Current Visit
(Among All Visitors)



Among *all visitors* in 2012, nearly three-quarters (73%) reported that the primary purpose for their current visit to Laughlin was vacation or pleasure, up significantly from past years (Figure 8). Nineteen percent (19%) of all visitors said gambling was the primary reason for their current visit, down significantly from 2008-2011. Seven percent (7%) said they came to visit friends or relatives, also down from 2008-2011.

FIGURE 9
Primary Purpose Of First Visit Vs. Current Visit — 2012
(Among Repeat Visitors)

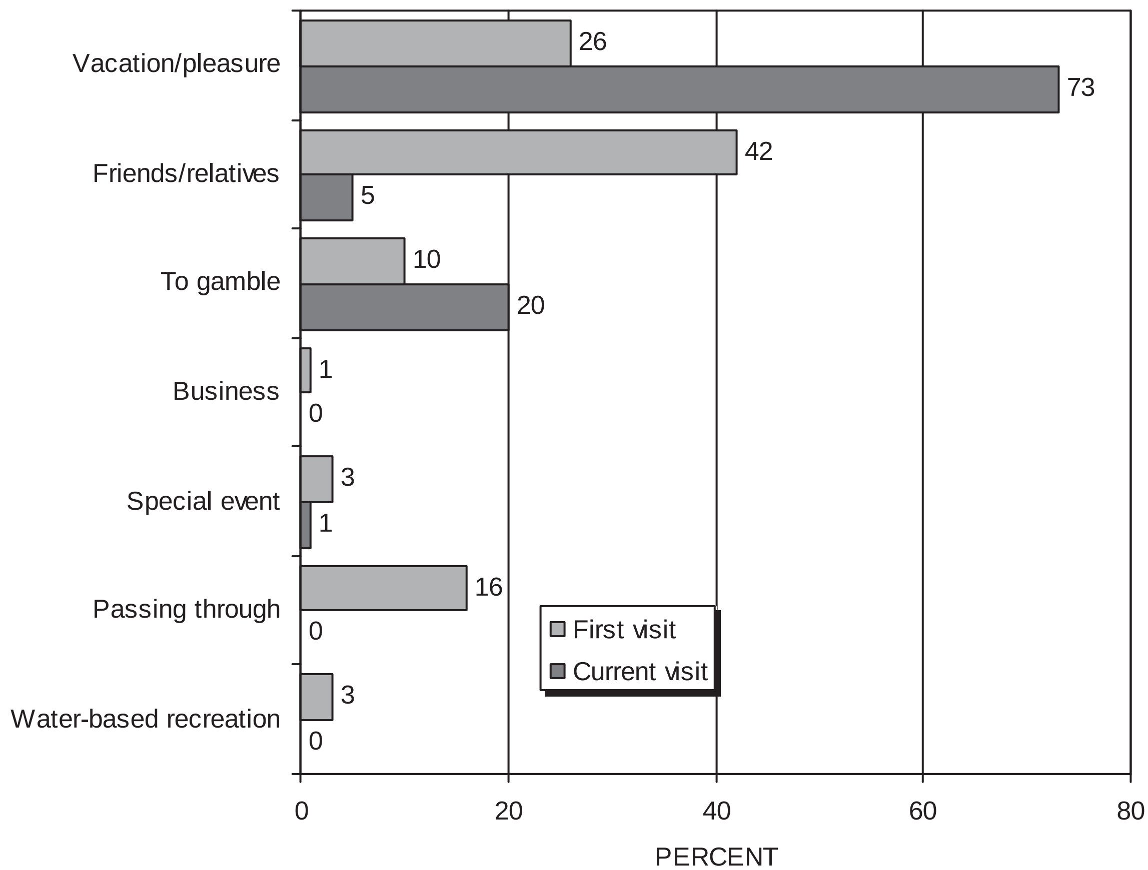


Figure 9 compares the reasons given by *repeat visitors* for their first Laughlin visit versus their current visit in 2012. Twenty-six percent (26%) of repeat visitors said the primary purpose of their first trip to Laughlin was for vacation or a pleasure trip, while 73% said vacation/pleasure was the main reason for their current visit. Ten percent (10%) of repeat visitors said they first visited Laughlin primarily to gamble but 20% said gambling was the primary purpose of their current visit. More than four in ten (42%) repeat visitors said they first visited Laughlin primarily to visit friends or relatives, compared to 5% who said visiting friends or relatives was the primary purpose of their current visit. Sixteen percent (16%) of repeat visitors said they were just passing through Laughlin the first time they visited, compared to less than 1% who said they were just passing through on their current visit.

FIGURE 10
Primary Purpose Of Current Visit — 2012
(First-Time Vs. Repeat Visitors)

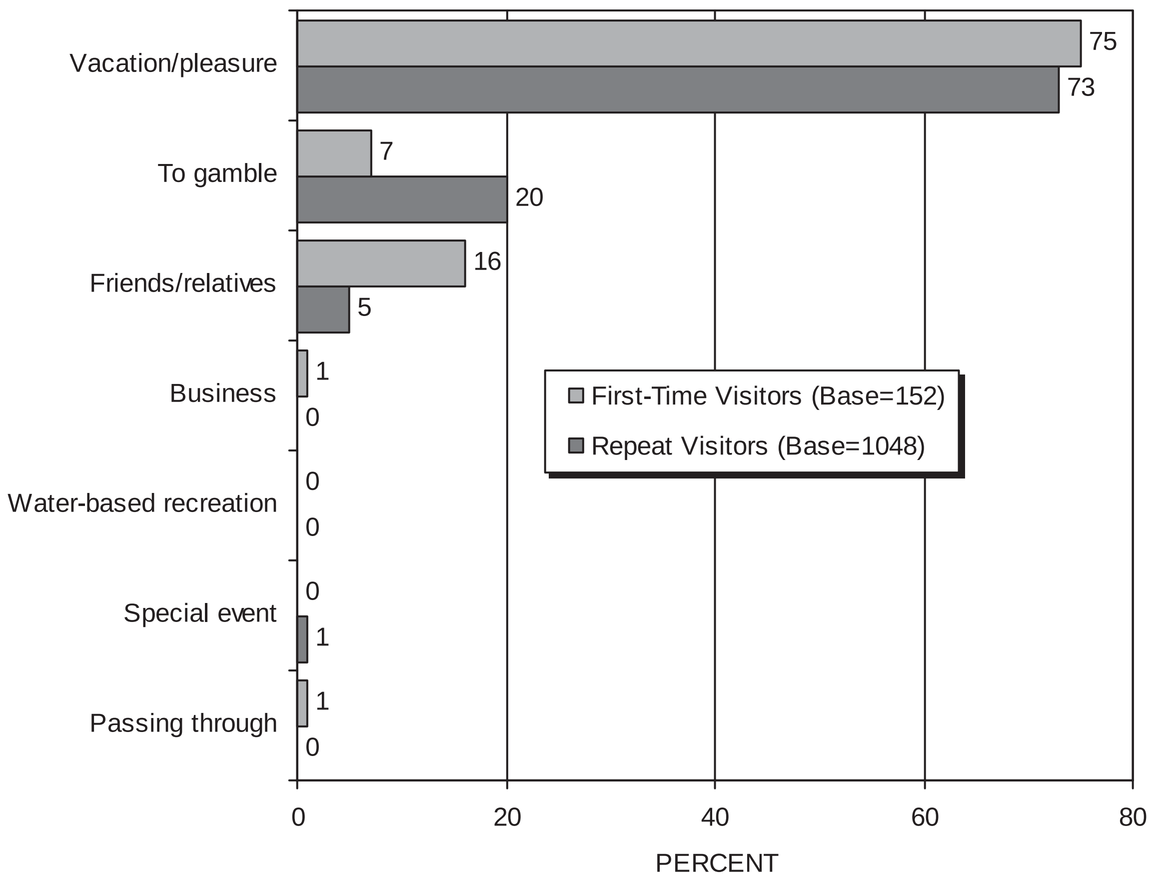
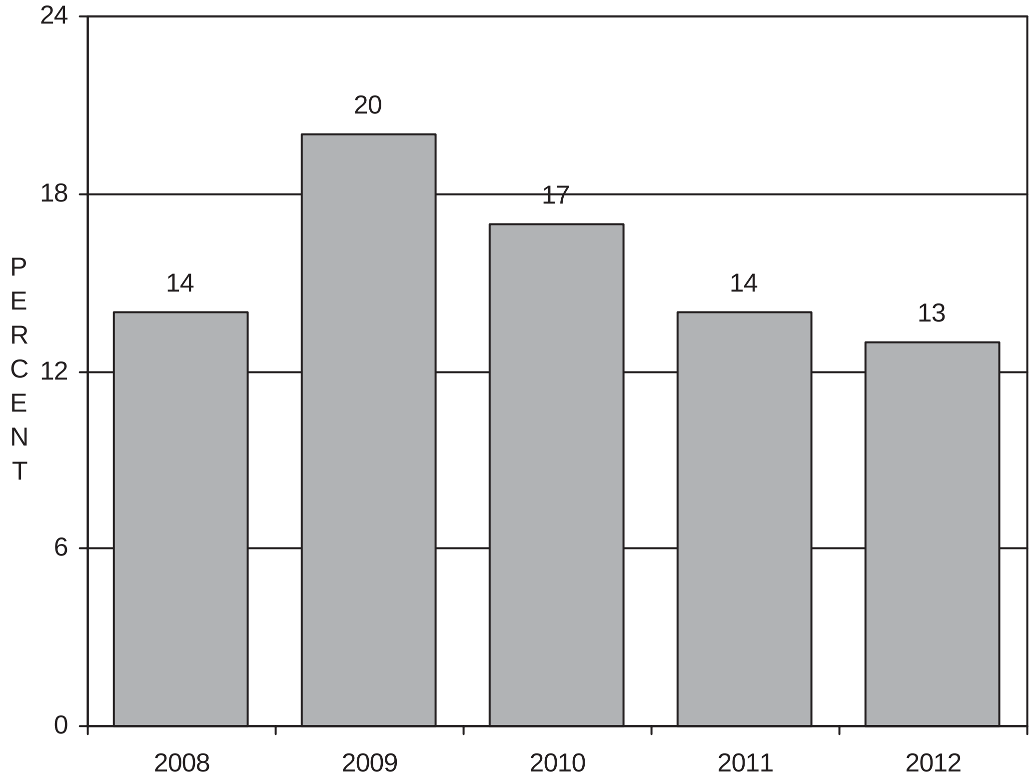


Figure 10 compares *first-time visitors* with *repeat visitors* in terms of purpose of their *current* visit to Laughlin in 2012. First-time visitors were significantly more likely than repeat visitors to say their current visit to Laughlin was to visit friends or relatives (16% vs. 5%). By contrast, repeat visitors were significantly more likely than first-time visitors to say they were visiting Laughlin primarily to gamble (20% vs. 7%).

FIGURE 11
Gaming Tournaments*



We inquired directly about participation in gaming tournaments in Laughlin (Figure 11). In 2012, 13% said they planned to participate in a gaming tournament, down significantly from 20% in 2009 and 17% in 2010.

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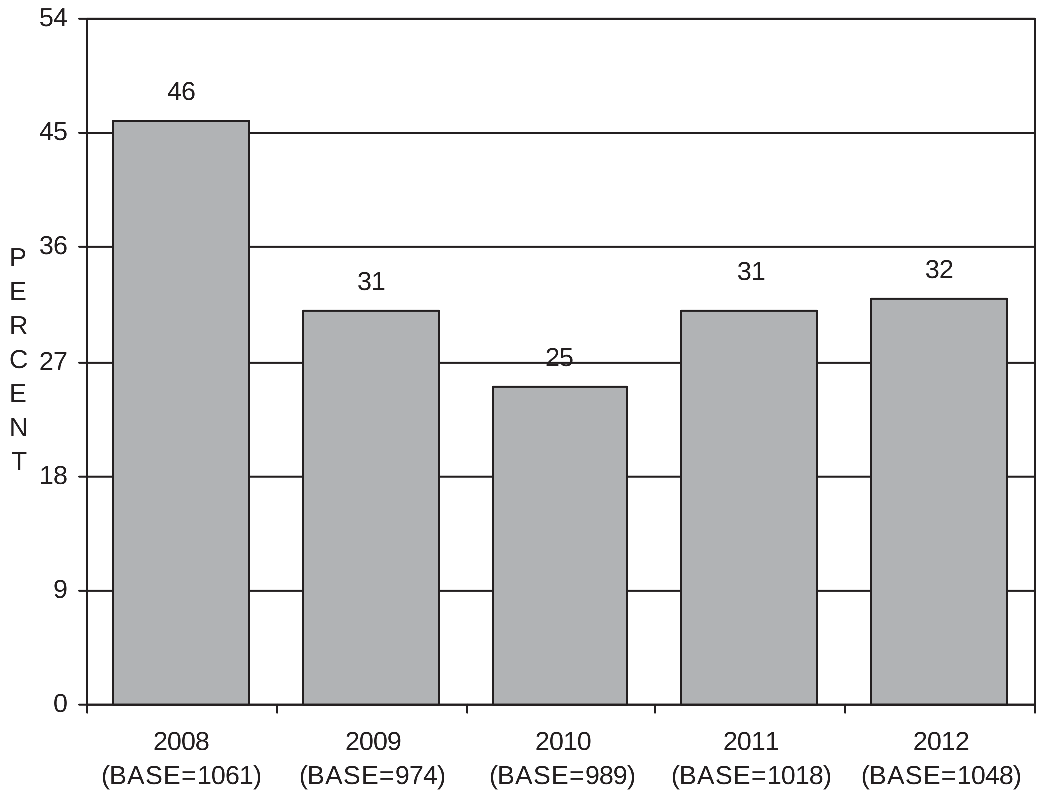
* Only "yes" responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 12
Visited Laughlin In The Past For A Special Event*
(Among Repeat Visitors)



We asked repeat visitors whether they had visited Laughlin in the past to attend a special event such as Desert Challenge, a rodeo, a car or motorcycle rally, or an outdoor concert (Figure 12). Thirty-two percent (32%) said they had, significantly lower than in 2008 (46%) but up from 25% in 2010.

* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

TRAVEL PLANNING

Travel planning varied broadly — from same-day planning to travel plans made more than 90 days in advance (Figure 13). Just under one-half (48%) of visitors planned their Laughlin trip seven to 30 days in advance, down significantly from 61% in 2008, 59% in 2009, and 54% in 2010. Fifteen percent (15%) said they planned their trip 31 to 60 days in advance (down from 20% in 2010), while 10% said they planned their trip 61-90 days in advance (up from 5% in 2008 and 7% in 2009, but down from 14% in 2011), and 13% planned their trip more than 90 days in advance (up from 2008-2011). Three percent (3%) said they planned their trip on the same day they traveled to Laughlin, down from 5% in 2009 and 6% in 2010.

FIGURE 13
Advance Travel Planning

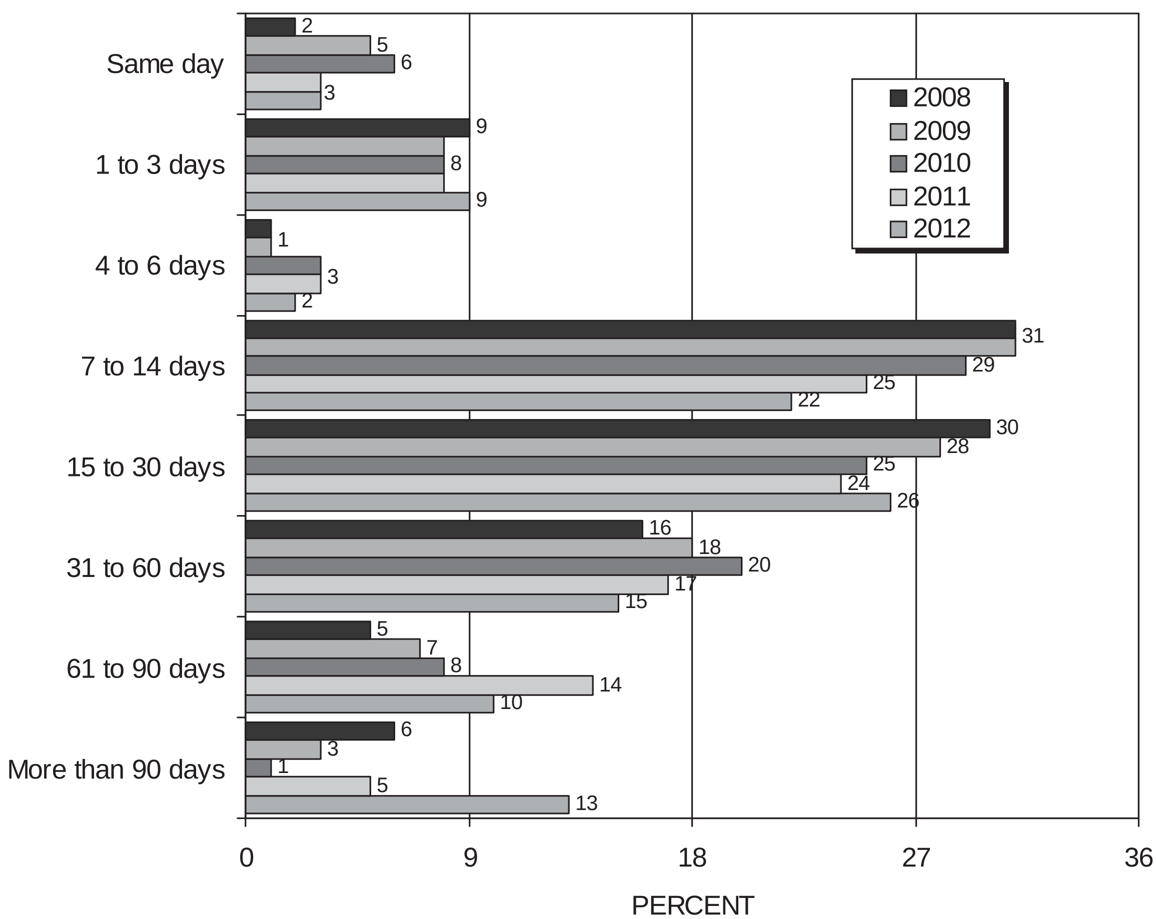
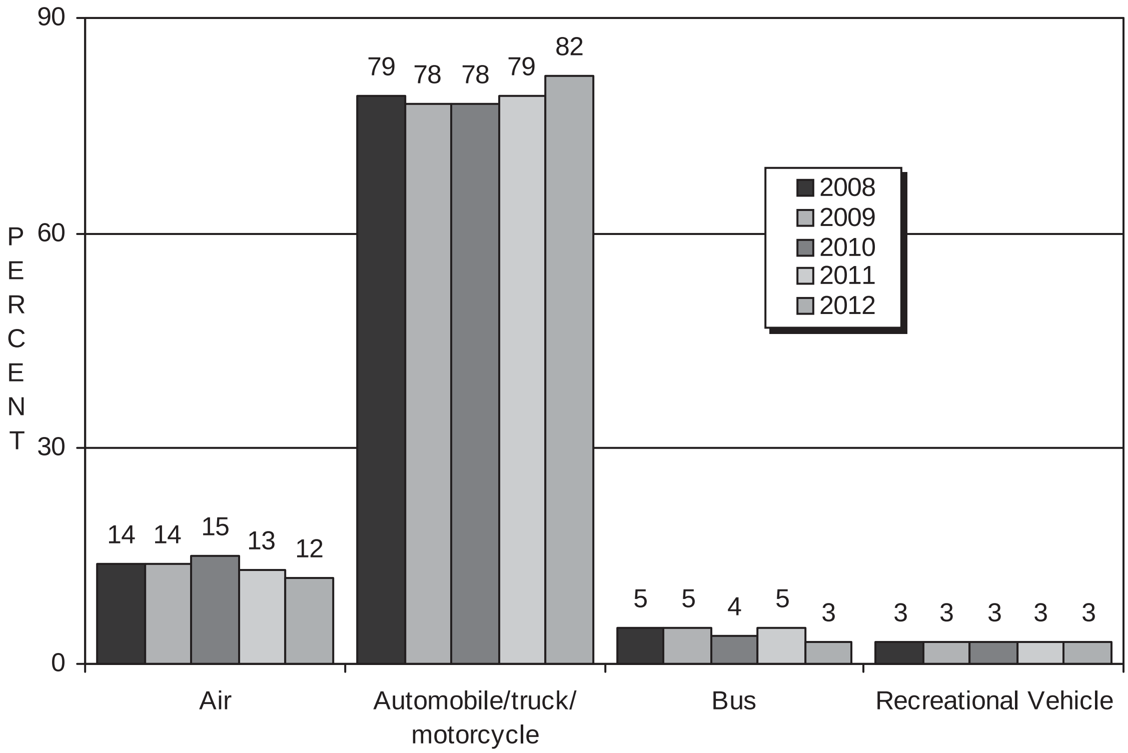
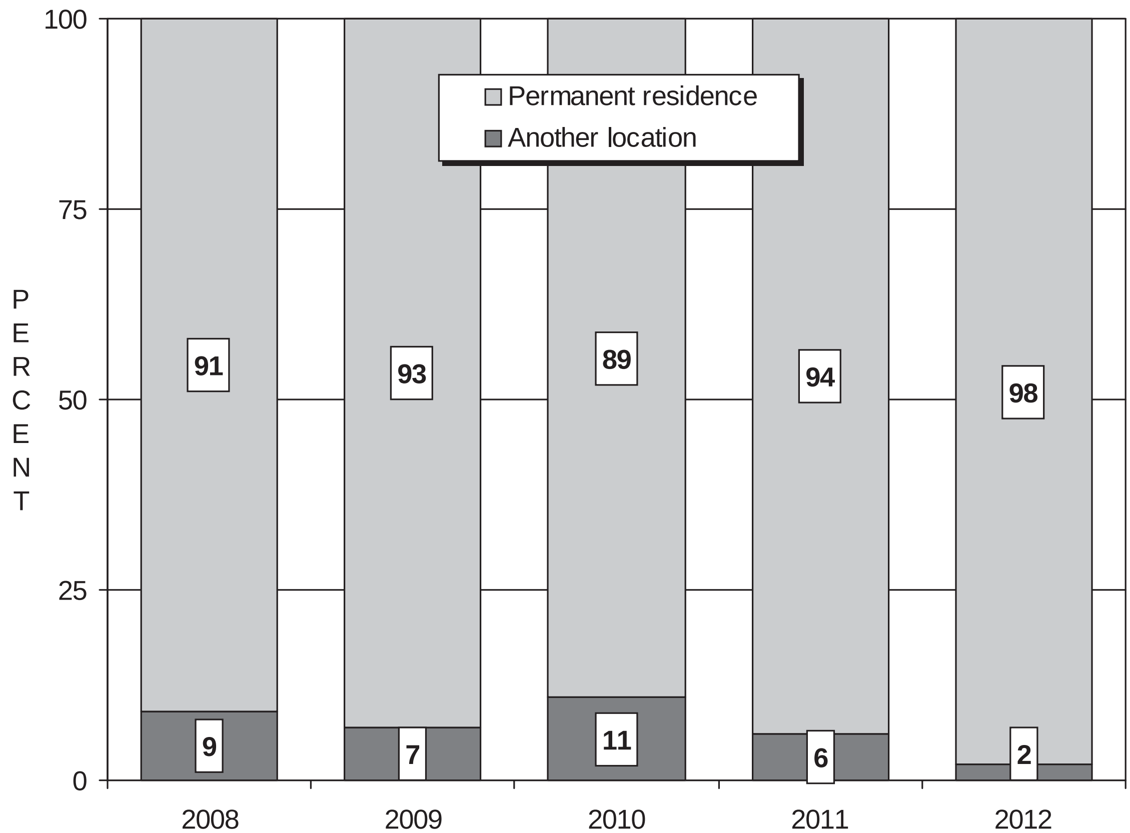


FIGURE 14
Transportation To Laughlin



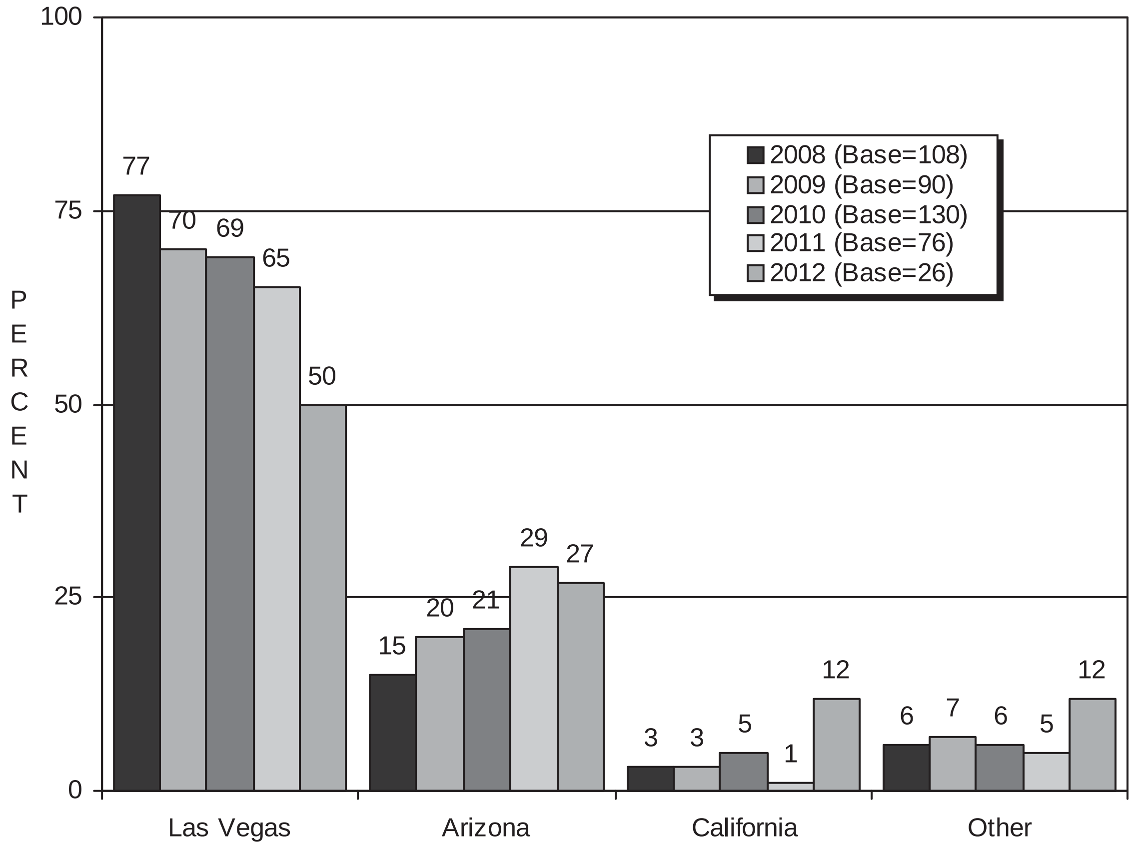
As in past years, most visitors traveled to Laughlin by automobile, truck, or motorcycle (82%, up significantly from 78% in both 2009 and 2010) (Figure 14). Three percent (3%) traveled by bus (down from 5% last year), 12% said they came by air (down from 15% in 2010), and 3% came in an RV.

FIGURE 15
Whether Visitors Came To Laughlin From Their
Permanent Residence Or From Some Other Location



In 2012, the vast majority of visitors arrived in Laughlin directly from their permanent residences (98%, up significantly from 2008-2011) (Figure 15).

FIGURE 16
Where Visitors Came From*
(Among Those Who Did Not Come To Laughlin
Directly From Their Permanent Residence)



Among those who came to Laughlin after visiting another location (Figure 16), one-half (50%) came from Las Vegas. One-quarter (27%) came from Arizona, while 12% came from California and another 12% from elsewhere.

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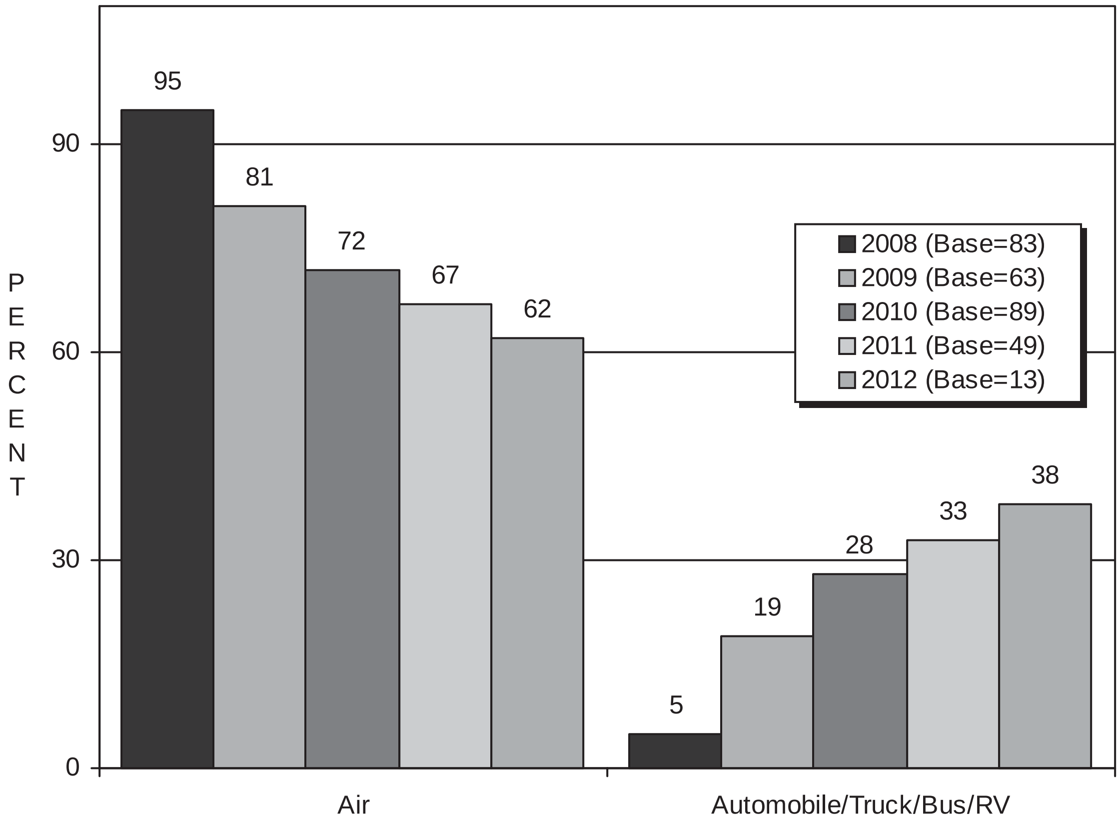
* The base size in 2012 is too small to allow reliable statistical comparisons with other years.

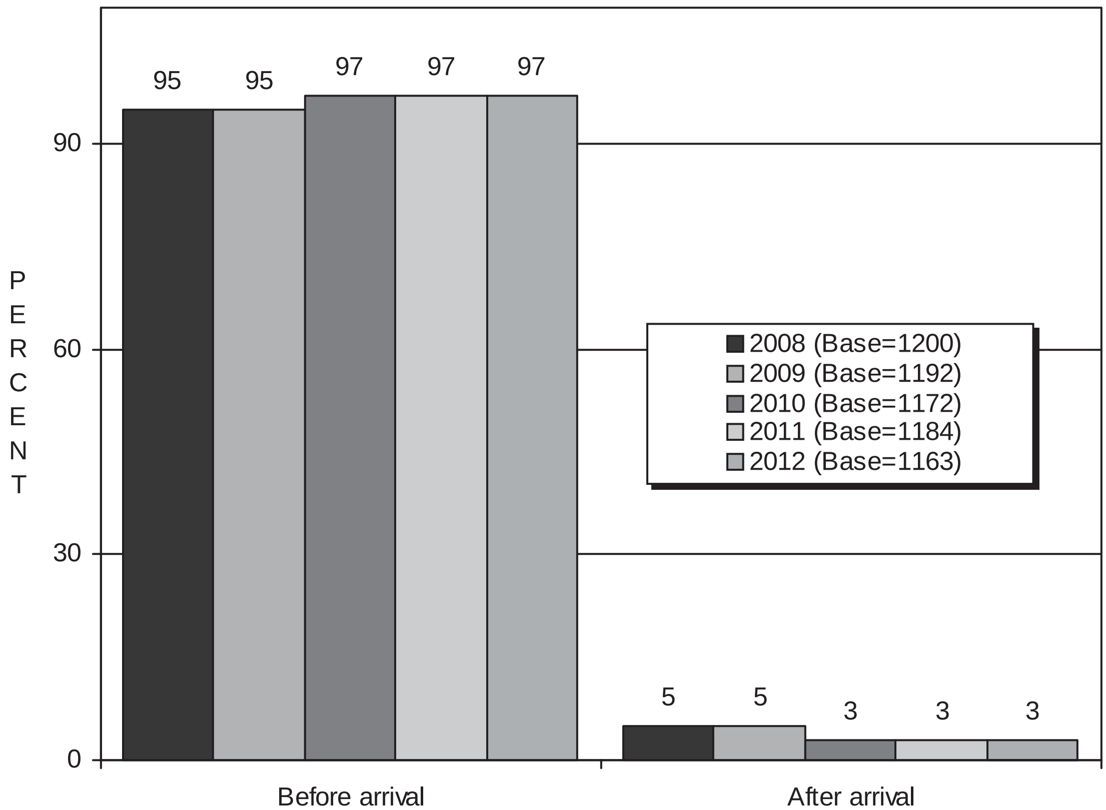
FIGURE 17
Transportation To Las Vegas*
(Among Those Who Traveled To Laughlin From Las Vegas)



We asked visitors who came to Laughlin from Las Vegas how they had traveled to Las Vegas (Figure 17). Of these 13 visitors, eight of them (62%) said they arrived by air, and the other five (38%) arrived by ground transportation.

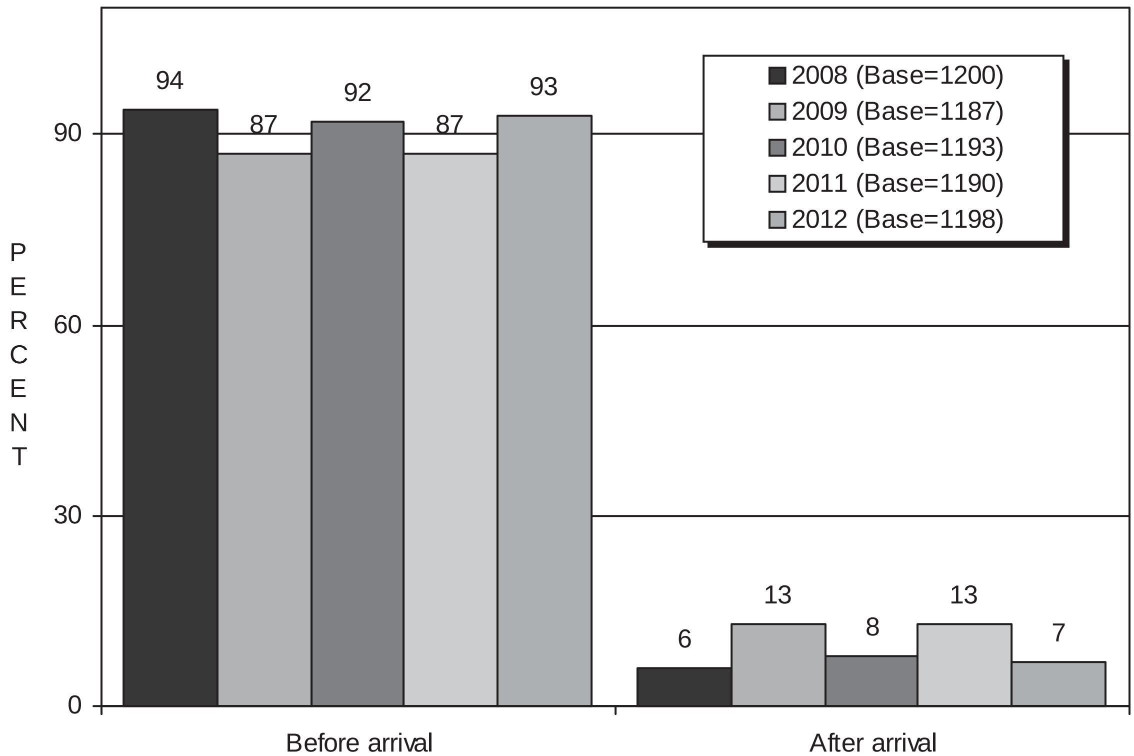
* The base size in 2012 is too small to allow reliable statistical comparisons with other years.

FIGURE 18
When Decided Where To Stay
(Among Those Who Stayed Overnight)



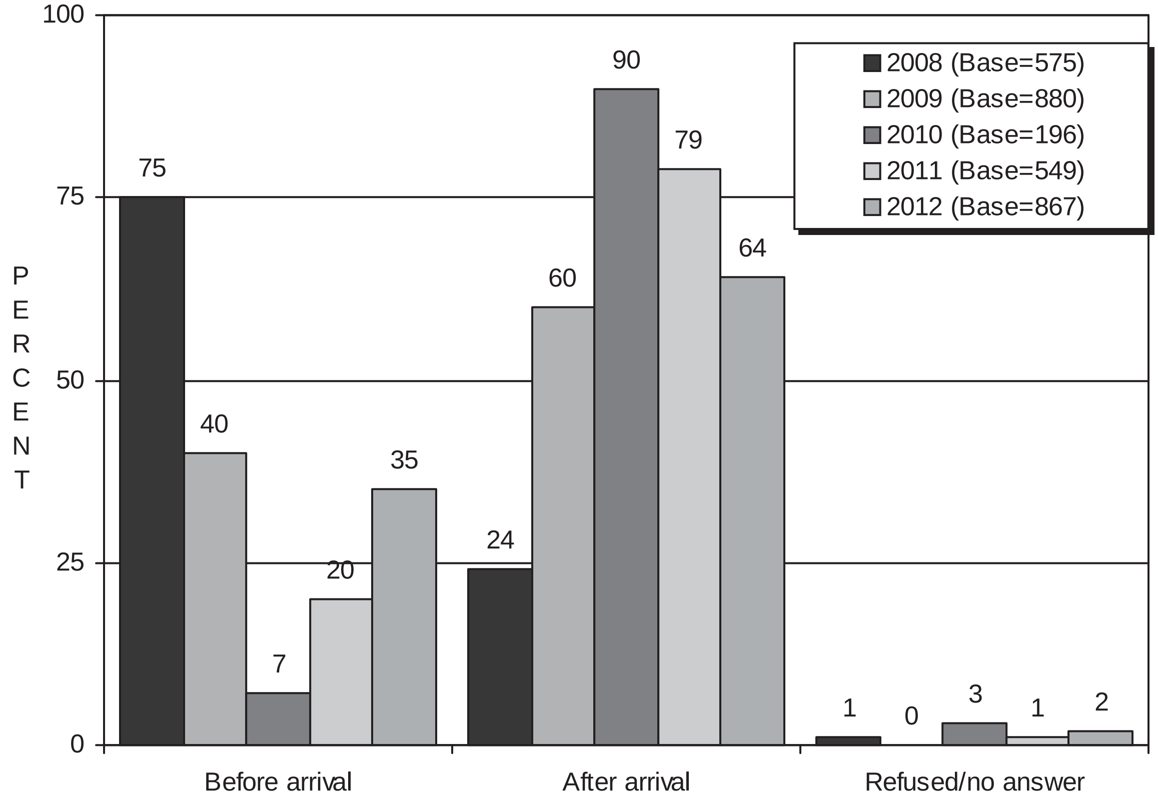
In 2012, most visitors decided where to stay in Laughlin prior to their visits (97%, up from 95% in 2008 and 2009), while 3% decided after arrival (the same as last year, but down from down from 5% in 2008 and 2009) (Figure 18).

FIGURE 19
When Decided Where To Gamble
(Among Those Who Gambled)



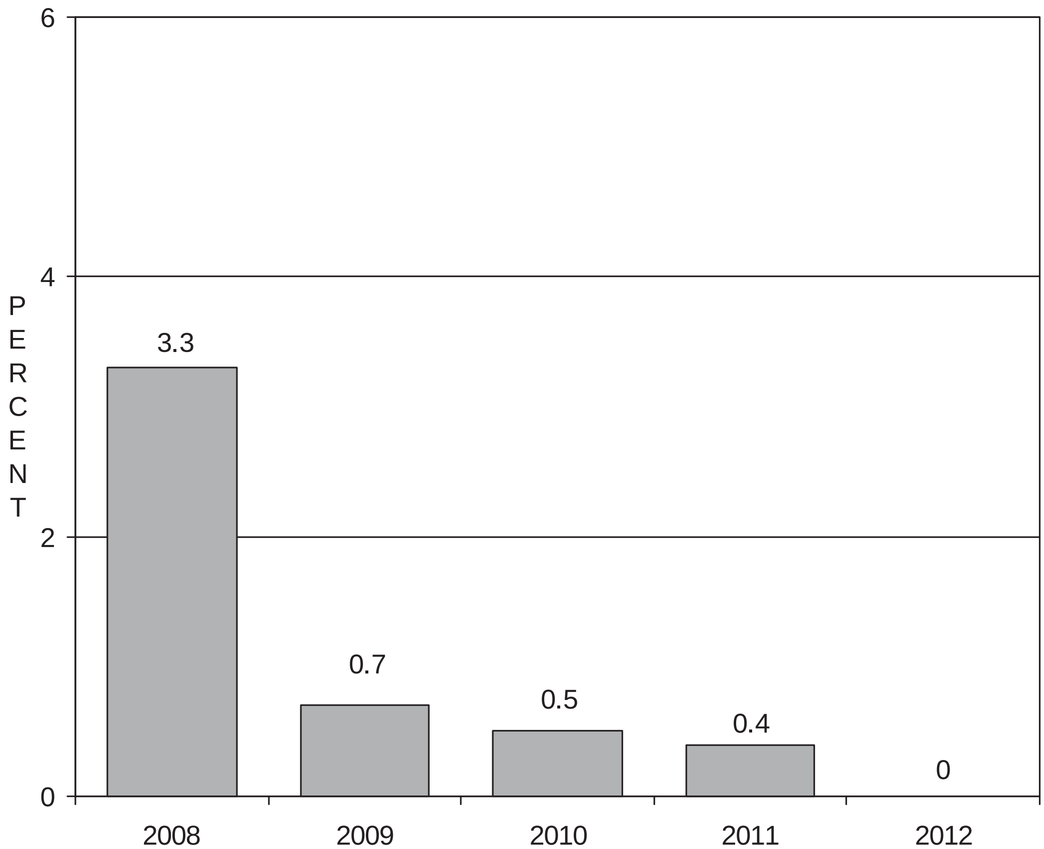
Ninety-three percent (93%) of visitors who gambled during their visit said they made their decision about where to gamble before they arrived in Laughlin (Figure 19), up significantly from 87% each in 2009 and 2011. Seven percent (7%) reported making their decision about where to gamble after they arrived in Laughlin, down from 13% each in 2009 and 2011.

FIGURE 20
When Decided Which Shows To See
(Among Those Who Saw Shows)



Among visitors who reported going to see a show, 64% said they decided what shows to see after arriving in Laughlin, up significantly from 24% in 2008 but down from 90% in 2010 and 79% in 2011 (Figure 20). Thirty-five percent (35%) said they decided what shows to see before their arrival, down from 75% in 2008 and 40% in 2009 but up from 7% in 2010 and 20% last year.

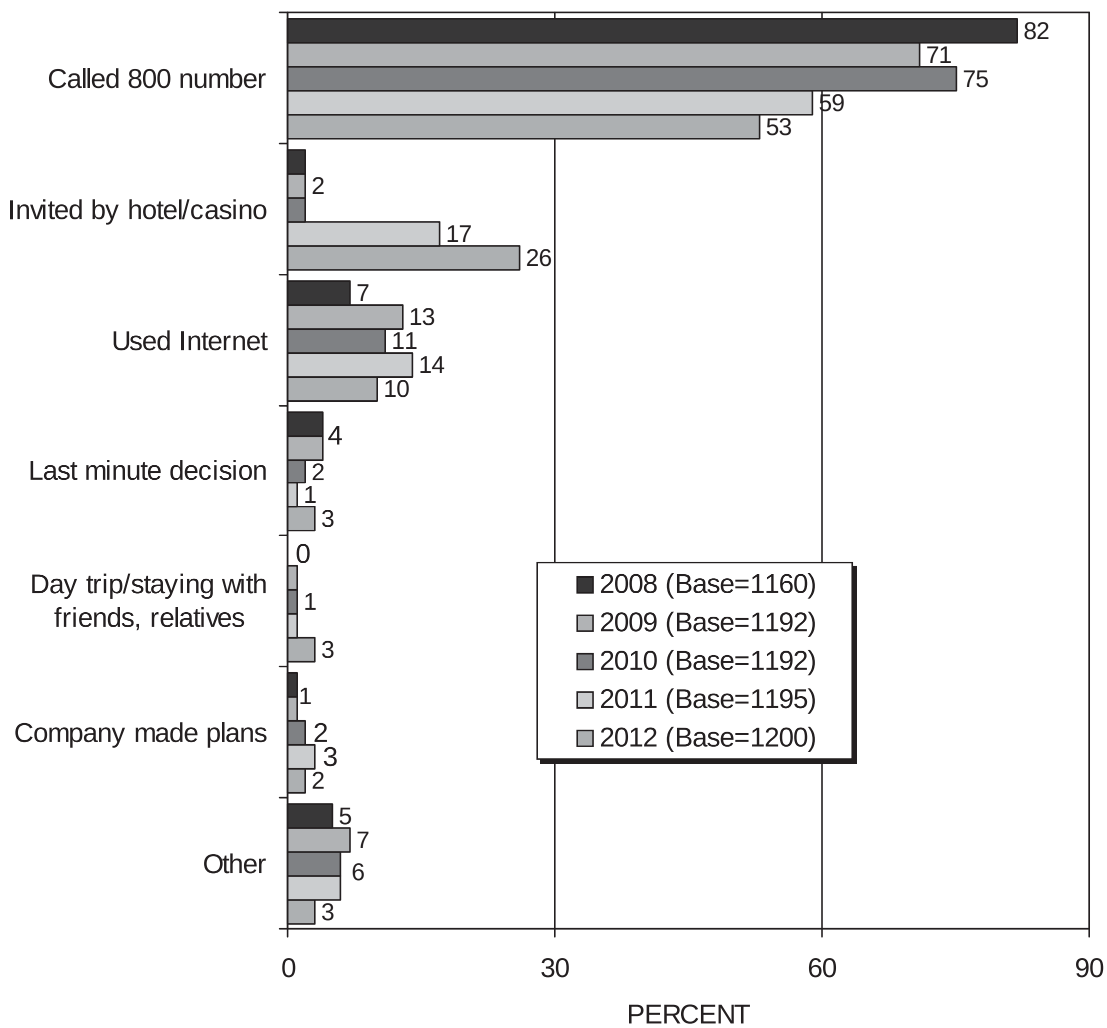
FIGURE 21
Travel Agent Assistance*
(Among All Visitors)



In 2012, no Laughlin visitors said they were assisted in their travel planning by a travel agent (Figure 21).

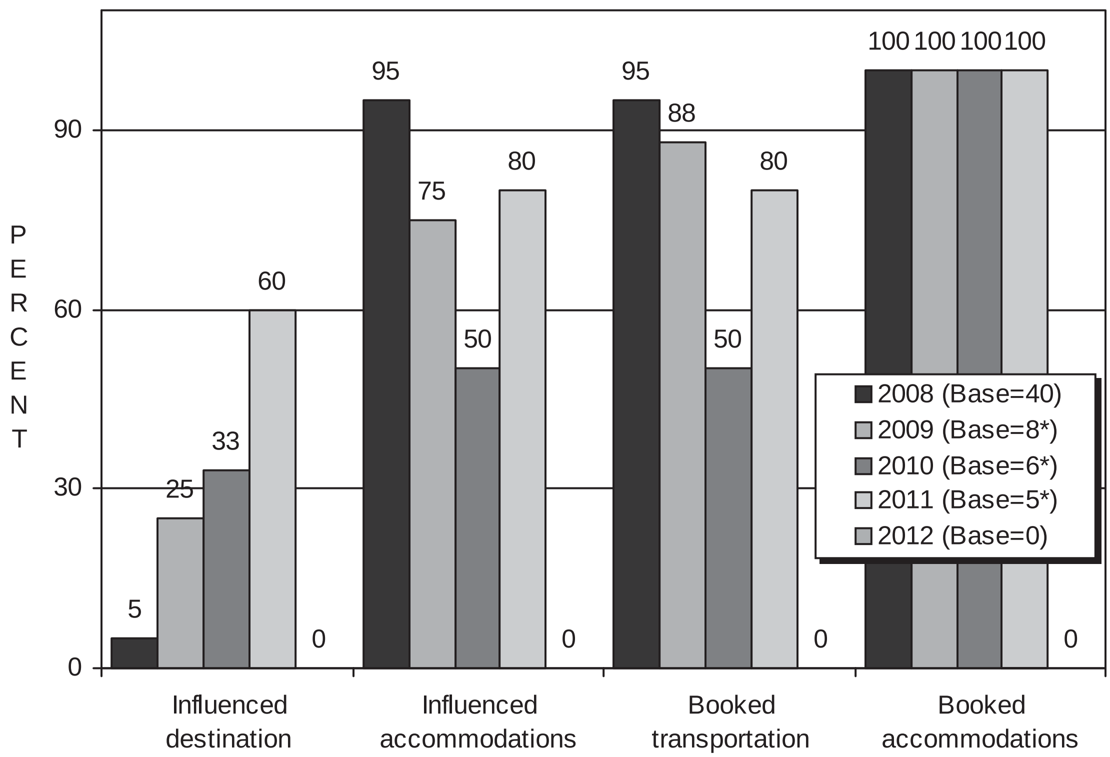
* Only "yes" responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 22
Main Reason For Not Using A Travel Agent
(Among Those Not Using Travel Agent)



Visitors were asked to indicate the primary reason why they did not use a travel agent to help with their travel arrangements (Figure 22). Fifty-three percent (53%) said it was because they used an 800 number, down from 82% in 2008, 71% in 2009, 75% in 2010, and 59% last year. One in four (26%) visitors said they got an invitation from a hotel/casino, up from prior readings. Ten percent (10%) said they used the Internet to make their travel arrangements, up from 7% in 2008 but down from 13% in 2009 and 14% last year. Three percent (3%) said it was because it was a daytrip or they were staying with friends or relatives (up from past readings), while another 3% said it was a last minute decision (up from 1% last year).

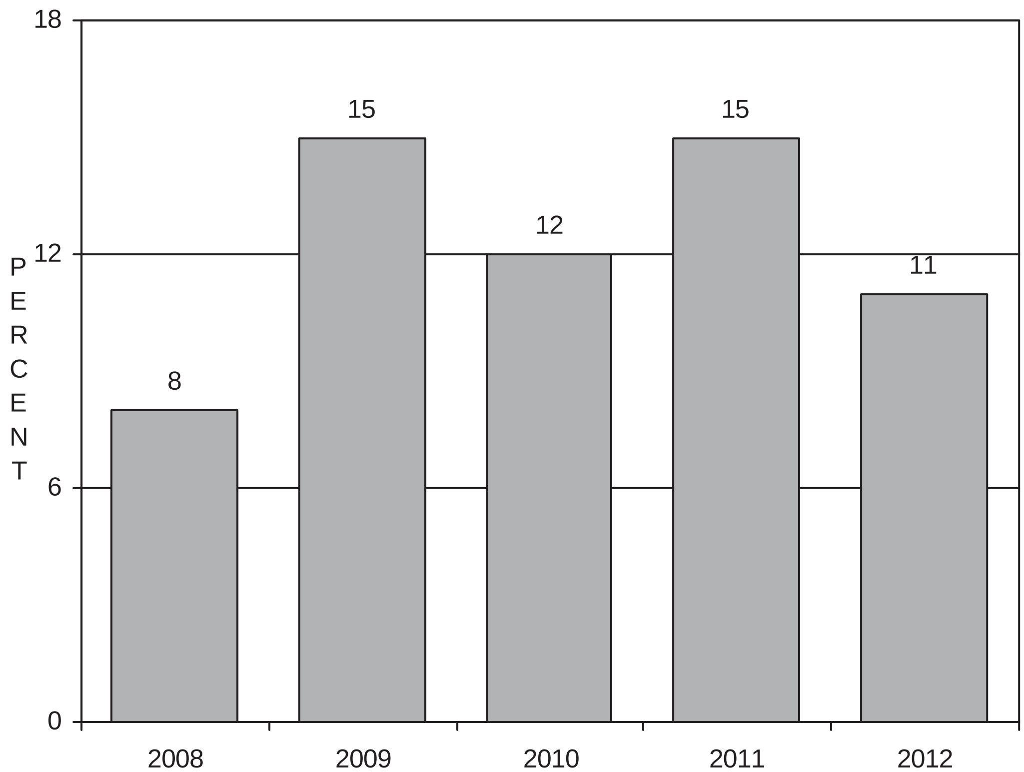
FIGURE 23
Travel Agent Influence And Use*
(Among Those Who Used A Travel Agent)



Because no Laughlin visitors reported using a travel agent in 2012, no respondents were asked questions about how a travel agent helped them book their accommodations or transportation, or influenced their choice of accommodations or decision to visit Laughlin (Figure 23).

* Base sizes in 2009, 2010, and 2011 are too small to allow reliable statistical comparisons with other years.

FIGURE 24
Whether Used Internet To Plan Trip*



Eleven percent (11%) of visitors said they used the Internet to plan their trip to Laughlin in 2012, up significantly from 8% in 2008 but down from 15% each in 2009 and 2011 (Figure 24).

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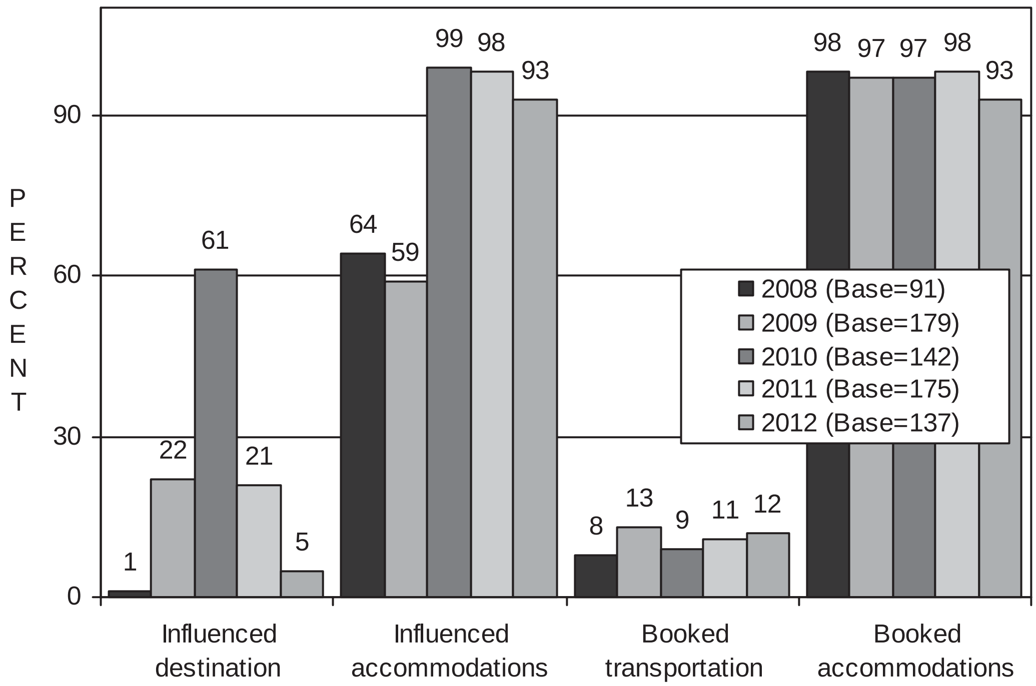
* Only “yes” responses are shown in this figure.

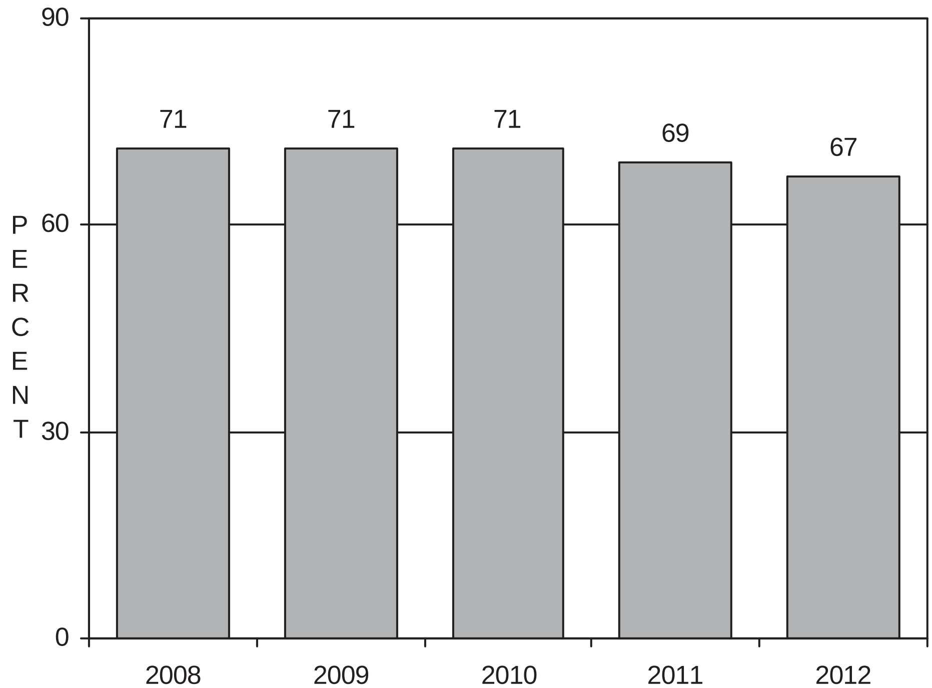
FIGURE 25
Internet Influence And Use*
(Among Those Who Used Internet To Plan Trip)



Among visitors who used the Internet to plan their trip, almost all of them booked their accommodations online (93%, down from 98% last year) (Figure 25). Virtually all of them (93%) also said the Internet influenced their choice of accommodations (up significantly from 64% in 2008 and 59% in 2009 but down from 99% in 2010 and 98% in 2011). Five percent (5%) also said the Internet influenced their decision to visit Laughlin, down from 22% in 2009, 61% in 2010, and 21% last year. Twelve percent (12%) said they booked transportation to Laughlin online, not significantly different from past years.

* Only “yes” responses are shown in this figure.

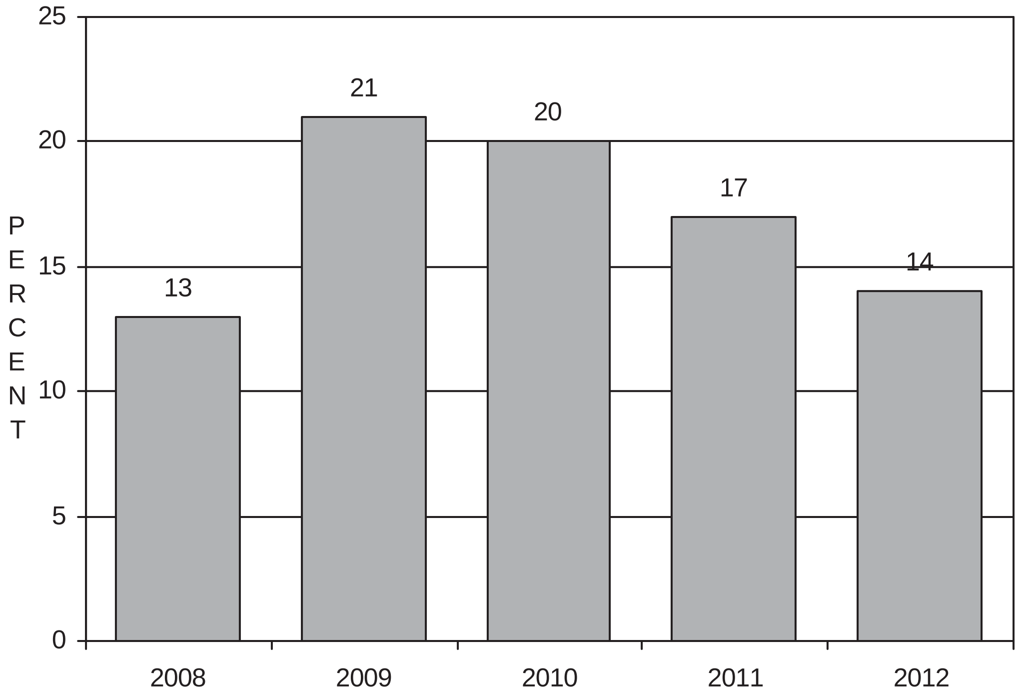
FIGURE 26
Whether Visited Las Vegas During Past Five Years*



Sixty-seven percent (67%) of Laughlin visitors said they have visited Las Vegas in the past five years, down significantly from 71% each in 2008 – 2010 (Figure 26).

* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

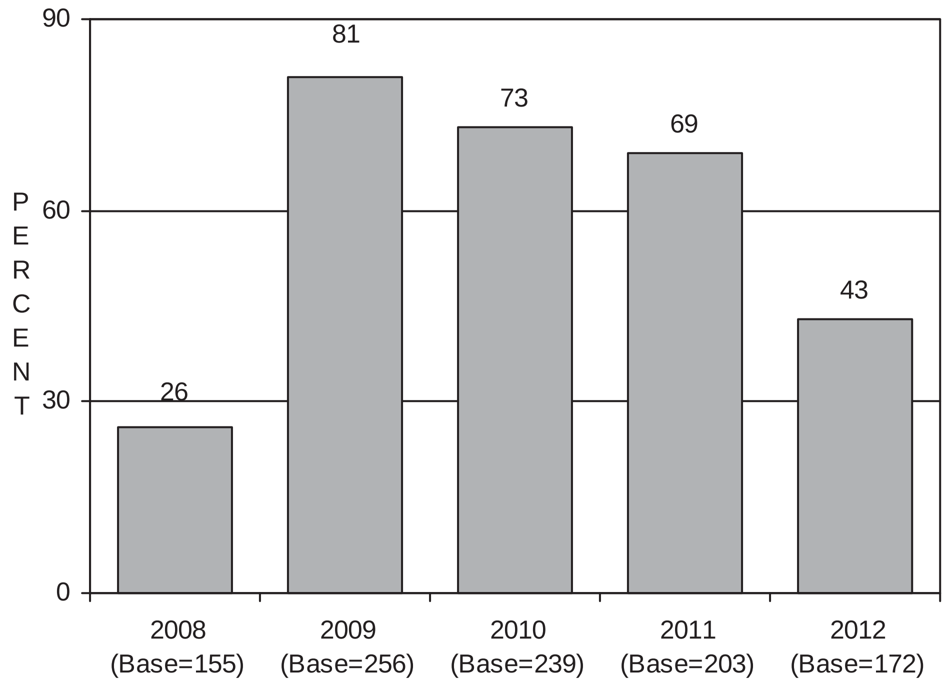
FIGURE 27
Visiting Las Vegas
On This Trip To Laughlin*



Fourteen percent (14%) of Laughlin visitors said they had visited or were planning to visit Las Vegas on this trip, down from 21% in 2009 and 20% in 2010 (Figure 27).

* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 28
Visiting Downtown Las Vegas*
(Among Those Who Visited Or Plan To Visit Las Vegas)



Among Laughlin visitors who visited or were planning to visit Las Vegas on this trip, 43% said they had visited or intended to visit Downtown, up from 26% in 2008 but down from 81% in 2009, 73% in 2010, and 69% in 2011 (Figure 28).

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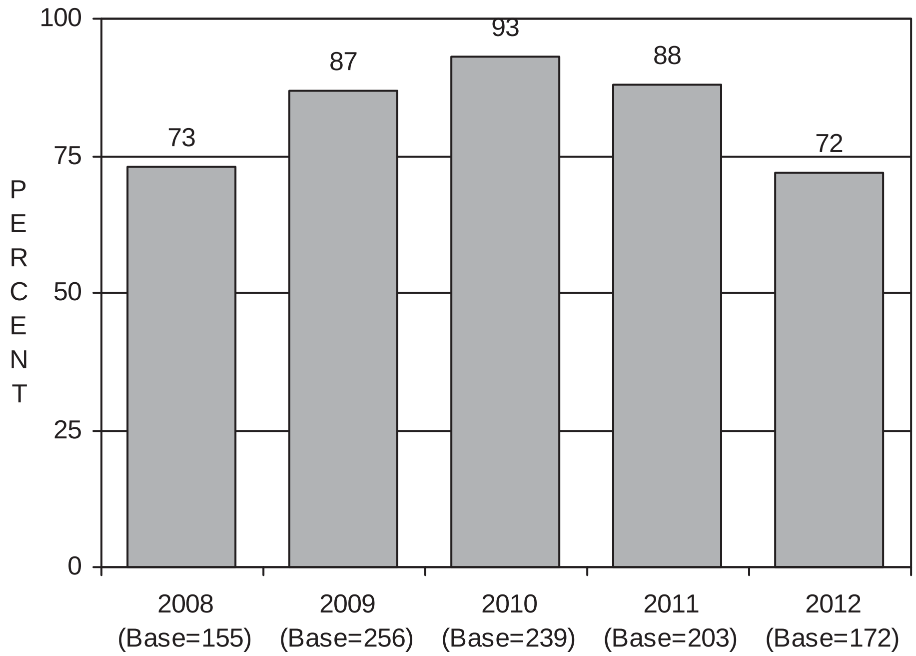
* Only "yes" responses are reported in this chart.

Beginning in 2009, this question was refined to address better the accuracy of survey responses. GLS Research believes that the 2009-2012 results more accurately reflect the Laughlin visitor.

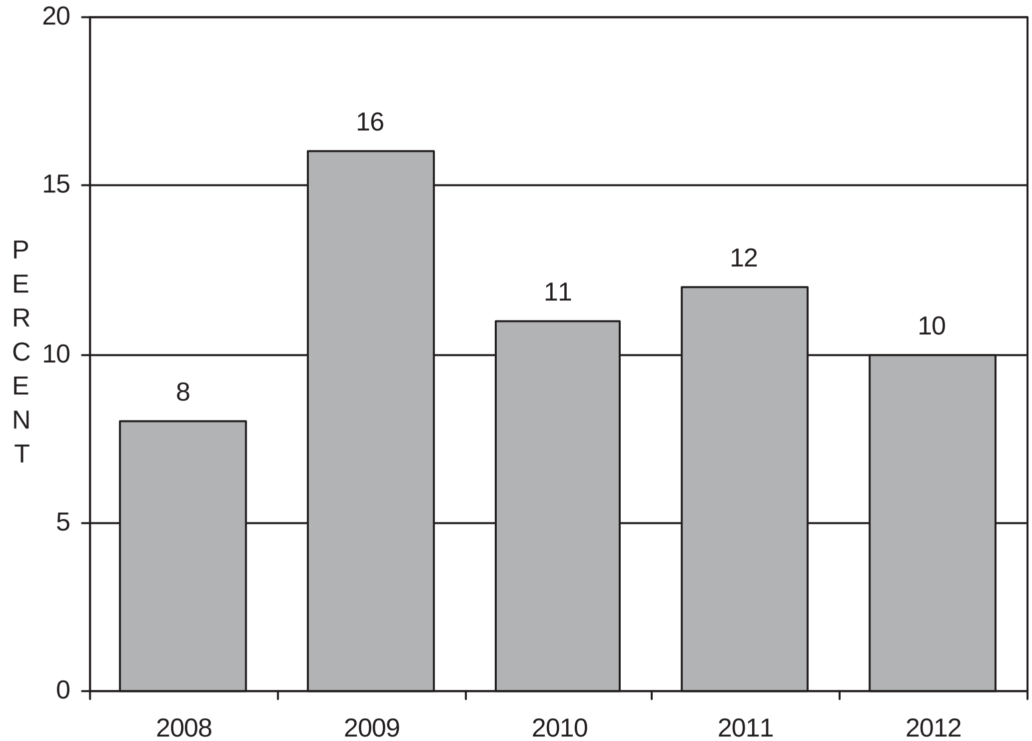
FIGURE 29
Visiting The Las Vegas Strip*
(Among Those Who Visited Or Plan To Visit Las Vegas)



Among those who visited or planned to visit Las Vegas on this trip to Laughlin, 72% said they intended to visit the Strip, down significantly from 87% in 2009, 93% in 2010, and 88% in 2011 (Figure 29).

* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

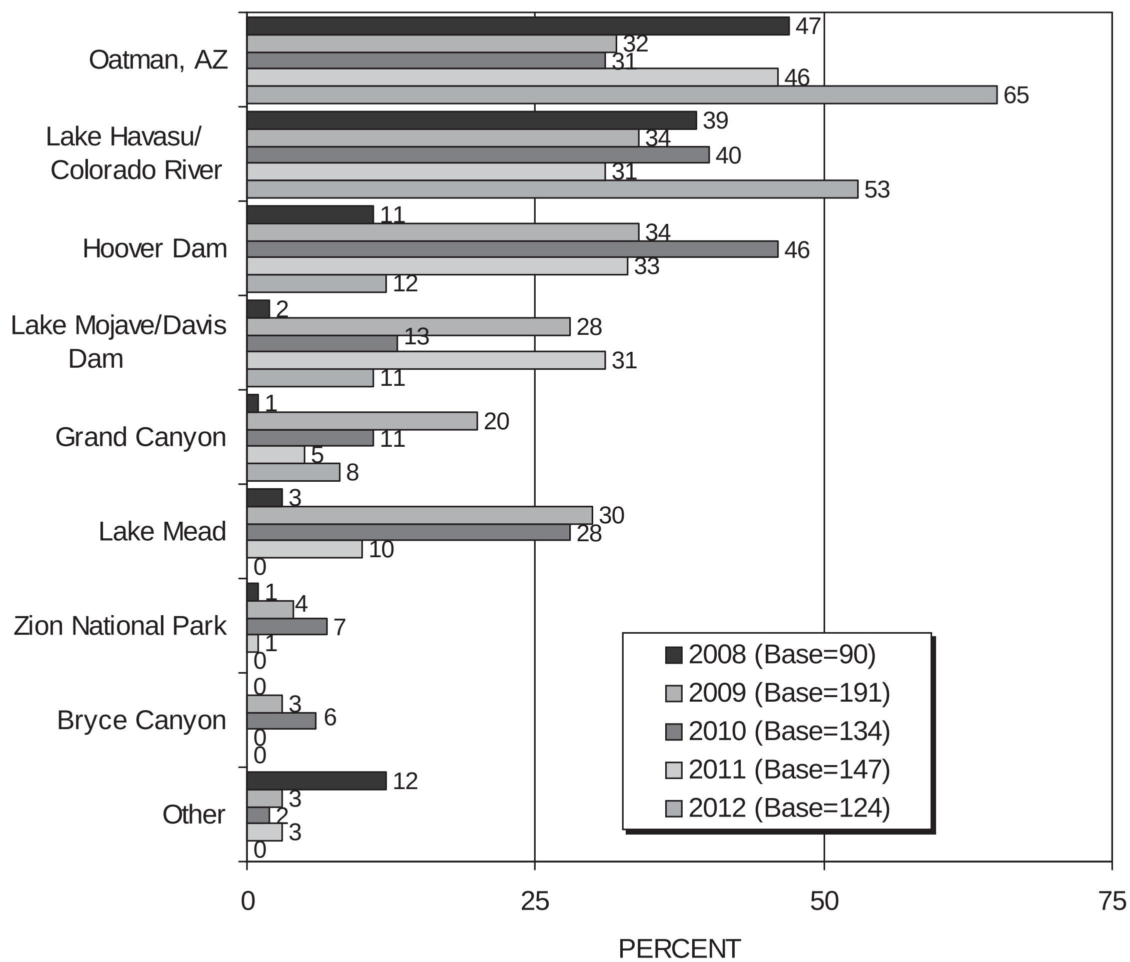
FIGURE 30
Touring Other Nearby Places*
(Among All Visitors)



We asked visitors if they had visited, or planned to visit, other nearby areas besides Las Vegas (Figure 30) and 10% said yes, down significantly from 16% in 2009 but up from 8% in 2008.

* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 31
Other Nearby Places Visited*
(Among Those Who Visited Nearby Places)



Laughlin visitors who said they visited nearby places (Figure 31) were most likely to have visited Oatman (65%, up from 2008 – 2011), and the Lake Havasu/Colorado River area (53%, also up from 2008 – 2011). Twelve percent (12%) visited Hoover Dam (down from 34% in 2009, 46% in 2010, and 33% in 2011), while 11% visited the Lake Mojave/Davis Dam area (up from 2% in 2008 but down from 28% in 2009 and 31% last year), and 8% went to the Grand Canyon, up from 1% in 2008 but down from 20% in 2009.

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* Multiple responses were permitted to this question.

TRIP CHARACTERISTICS AND EXPENDITURES

We asked visitors how many adults (21 years old or older) including themselves were in their immediate party (Figure 32). Eighty-four percent (84%) reported two adults in their party, up from 78% in 2008 and 68% in 2009. Nine percent (9%) said they were traveling alone, a significant increase from 7% each in 2008 and 2009. Seven percent (7%) said they were traveling in a party of three or more people, down from 15% in 2008 and 24% in 2009. The average party size in 2012 was 2.0 persons, down significantly from 2.3 in 2008 and 2.5 in 2009 but up significantly from 1.9 in 2010.

FIGURE 32
Adults In Immediate Party

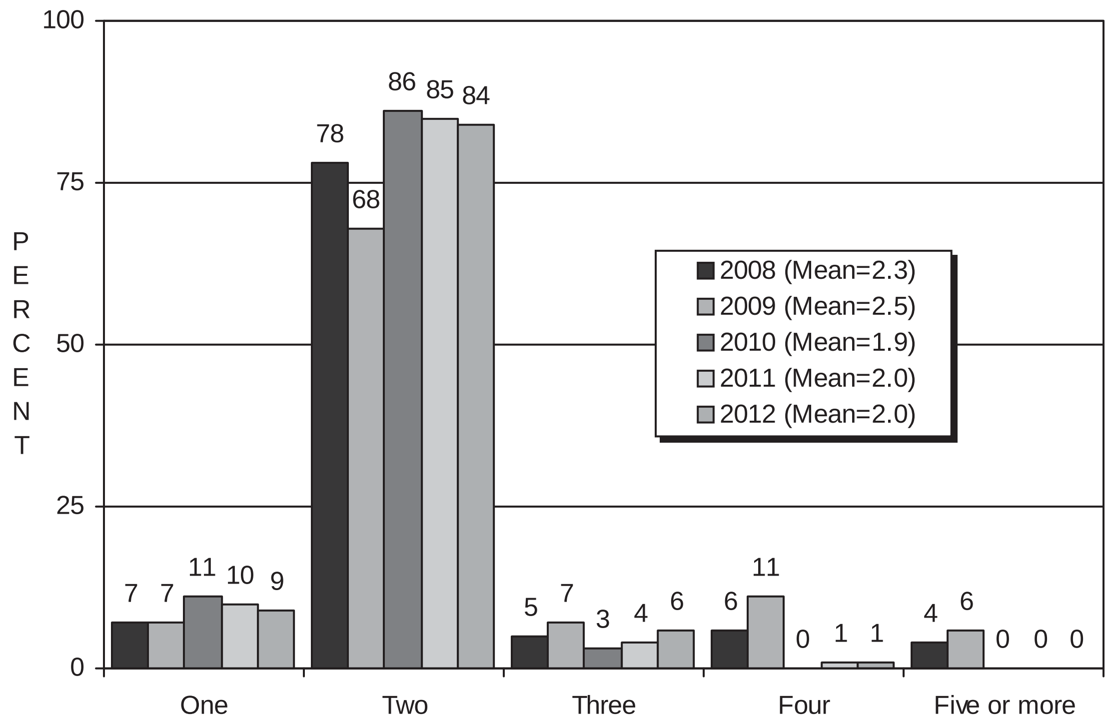
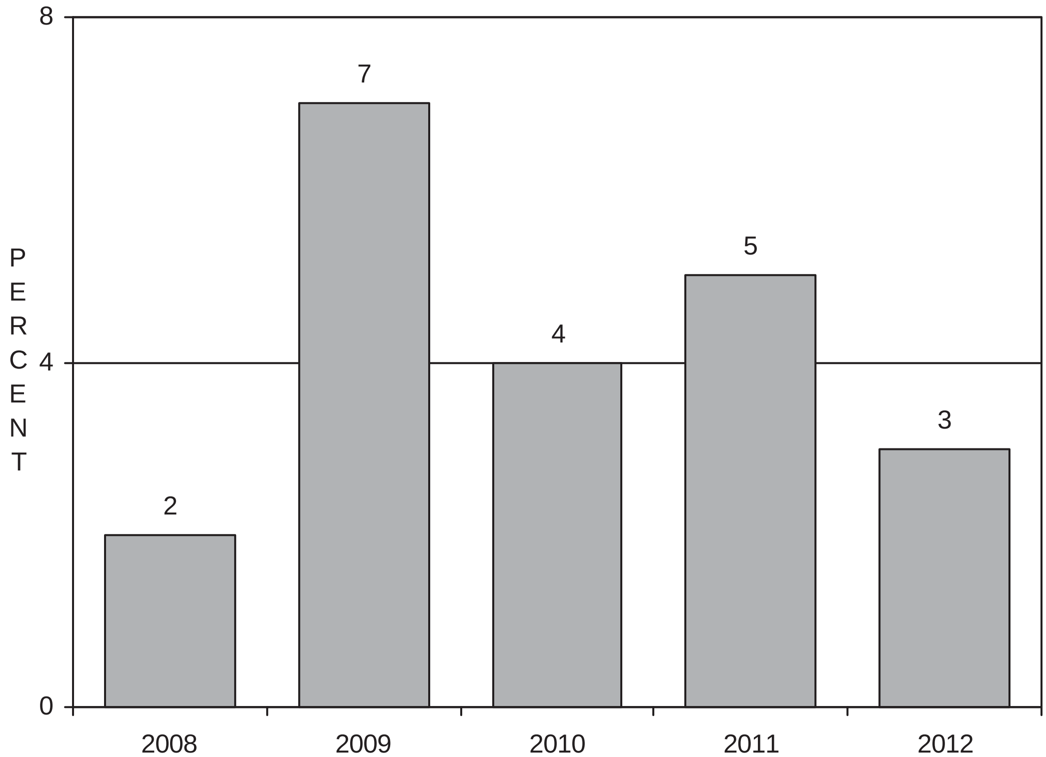


FIGURE 33
Whether Had Persons In Immediate Party Under Age 21*
(Among All Visitors)



We asked visitors whether they had any people under the age of 21 traveling with them in their immediate party (Figure 33). Three percent (3%) said their party included someone under the age of 21, down significantly from 7% in 2009, 4% in 2010, and 5% last year.

* Only "yes" responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 34
Nights Stayed

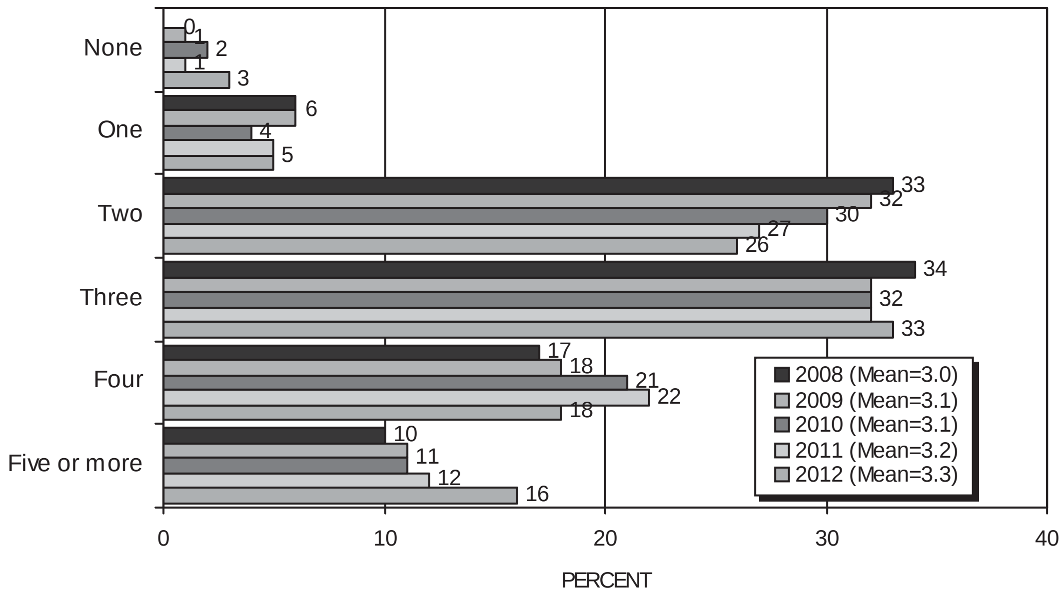
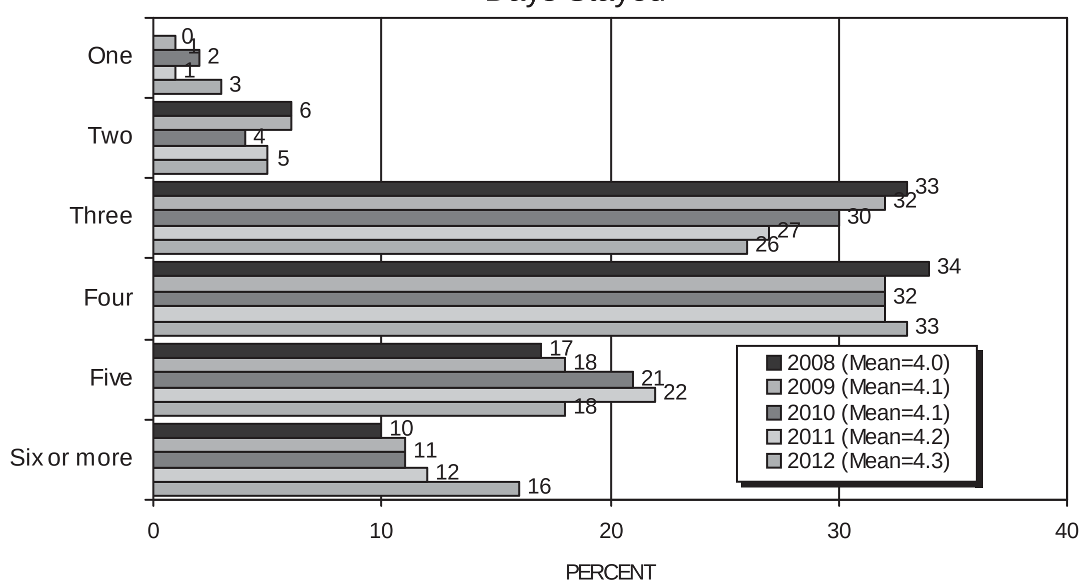
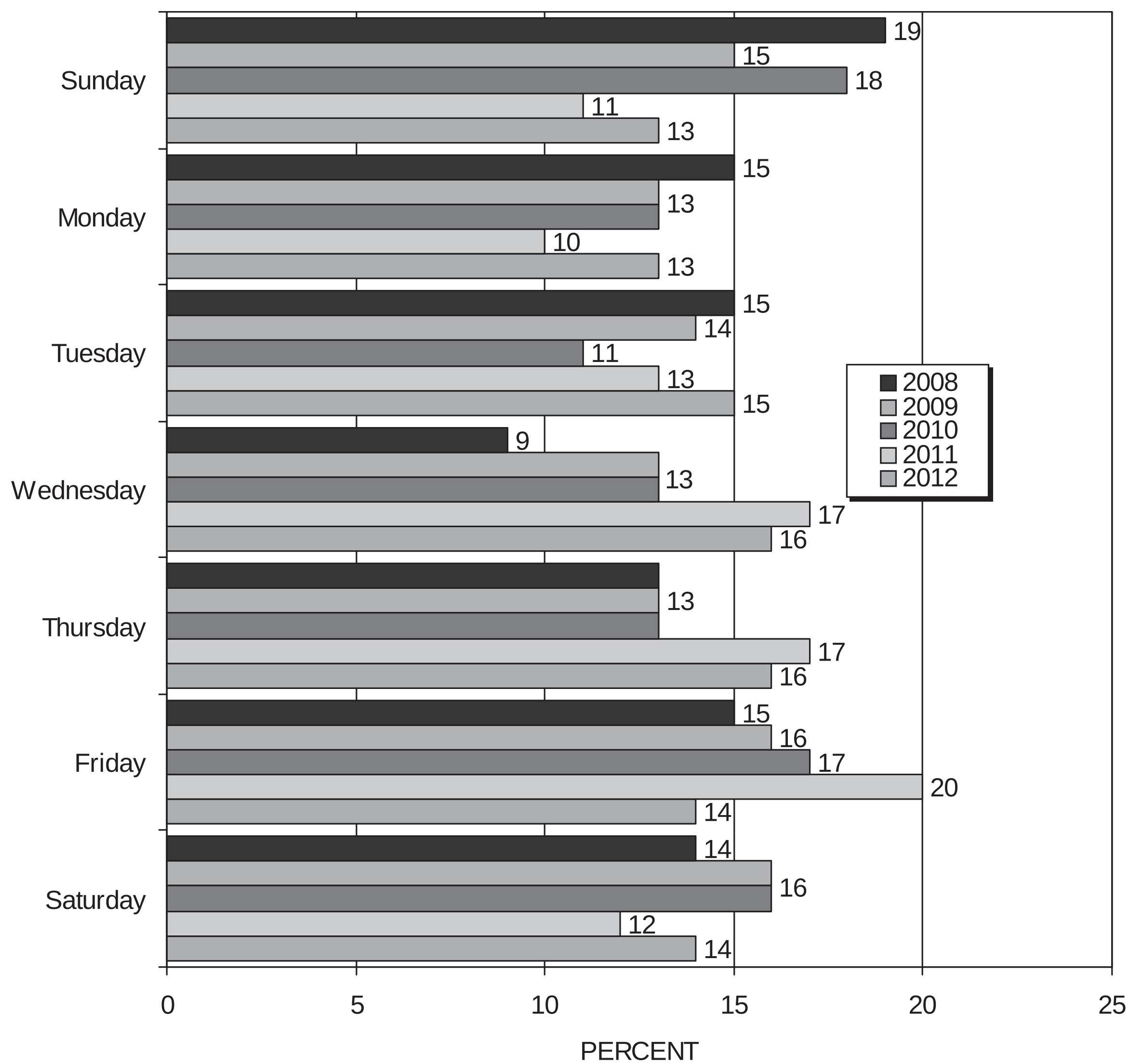


FIGURE 35
Days Stayed



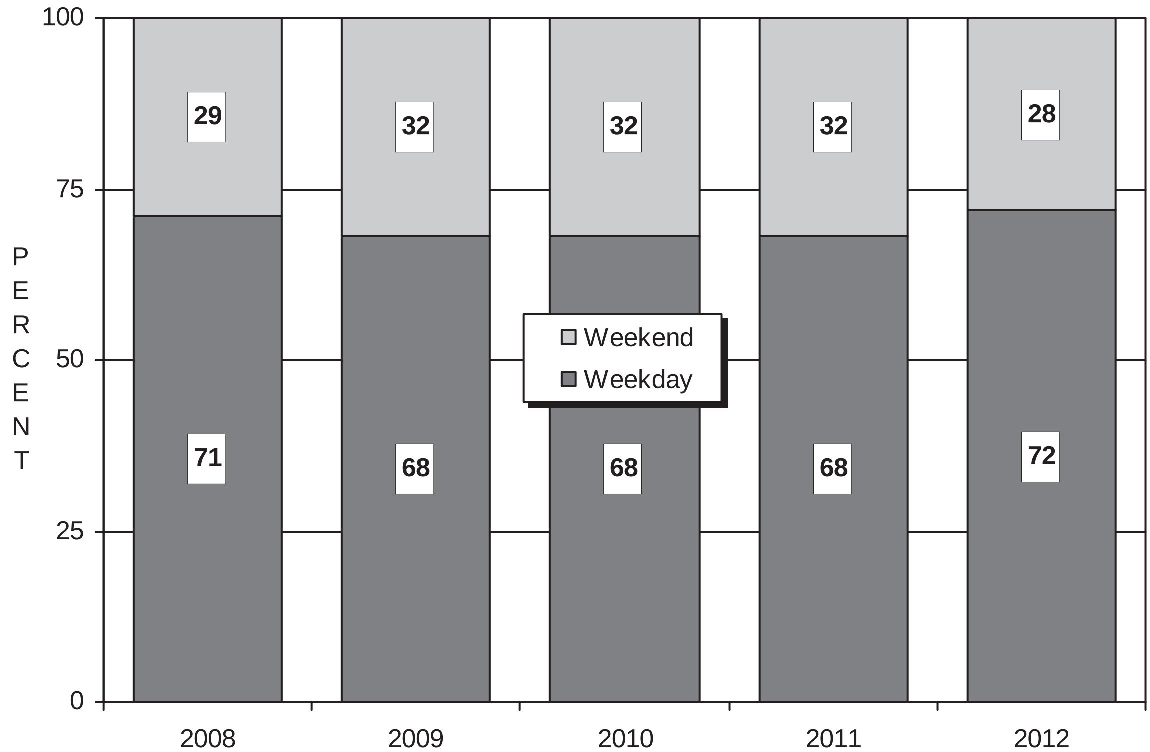
During 2012, Laughlin visitors stayed an average of 3.3 nights and 4.3 days, up from 3.0 nights and 4.0 days in 2008, and 3.1 nights and 4.1 days in both 2009 and 2010 (Figures 34 and 35).

FIGURE 36
Day Of Arrival



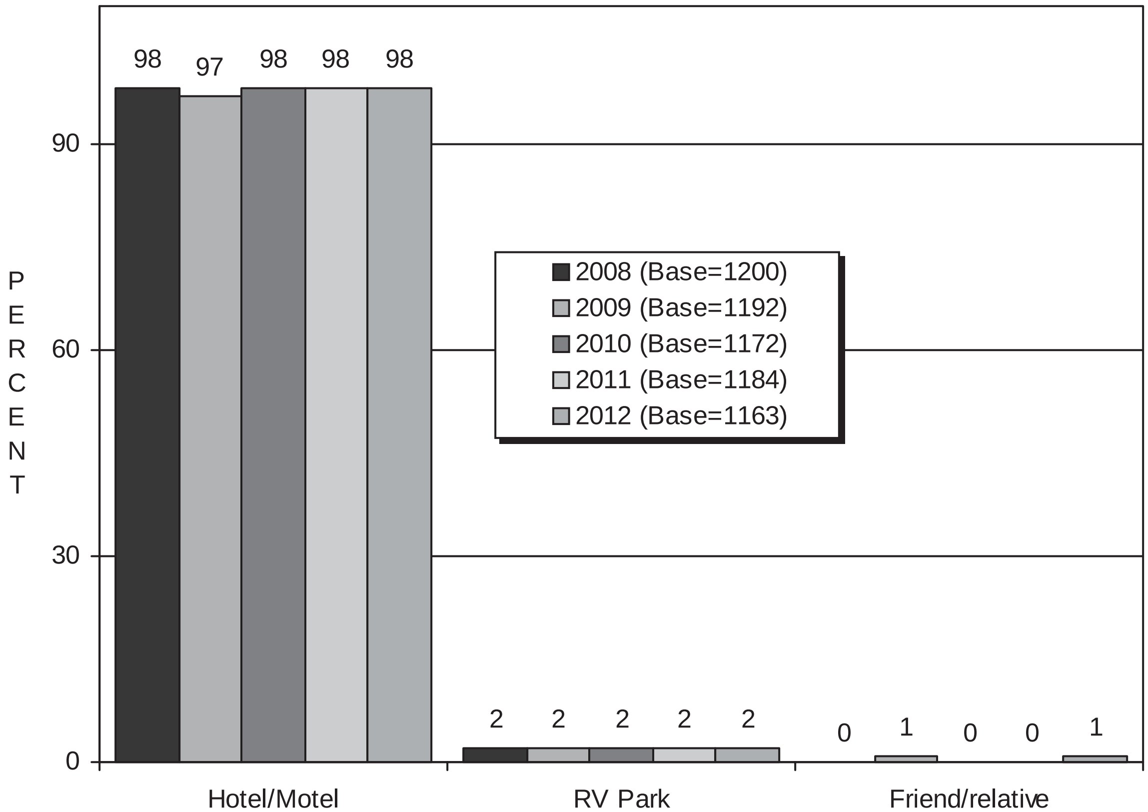
In 2012, visitors were most likely to arrive in Laughlin on a Wednesday (16%, up significantly from 9% in 2008 and 13% each in 2009 and 2010) or a Thursday (16%, up from 13% each in 2008 – 2010). They were least likely to arrive on a Sunday (13%, down from 19% in 2008 and 18% in 2010) or a Monday (13%, up from 10% last year) (Figure 36). Fourteen percent (14%) arrived on a Friday, down significantly from 17% in 2010 and 20% in 2011.

FIGURE 37
Weekend Versus Weekday Arrival



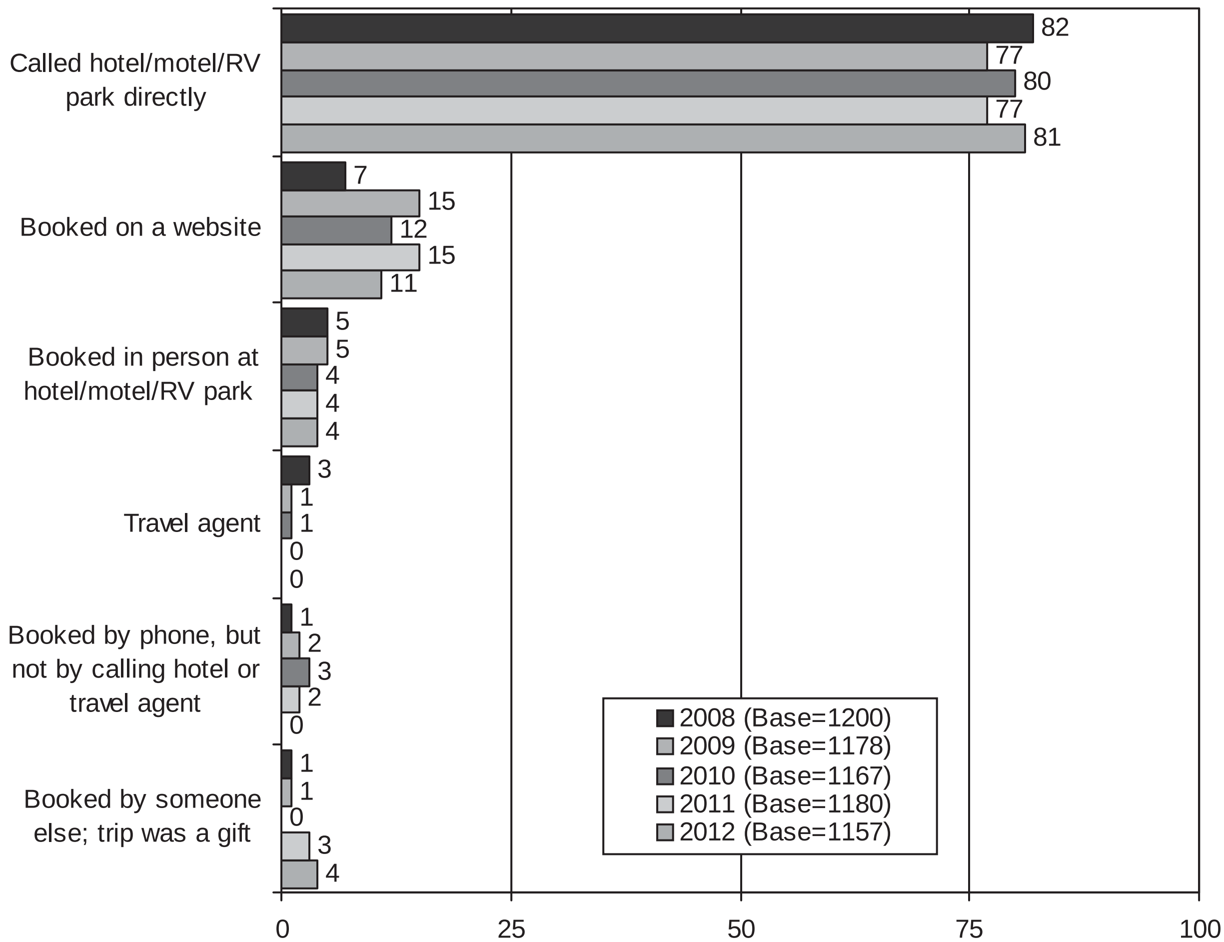
Twenty-eight percent (28%) of visitors arrived in Laughlin on the weekend (Friday or Saturday), down significantly from 32% each in 2009 – 2011, while 72% of visitors arrived on a weekday (Sunday through Thursday), up from 68% each in 2009 – 2011 (Figure 37).

FIGURE 38
Type Of Lodging
(Among Those Who Stayed Overnight)



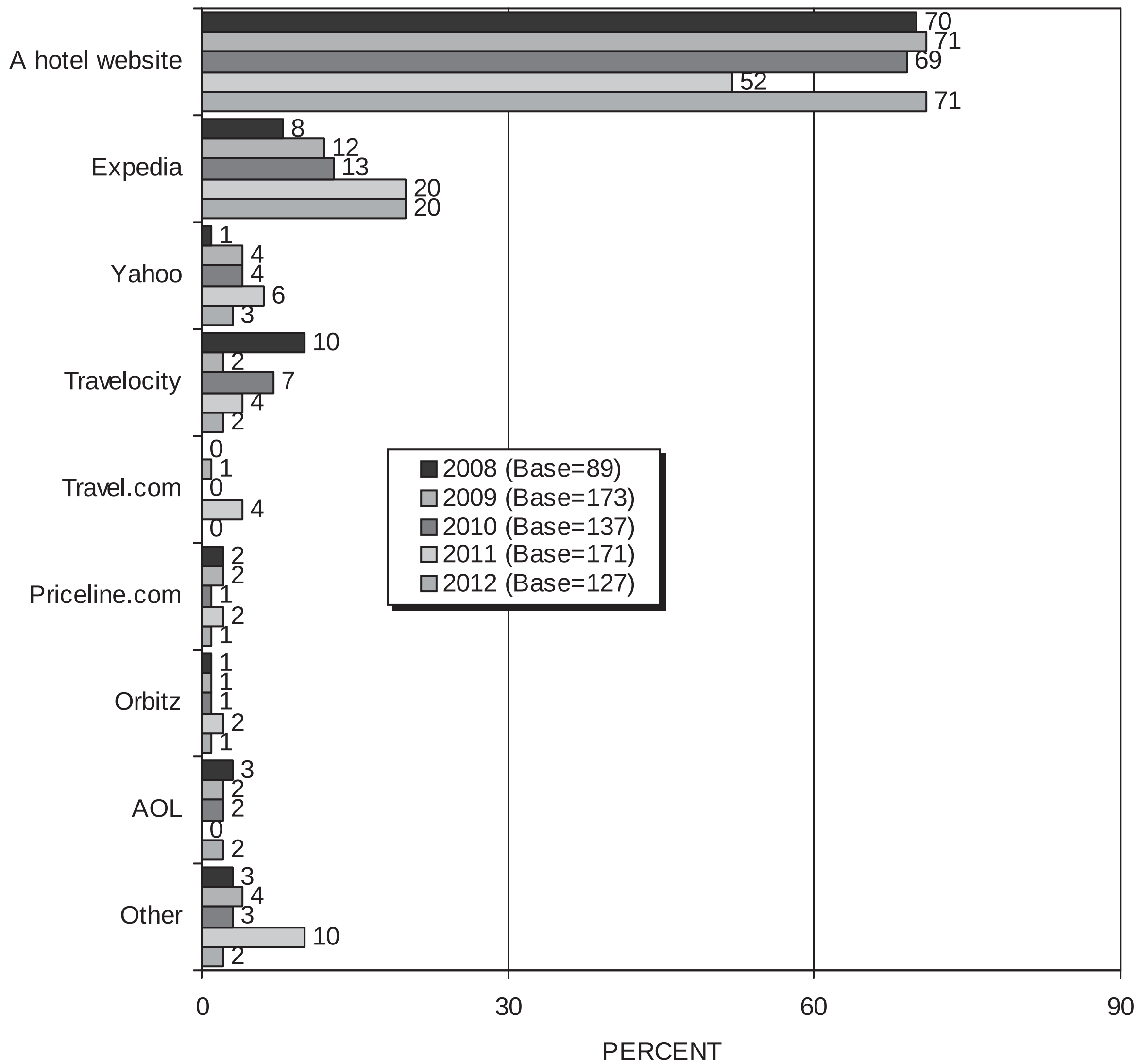
As shown in Figure 38, among visitors who stayed overnight, 98% stayed in a hotel, similar to past years.

FIGURE 39
How Booked Accommodations
(Among Those Who Stayed In Hotel/Motel/RV Park)



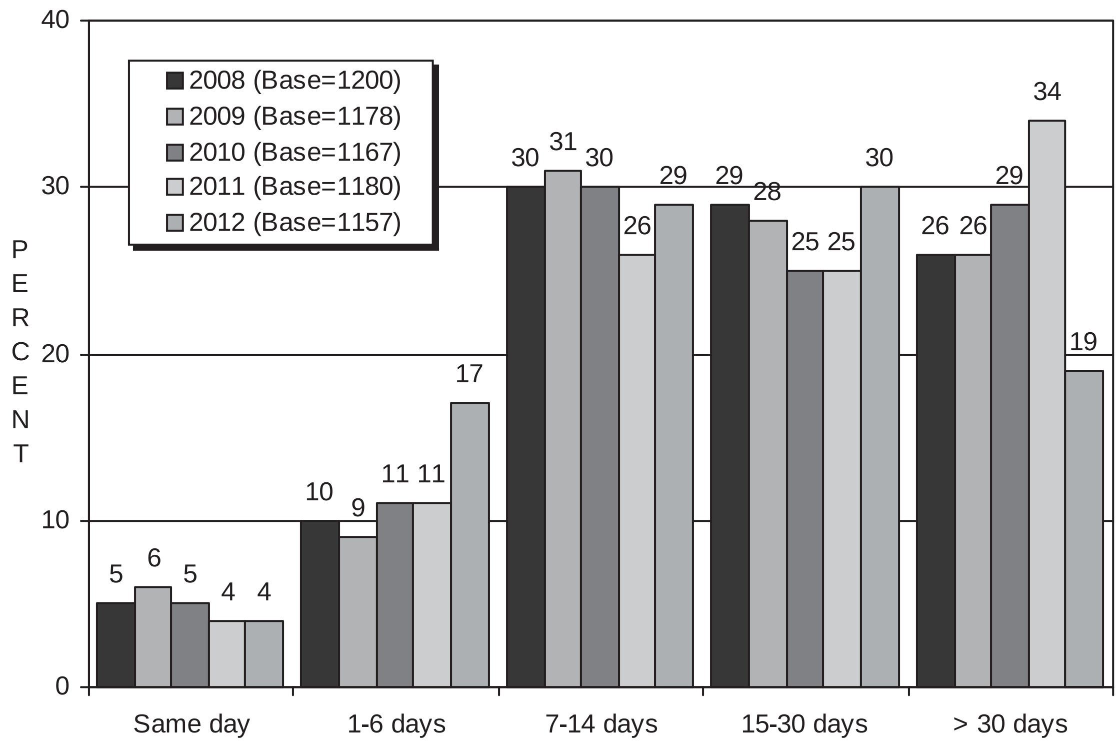
Visitors were asked how they booked their accommodations (Figure 39). In 2012, 81% said they booked their accommodations by calling the property directly (up from 77% each in 2009 and 2011), while 11% booked on a website (up from 7% in 2008 but down from 15% each in 2009 and 2011), 4% booked in person, and another 4% said someone else booked the trip or the trip was a gift (up from 1% each in 2008 and 2009).

FIGURE 40
Website Used to Book Accommodations
(Among Those Who Booked Online)



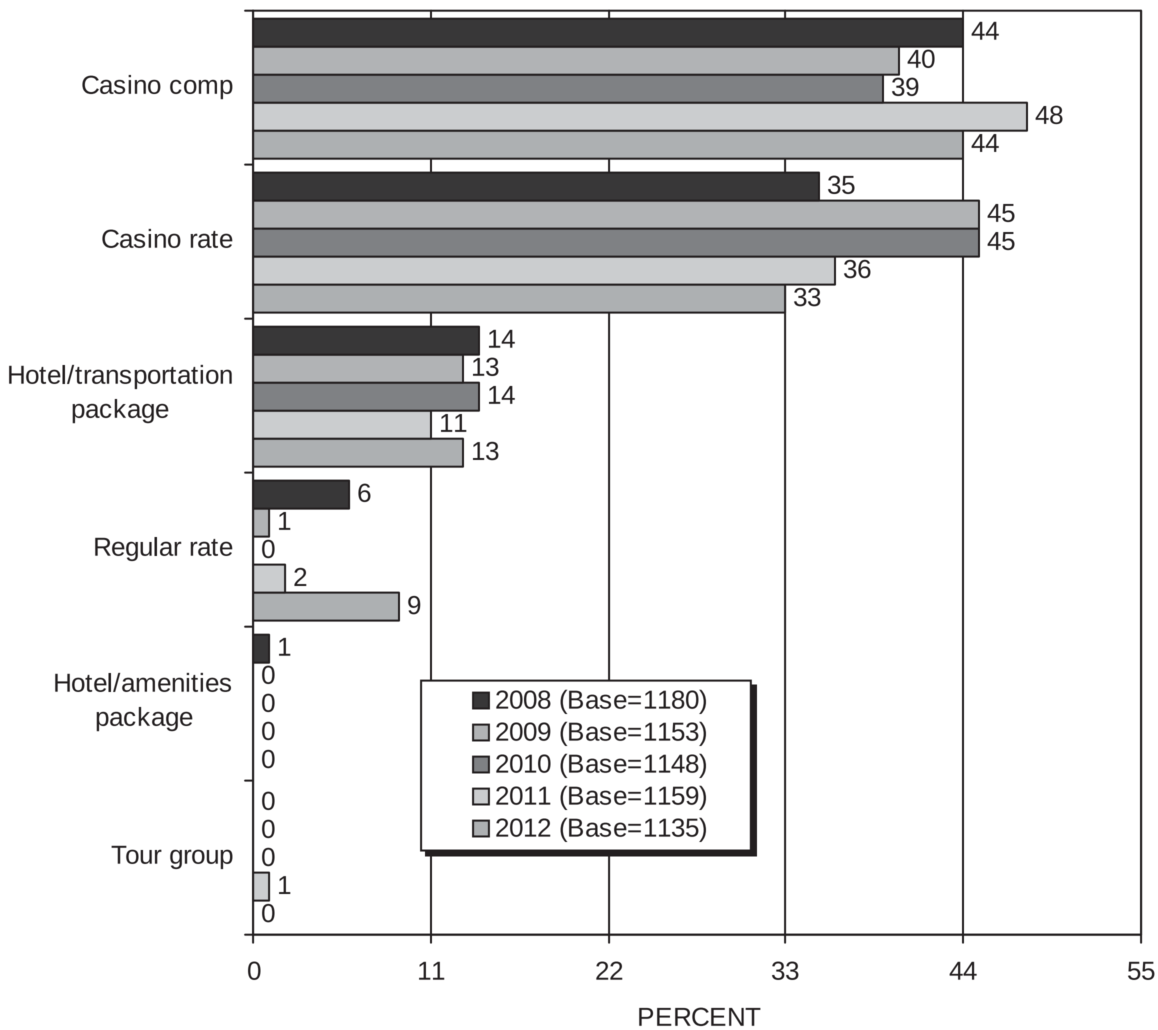
Visitors who booked their accommodations on a website were asked which one they used (Figure 40). Seventy-one percent (71%) said they used a hotel website to book their accommodations, up significantly from 52% in 2011. One in five (20%) used Expedia (up from 8% in 2008), 3% used Yahoo, 2% used Travelocity (down from 10% in 2008 and 7% in 2010), and another 2% used AOL, while 1% each used Orbitz or Priceline.com.

FIGURE 41
How Far In Advance Accommodations Were Booked
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel/Motel/RV Park)



We asked those staying in a hotel, motel, or RV park how far in advance they had booked accommodations (Figure 41). Four percent (4%) of visitors booked accommodations the same day, 17% booked one to six days in advance (up from 2008 – 2011), 59% booked seven to 30 days in advance (up from 55% in 2010 and 51% in 2011), and 19% booked more than 30 days in advance (down 2008 – 2011).

FIGURE 42
Type Of Room Rate
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel Or Motel)



We asked those staying in a hotel or motel what type of room rate they had received for their accommodations (Figure 42). More than three-quarters (77%) reported receiving some type of casino rate – either a regular casino rate (33%, down from 45% each in 2009 and 2010) or a casino complimentary rate (44%, up from 40% in 2009 and 39% in 2010). Thirteen percent (13%) received a hotel-transportation package. Nine percent (9%) said they received a regular room rate, up from 2008 – 2011 readings.

FIGURE 43
Room Rate By Booking Method
(2012)

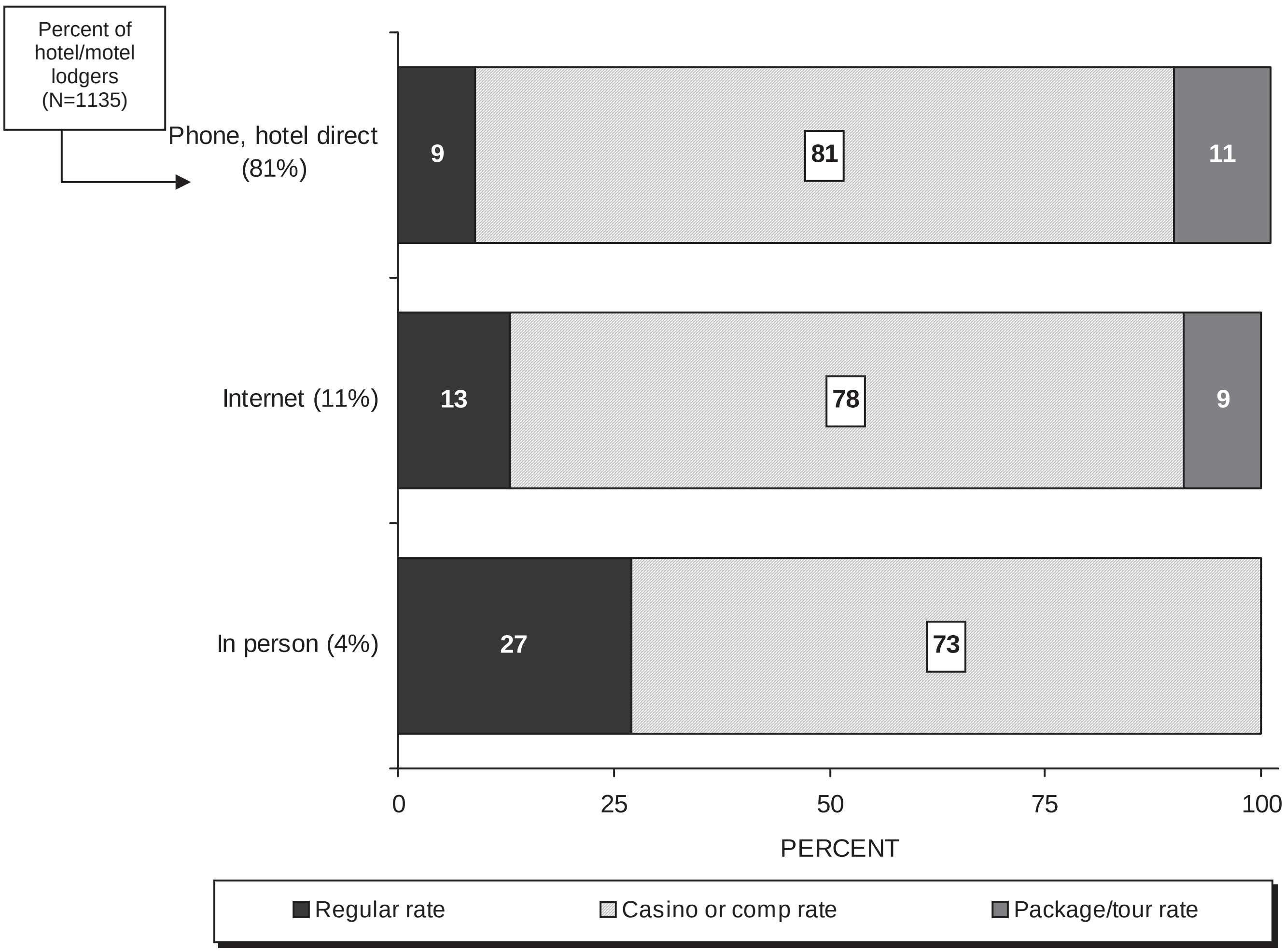
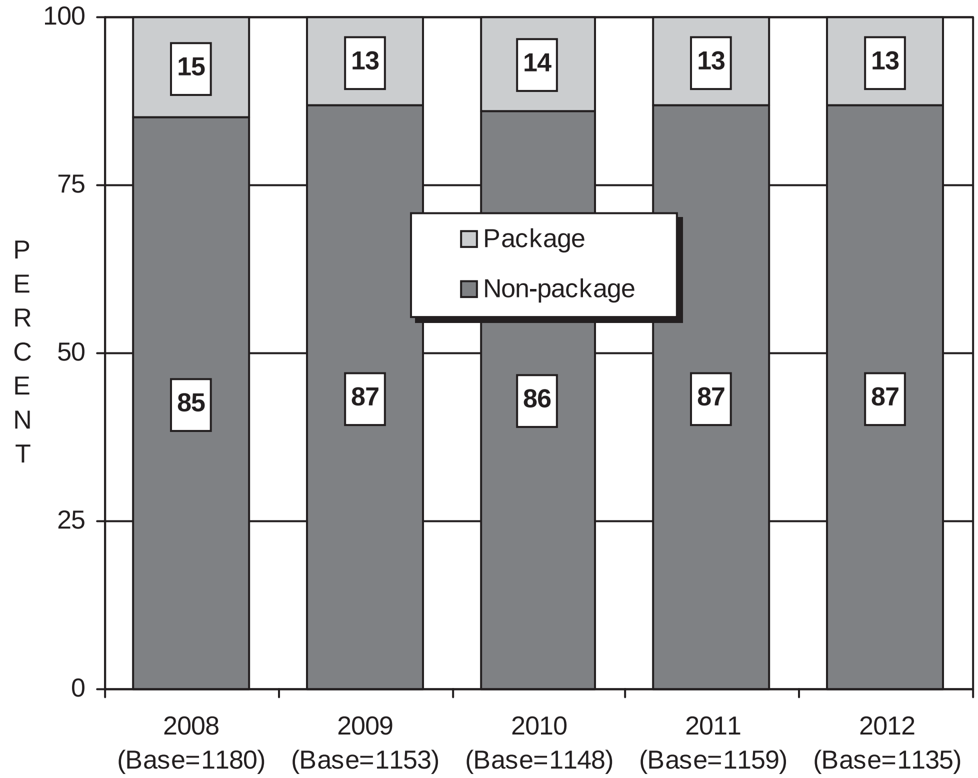


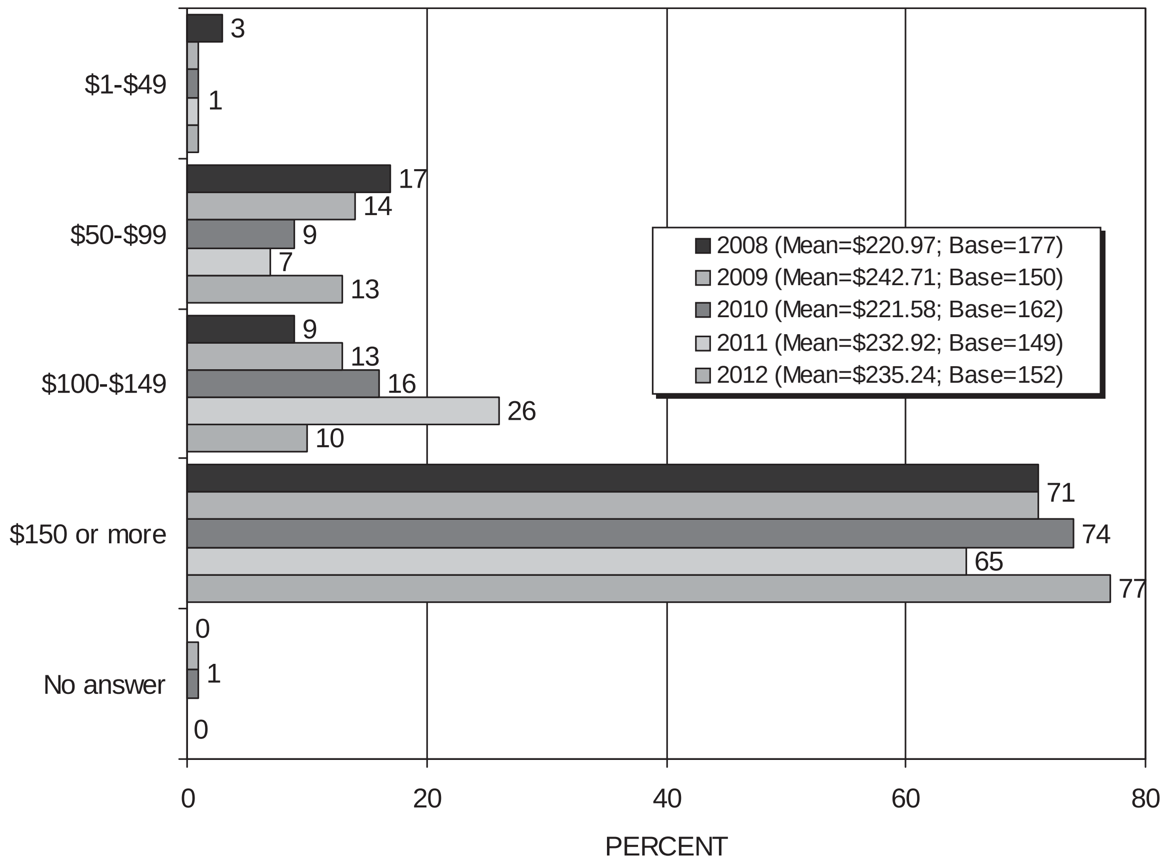
Figure 43 shows the room rate category by the booking method for 2012 among those staying in a hotel or motel. About eight in ten (81%) of those who called the hotel directly received a casino or casino complimentary rate, while 11% received a package or tour rate. Seventy-eight percent (78%) of those who booked on the Internet and 73% of those who booked in person also received a casino or casino complimentary rate. Nine percent (9%) of those who booked on the Internet received a package or tour rate.

FIGURE 44
Package Vs. Non-Package Rates
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel Or Motel)



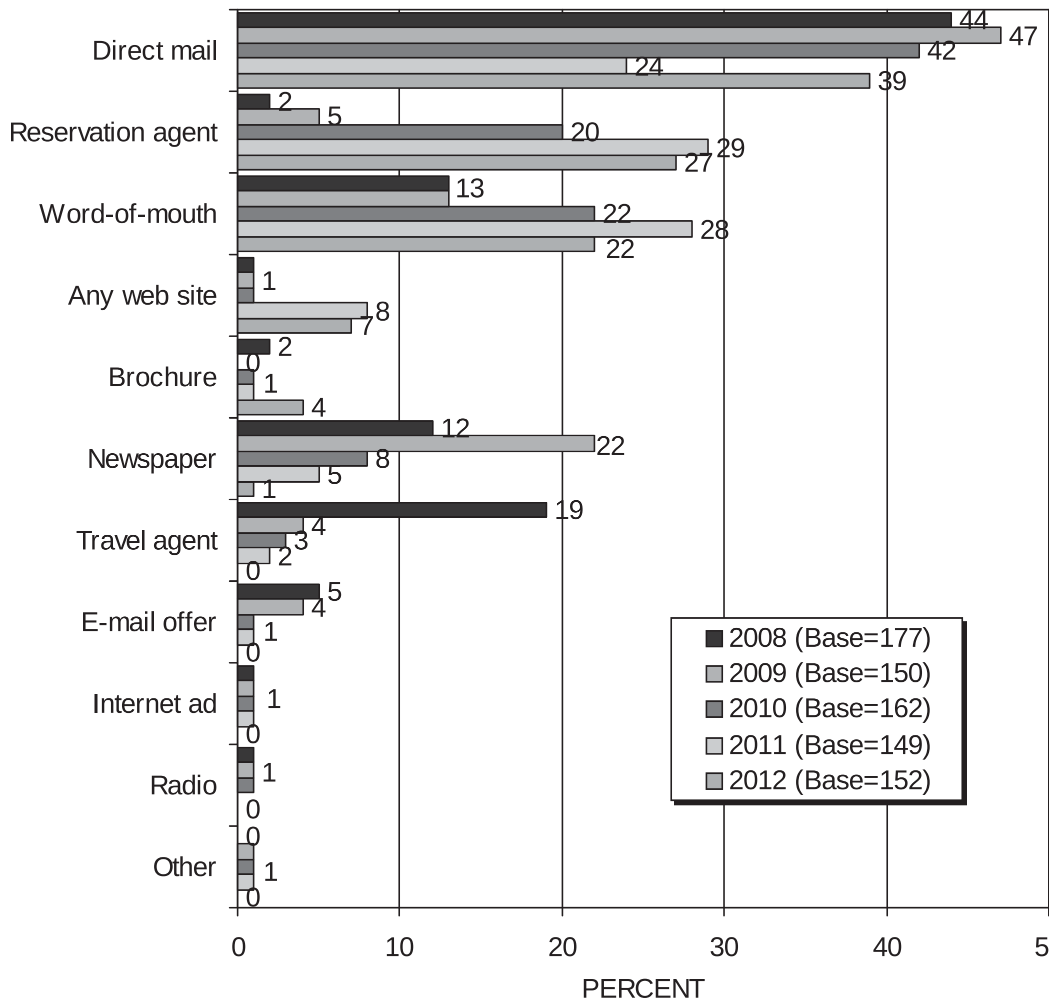
In 2012, 13% received their lodging as part of a package deal, not significantly different from past years (Figure 44).

FIGURE 45
Cost Of Package — Per Person
(Among Those Who Bought A Package)



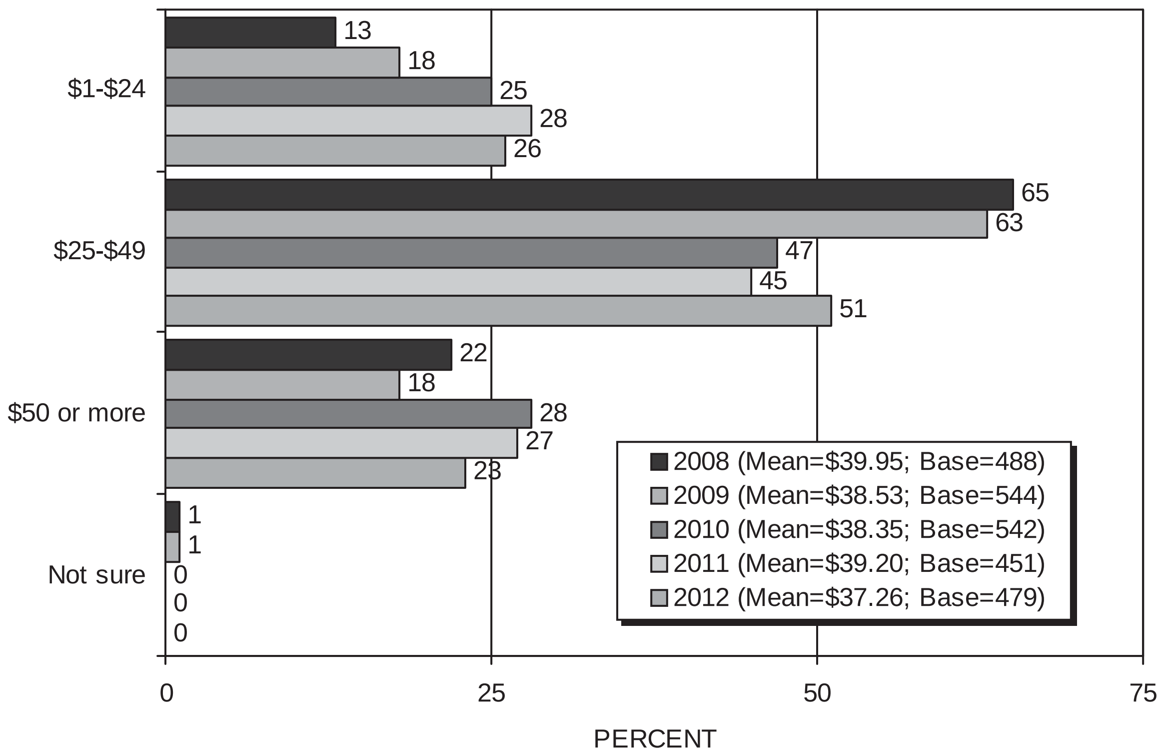
We asked for the package cost from visitors who had purchased a hotel, airline, or tour/travel group package (Figure 45). More than three-quarters (77%) said they paid $150 or more for their package, up significantly from 65% in 2011. Ten percent (10%) paid $100 to $149 (down from 26% last year), 13% paid $50 to $99, and 1% paid less than $50. The average package cost was $235.24, not significantly different from the 2008 to 2011 averages.

FIGURE 46
How First Learned About Package
(Among Those Who Bought A Package)



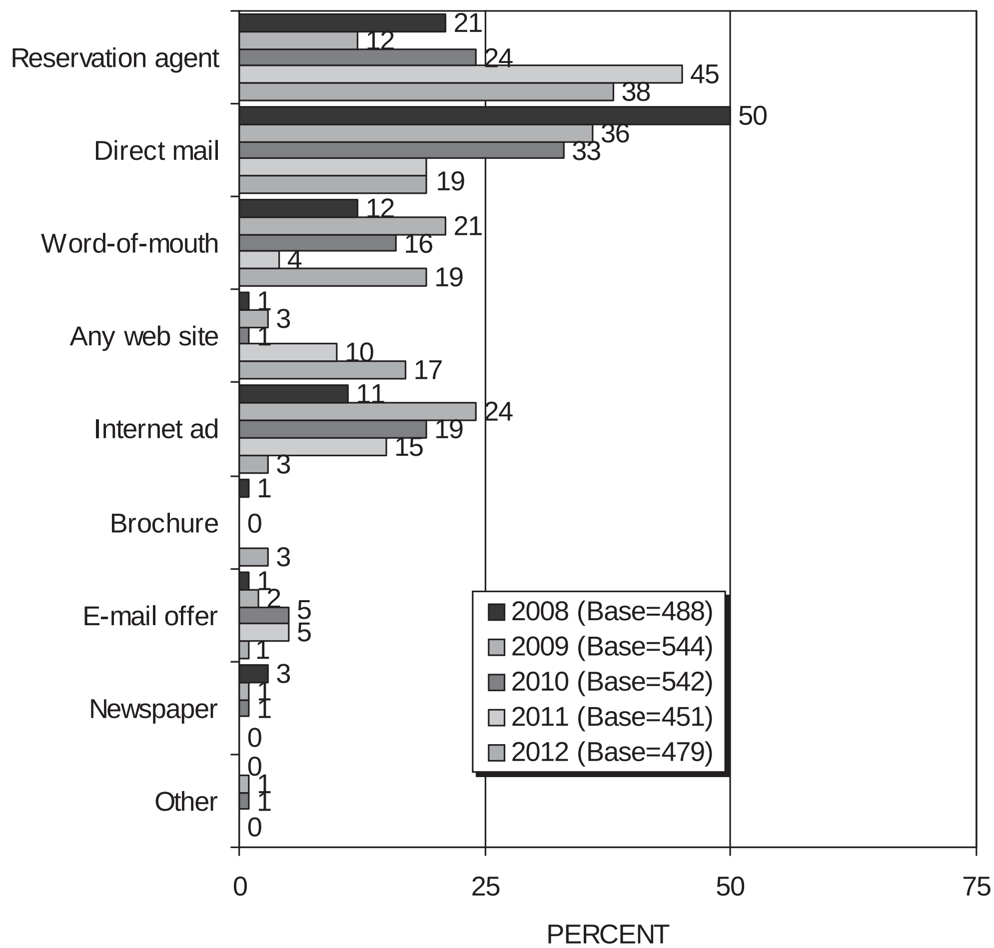
Package purchasers were asked how they first found out about the package they bought for their trip to Laughlin (Figure 46). Nearly four in ten (39%) said they received an offer through the mail (up significantly from 24% in 2011), 27% heard about the package through a reservation agent or call center (up from 2% in 2008 and 5% in 2009), and 22% said they first heard about the offer through word-of-mouth (up from 13% each in 2008 and 2009). Seven percent (7%) said they found out about their package through a web site (up from 1% each in 2008 – 2010), 4% found out through a brochure, and 1% saw something in the newspaper (down from 2008 – 2011).

FIGURE 47
Lodging Expenditures — Average Per Night
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel Or Motel/Non-Package)



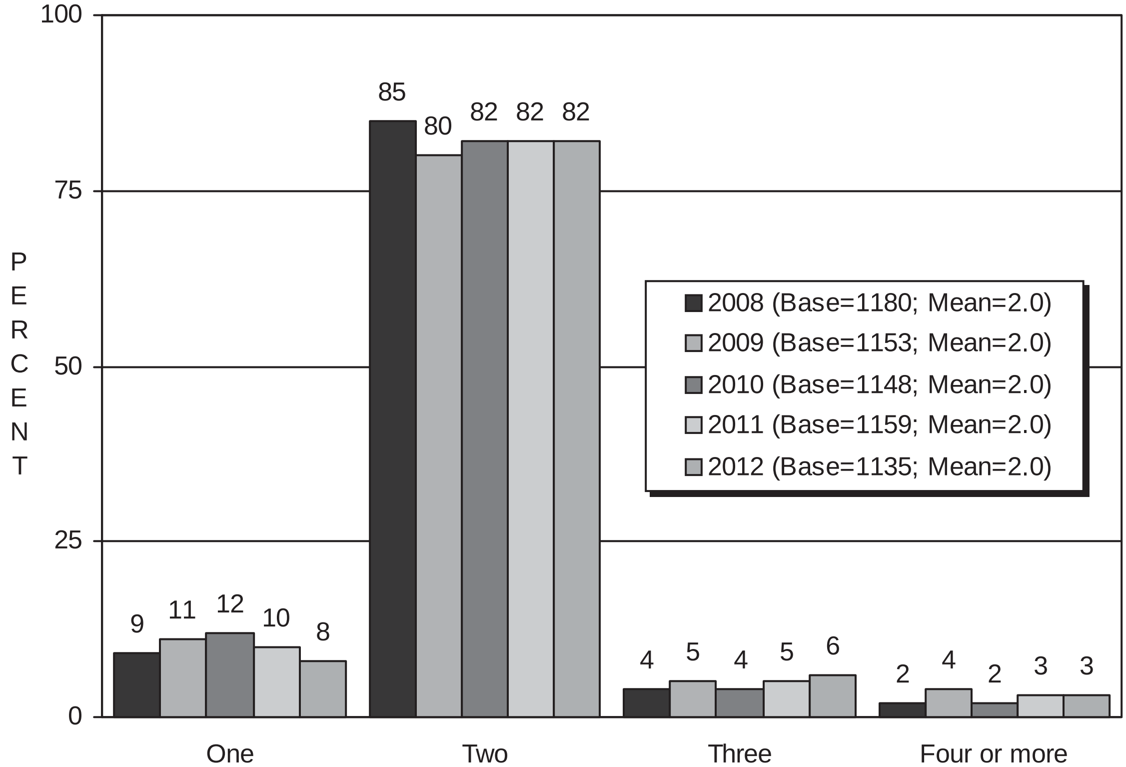
The average reported room cost among non-package hotel and motel lodgers in 2012 was $37.26, significantly lower than the average of $39.95 in 2008 (Figure 47). About one-quarter (26%) reported spending less than $25 on their room, up from 13% in 2008 and 18% in 2009. Just over one-half (51%) spent between $25 and $49, down from 65% in 2008 and 63% in 2009. The remaining 23% reported spending $50 or more, up from 18% in 2009.

FIGURE 48
How First Learned About Room Rate
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel Or Motel/Non-Package)



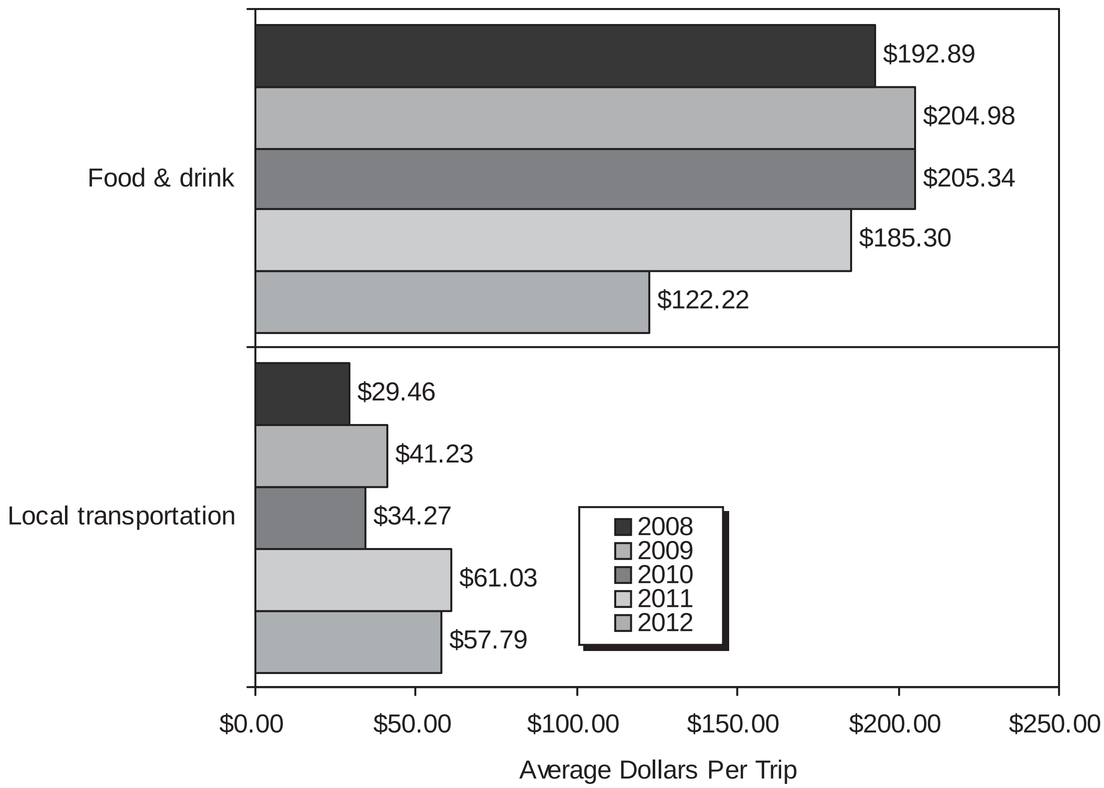
Non-package hotel and motel lodgers were asked how they first found out about the room rate they paid (Figure 48). Thirty-eight percent (38%) said they first heard of their room rate from a reservation agent or through a call center, down from 45% last year but up from 21% in 2008, 12% in 2009, and 24% in 2010. Nineteen percent (19%) said they received an offer in the mail, a significant decrease from 2008 – 2010. Nineteen percent (19%) said they heard about it through word of mouth (up from 12% in 2008 and 4% in 2011), while 17% said they learned about it on a web site (up from 2008 – 2011), 3% discovered it in a brochure (also up from 2008 – 2011), and 1% learned about through an e-mail offer (down from 2008 – 2011).

FIGURE 49
Number Of Room Occupants
(Among Those Staying In A Hotel Or Motel)



As Figure 49 shows, the majority of visitors (82%) said that two people stayed in their room. The average number of room occupants per hotel/motel room was 2.0 occupants.

FIGURE 50
Average Trip Expenditures On Food & Drink — And Local Transportation*
(Including Visitors Who Spent Nothing In That Category)



We asked all visitors about their daily expenditures on food and drink and on local transportation.

Figure 50 shows the average trip expenditures *including visitors who said they spent nothing in that category*. In 2012, the average food and drink expenditures were $122.22 per trip, down significantly from 2008 – 2011. The average local transportation expenditures were $57.79 per trip, up significantly from $29.46 in 2008, $41.23 in 2009, and $34.27 in 2010.

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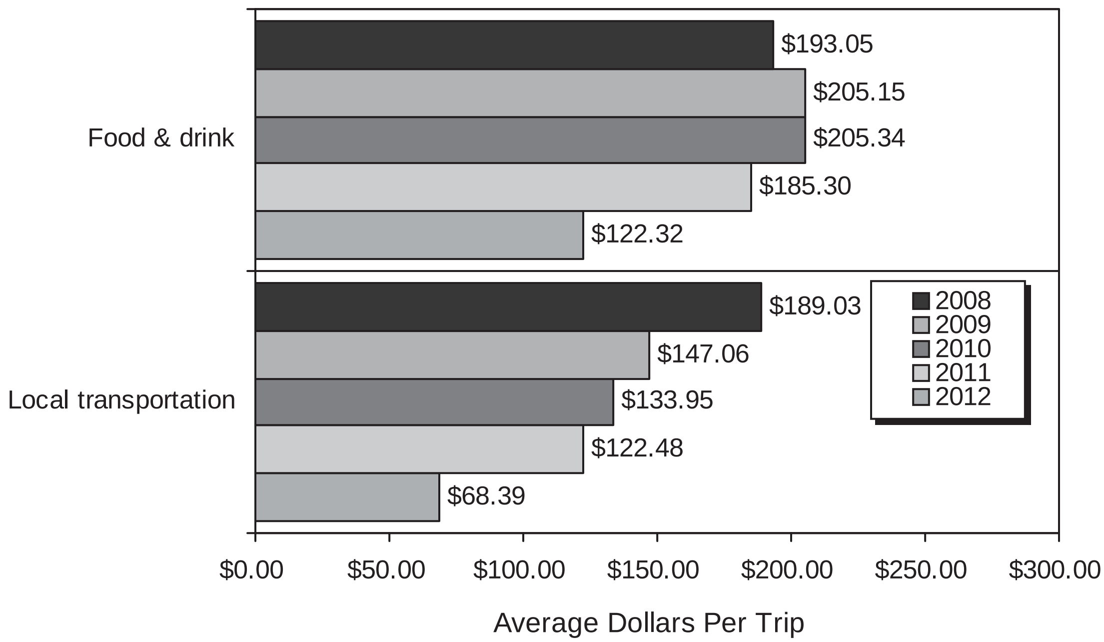
* Trip expenditures are calculated by multiplying visitors' estimated daily expenditures by the number of days they stayed in Laughlin on their most recent trip.

Local transportation expenditures include spending in both Laughlin and Bullhead City.

FIGURE 51
Average Trip Expenditures On Food & Drink — And Local Transportation*
(Among Those Who Spent Money In That Category)



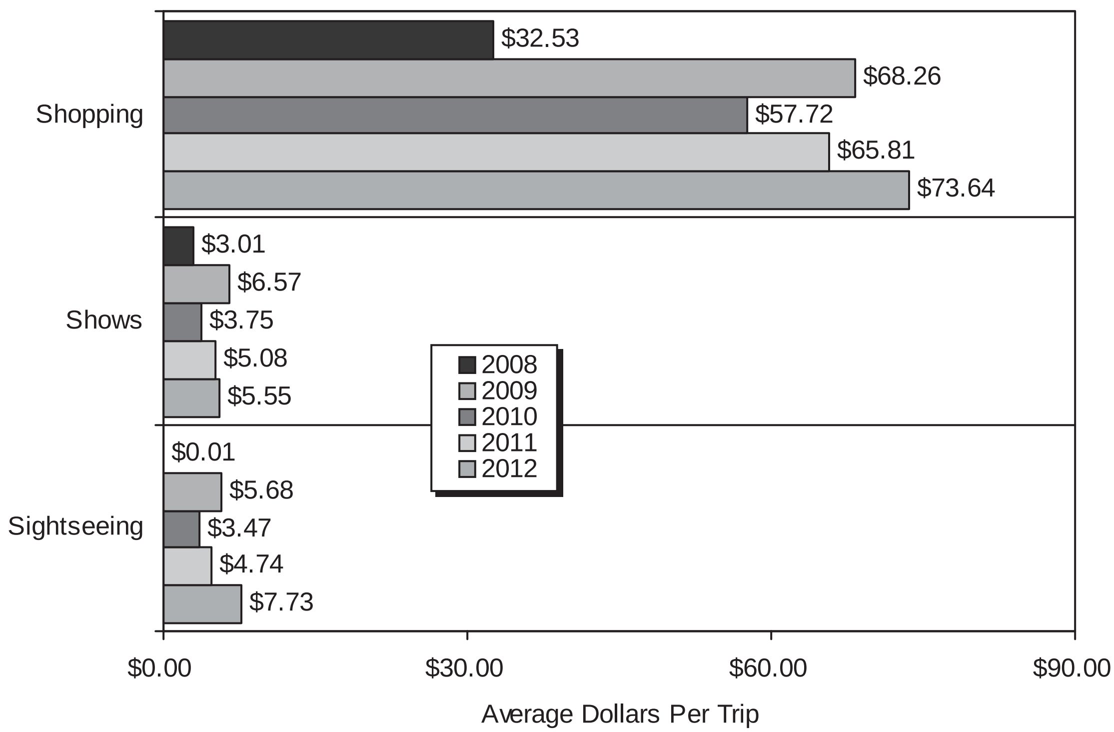
Among visitors who indicated they spent money in these categories, average food and drink expenditures in 2012 were $122.32 per trip, down significantly from 2008 – 2011 readings (Figure 51). Average local transportation expenditures were $68.39 per trip, also down significantly from 2008 – 2011.

Percentages of visitors who spent money in each category are shown in the following table:

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Food and drink					
Base size	(1199)	(1199)	(1200)	(1200)	(1199)
Proportion of total	99.9%	99.9%	100%	100%	100%
Local transportation					
Base size	(187)	(340)	(307)	(598)	(1014)
Proportion of total	16%	28%	26%	50%	85%

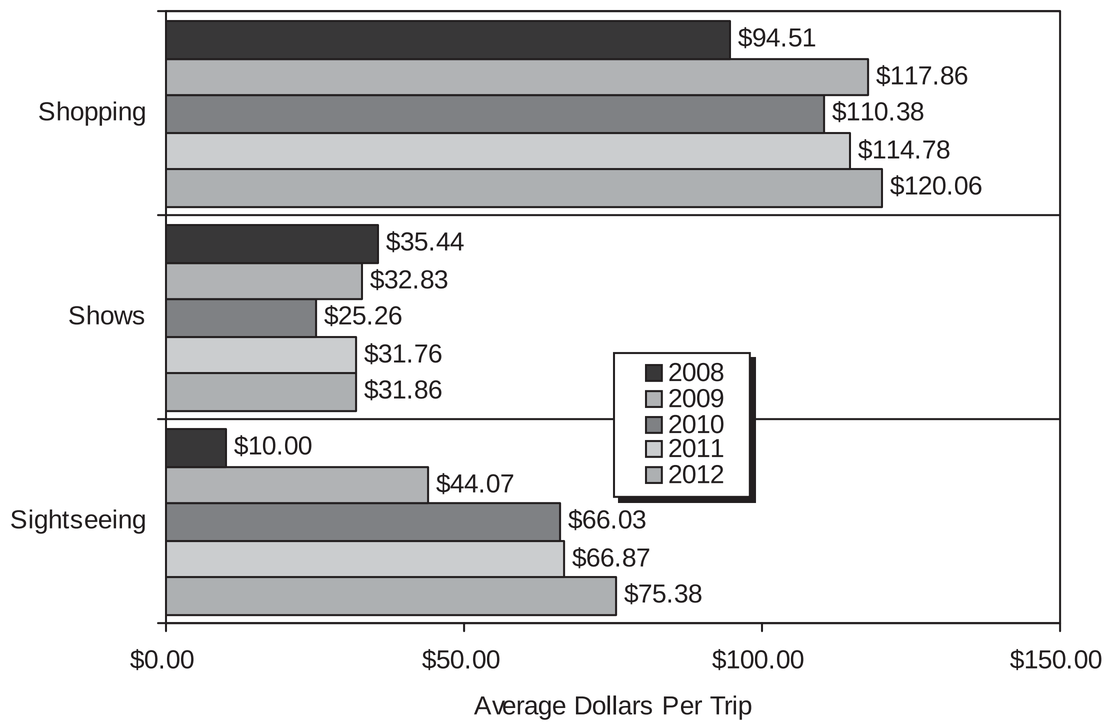
* Local transportation expenditures include spending in both Laughlin and Bullhead City.

FIGURE 52
Average Trip Expenditures On Shopping, Shows, And Sightseeing
(Including Visitors Who Spent Nothing In That Category)



We asked all visitors about the amount of money they spent on shopping, shows, and sightseeing during their visit to Laughlin. Figure 52 shows these average expenditures *including visitors who said they spent nothing in each category*. The average total spent on shopping in 2012 was $73.64, up significantly from $32.53 in 2008 and $57.72 in2010. An average of $5.55 was spent on shows (up from $3.01 in 2008 and $3.75 in 2010), and an average of $7.73 was spent on sightseeing (up from 2008 – 2011).

FIGURE 53
Average Trip Expenditures On Shopping, Shows, And Sightseeing
(Among Those Who Spent Money In That Category)



Looking only at visitors who spent money in that category, the average spent for shopping in 2012 was $120.06, up significantly from $94.51 in 2008 (Figure 53). The average spent on shows was $31.86, down from $35.44 in 2008 but up from $25.26 in 2010. The average spent on sightseeing was $75.38, up significantly from $44.07 in 2009.

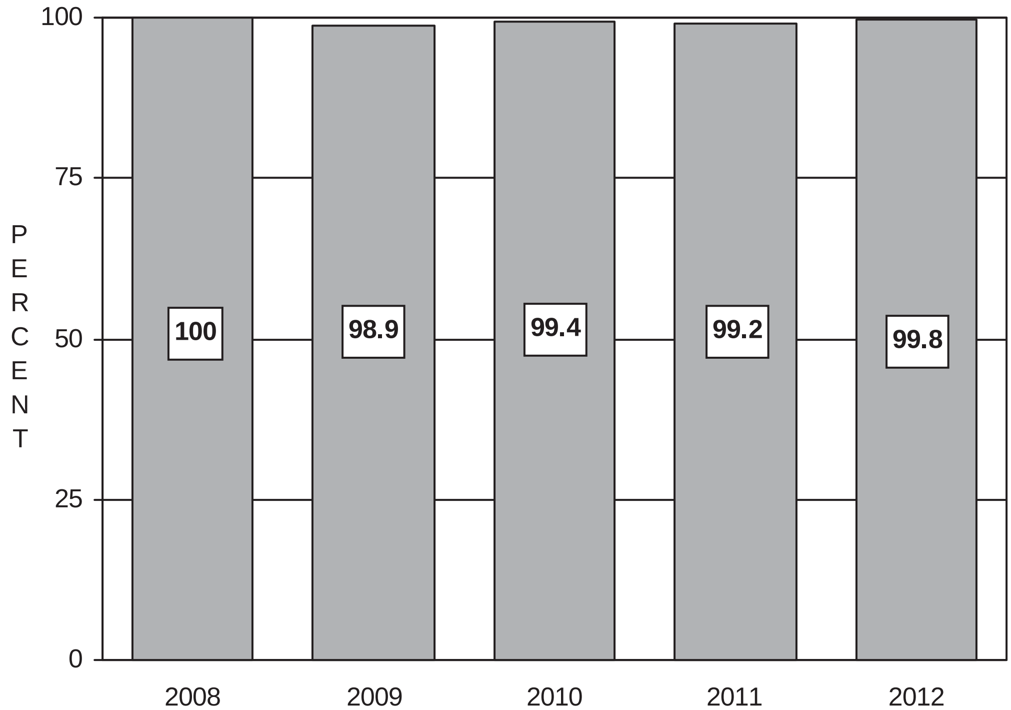
Percentages of visitors who spent money in each category are shown in the following table:

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Shopping					
Base size	(413)	(695)	(628)	(688)	(736)
Proportion of total	34%	58%	52%	57%	61%
Shows					
Base size	(102)	(240)	(178)	(192)	(209)
Proportion of total	9%	20%	15%	16%	17%
Sightseeing					
Base size	(1)	(165)	(63)	(85)	(123)
Proportion of total	0.1%	14%	5%	7%	10%

GAMING BEHAVIOR AND BUDGETS

Nearly all Laughlin visitors in the current study (99.8%) said they gambled during their visit, a significant increase from 2009 (98.9%) and 2011 (99.2%) (Figure 54).

FIGURE 54
Whether Gambled While In Laughlin*



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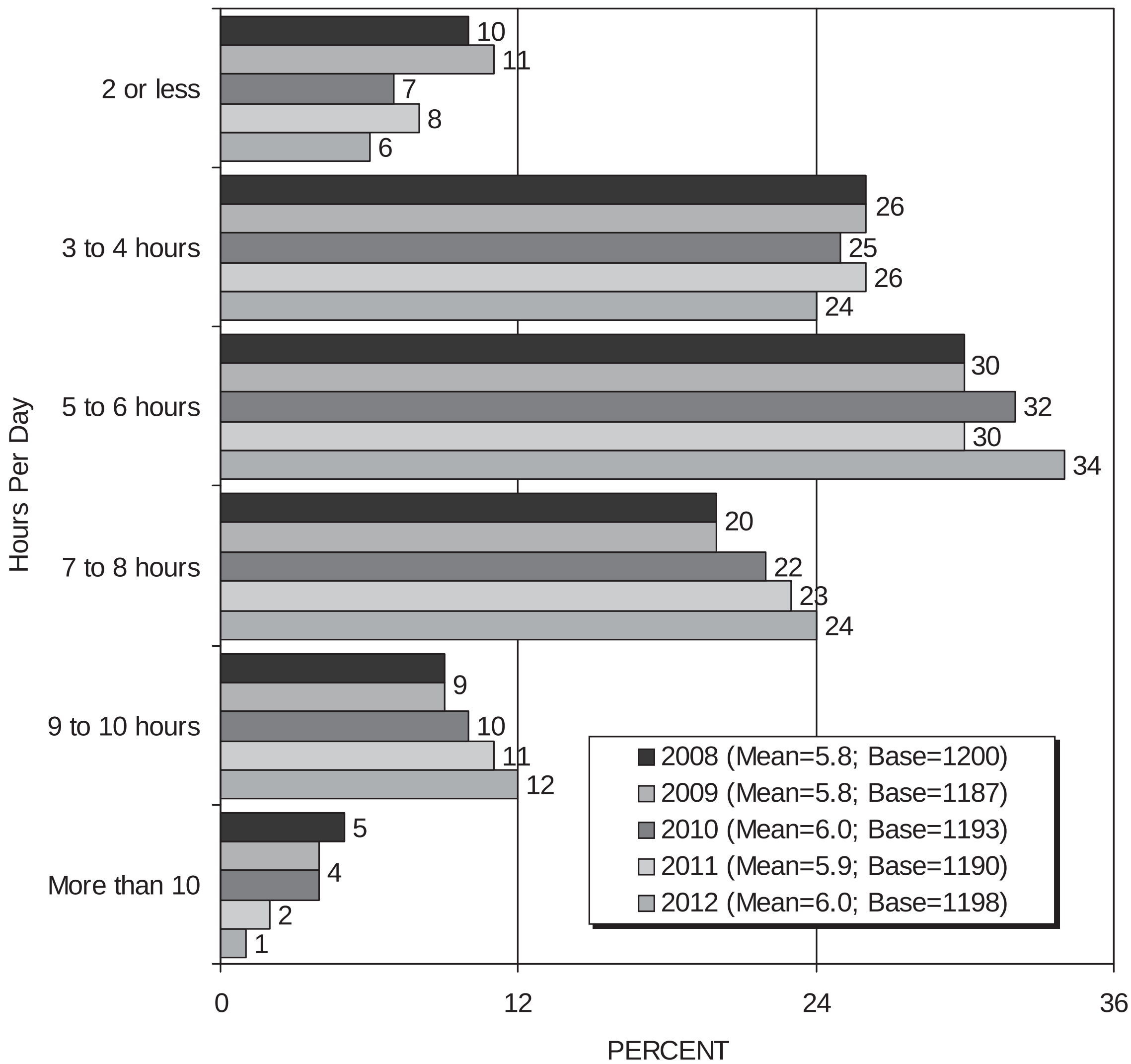
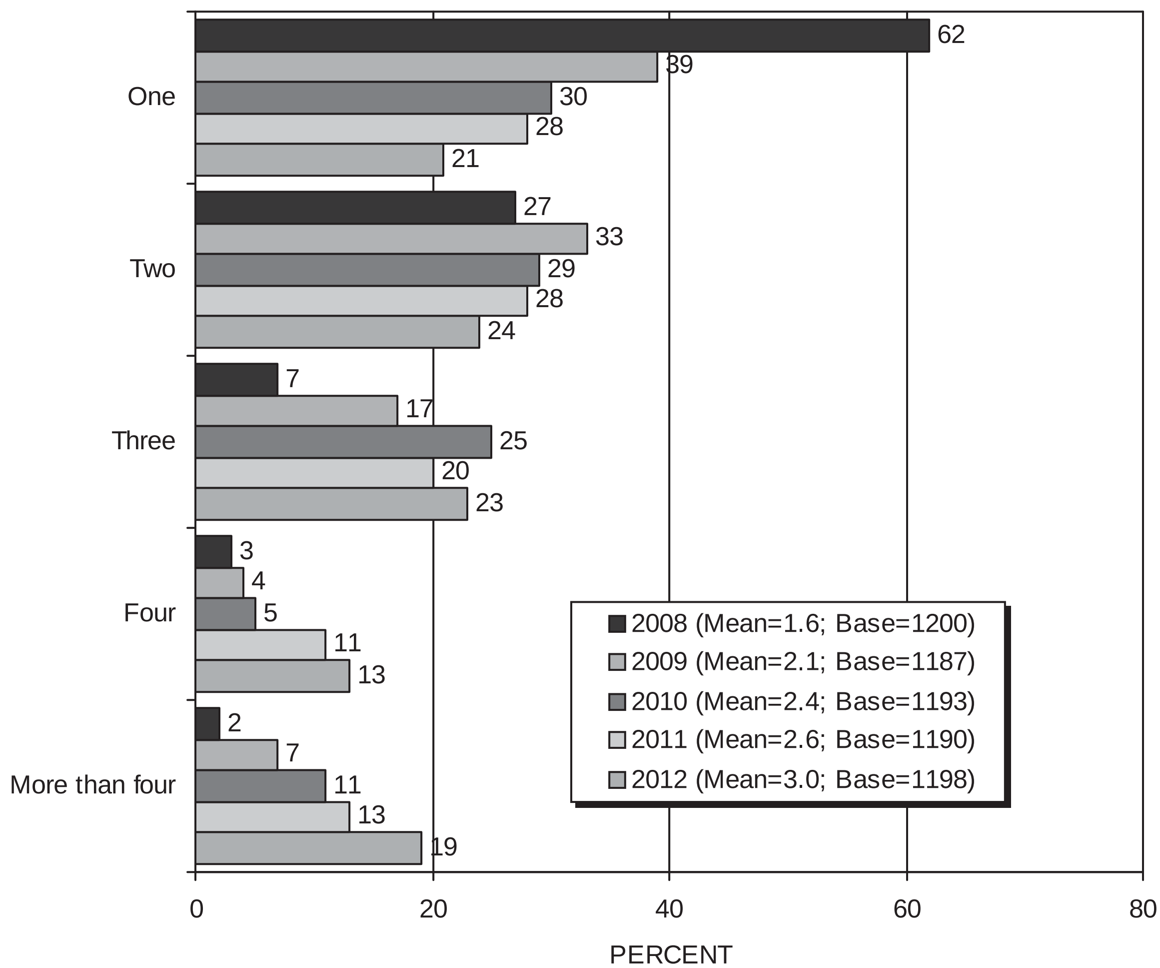
* Only “yes” responses are reported in this chart.

FIGURE 55
Hours Of Gambling — Average Per Day
(Among Those Who Gambled)



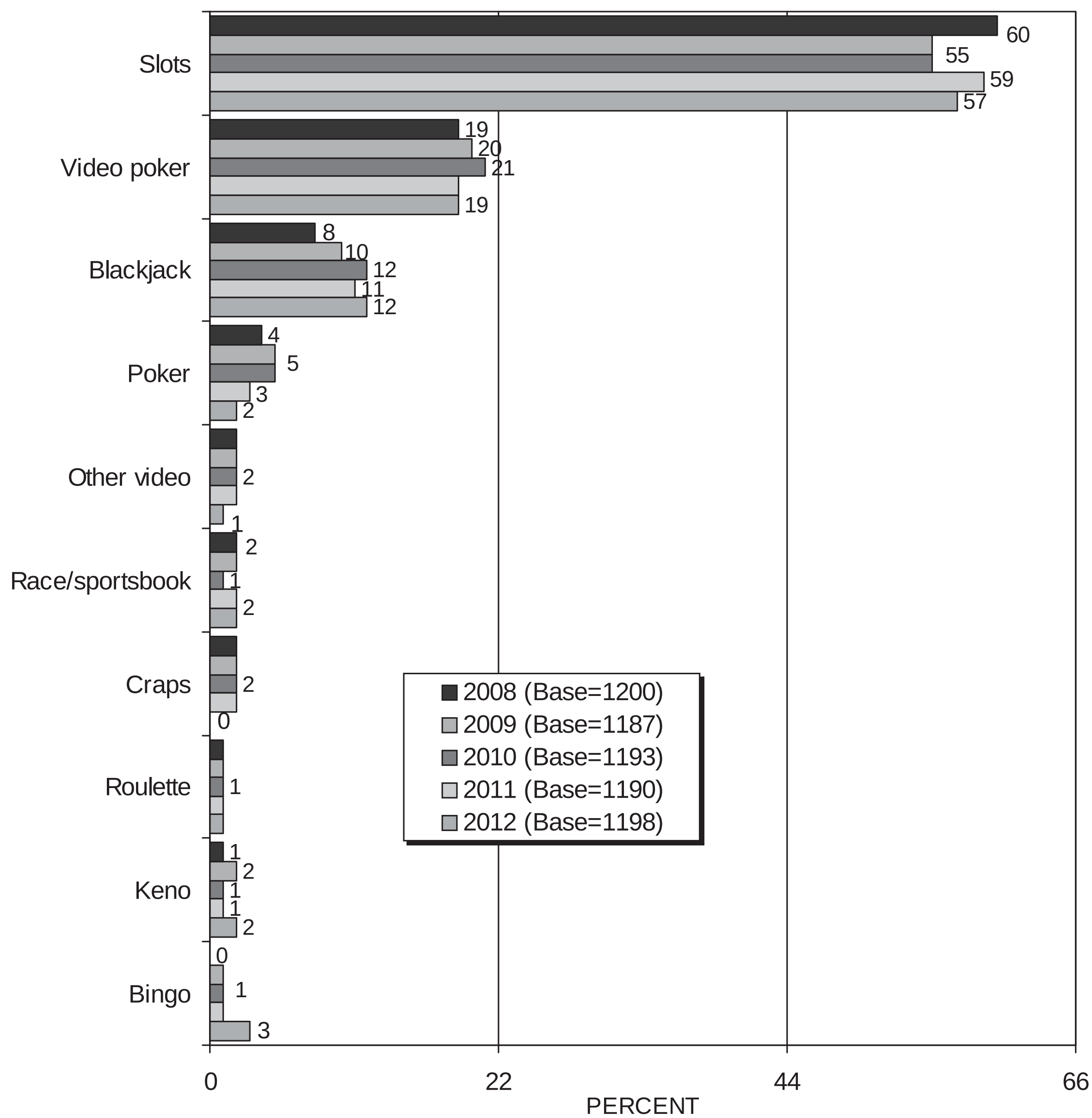
In 2012, Laughlin visitors who gambled said they spent an average of 6.0 hours doing so, not significantly different from past years (Figure 55). Six percent (6%) said they gambled two hours or less, down from 10% in 2008, 11% in 2009, and 8% in 2011. Twenty-four percent (24%) said they gambled seven to eight hours (up from 20% each in 2008 and 2009), while another 12% said they gambled nine to 10 hours (up from 9% each in 2008 and 2009). One percent (1%) gambled more than 10 hours, down from 2008 – 2011.

FIGURE 56
Number Of Different Casinos Gambled
(Among Those Who Gambled)



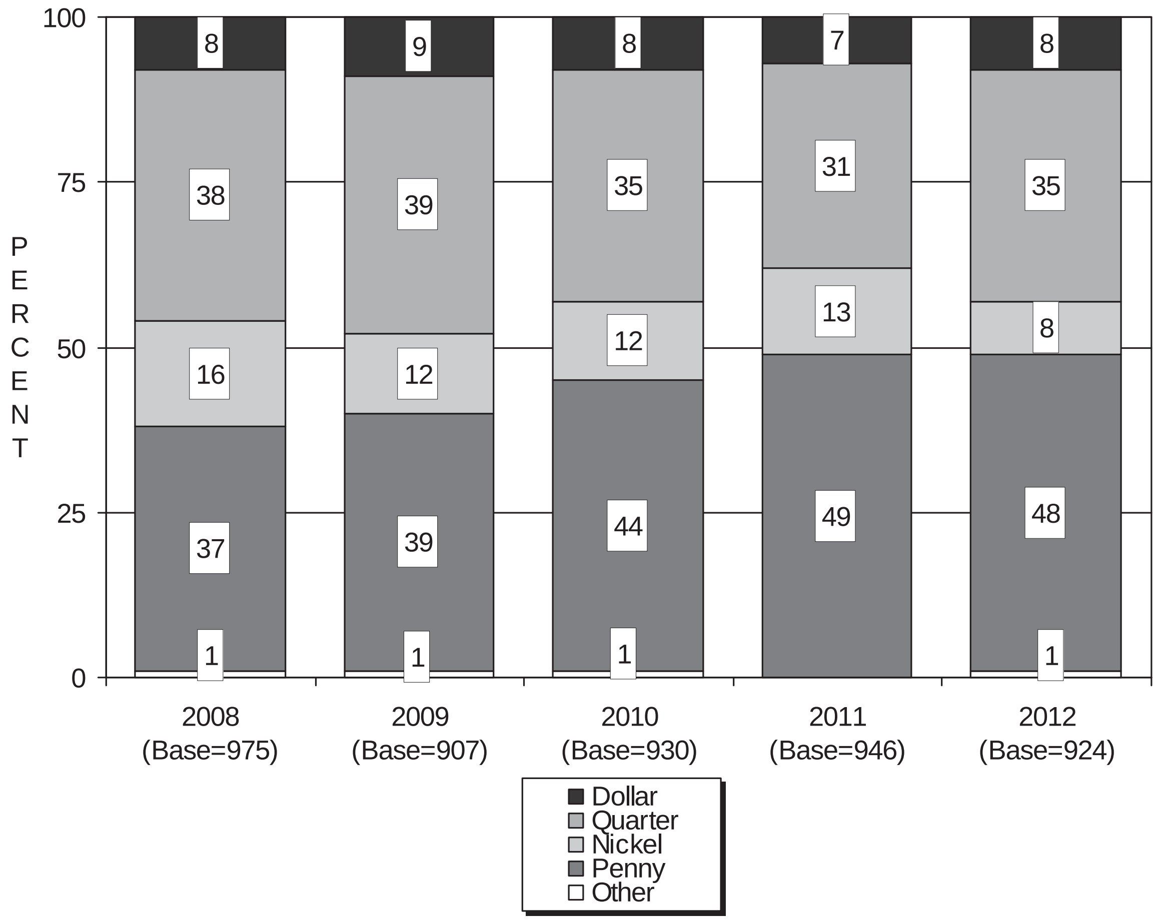
In 2012, gamblers reported gambling at an average of 3.0 casinos during their stay in Laughlin, a significant increase over the past four years (Figure 56). Twenty-one percent (21%) reported gambling at only one casino (down significantly from 2008 – 2011), while 32% reported gambling at four or more casinos (up from 5% in 2008, 11% in 2009, 16% in 2010, and 24% last year).

FIGURE 57
Casino Game Played Most Often
(Among Those Who Gambled)



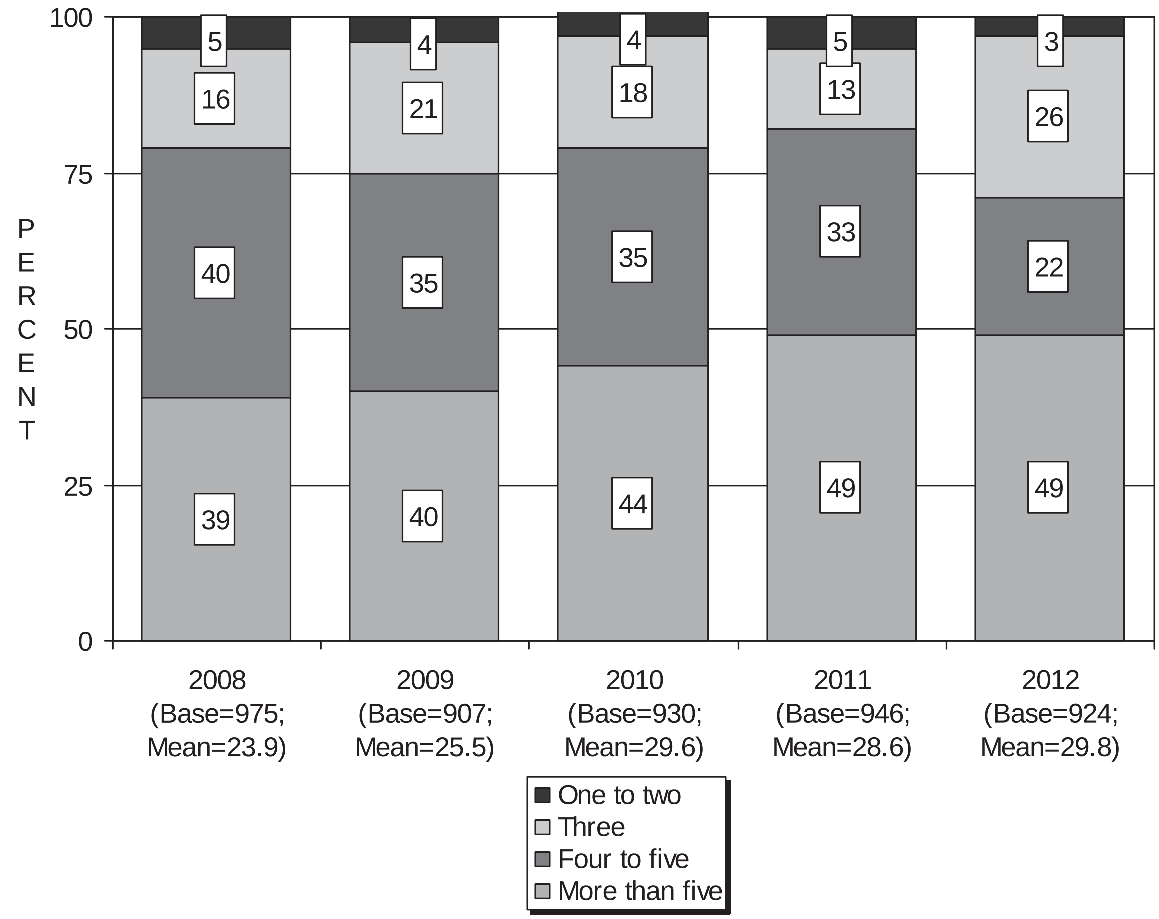
As Figure 57 shows, fifty-seven percent (57%) of gamblers in 2012 played slot machines most often, similar to past years. Nearly two in ten (19%) said they played video poker machines most often, followed by 12% who said blackjack (up from 8% in 2008). Two percent (2%) played poker most often, down significantly from 4% in 2008 and 5% each in 2009 and 2010.

FIGURE 58
Machine Denomination Played Most Often
(Among Those Who Played Slot And Video Machines)



Among those who played slot and video machines in 2012 (Figure 58), nearly one-half (48%) played penny machines most often, a significant increase from 37% in 2008 and 39% in 2009. Thirty-five percent (35%) played quarter machines most often, while 8% played nickel machines most often (down significantly from 16% in 2008, 12% each in 2009 and 2010, and 13% in 2011), while another 8% played dollar machines most often.

FIGURE 59
Average Coins/Tokens For Each Play*
(Among Those Who Played Slot And Video Machines)



Visitors who played slot and video machines were asked, on average, how many coins or tokens they usually insert before each play on a machine (Figure 59). Since 2010, there has been a dramatic increase in the number of coins/tokens played, likely due to the greatly increased popularity of penny machines. In 2012, the average number of coins or tokens per play was 29.8, not significantly different from the past two years, but up significantly from 23.9 in 2008 and 25.5 in 2009. Forty-nine percent (49%) reported playing more than five coins/tokens per play, up significantly from 39% in 2008, 40% in 2009, and 44% in 2010.

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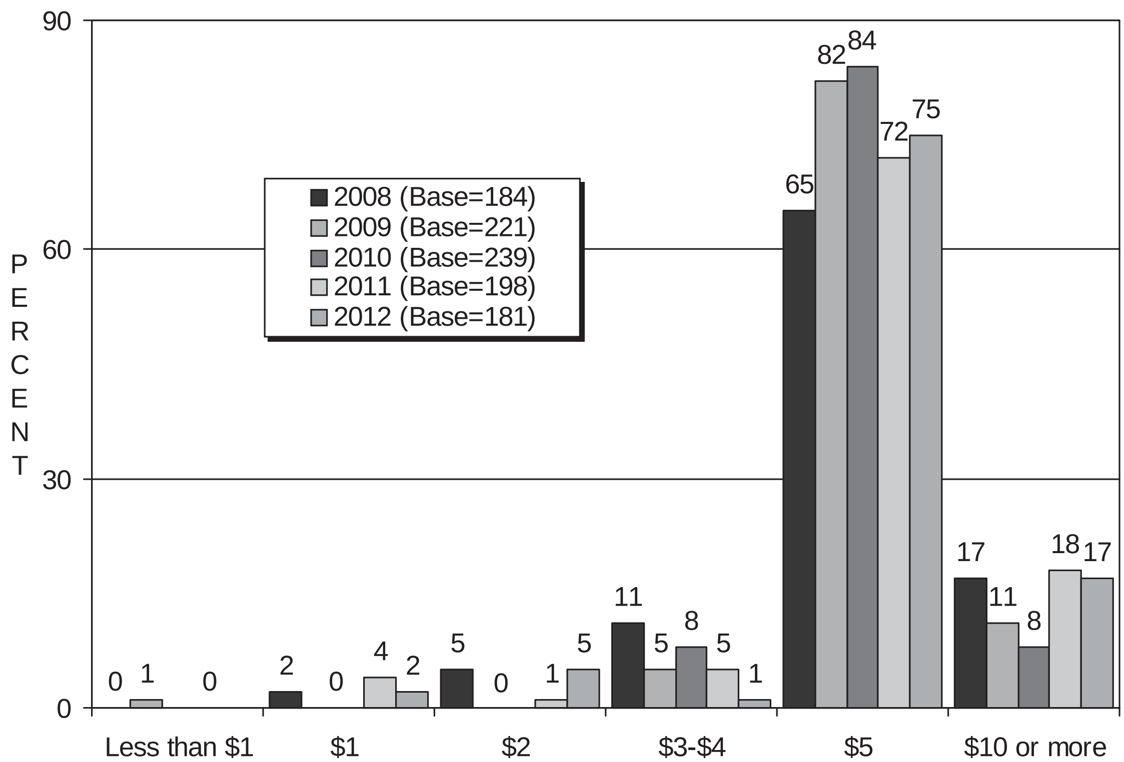
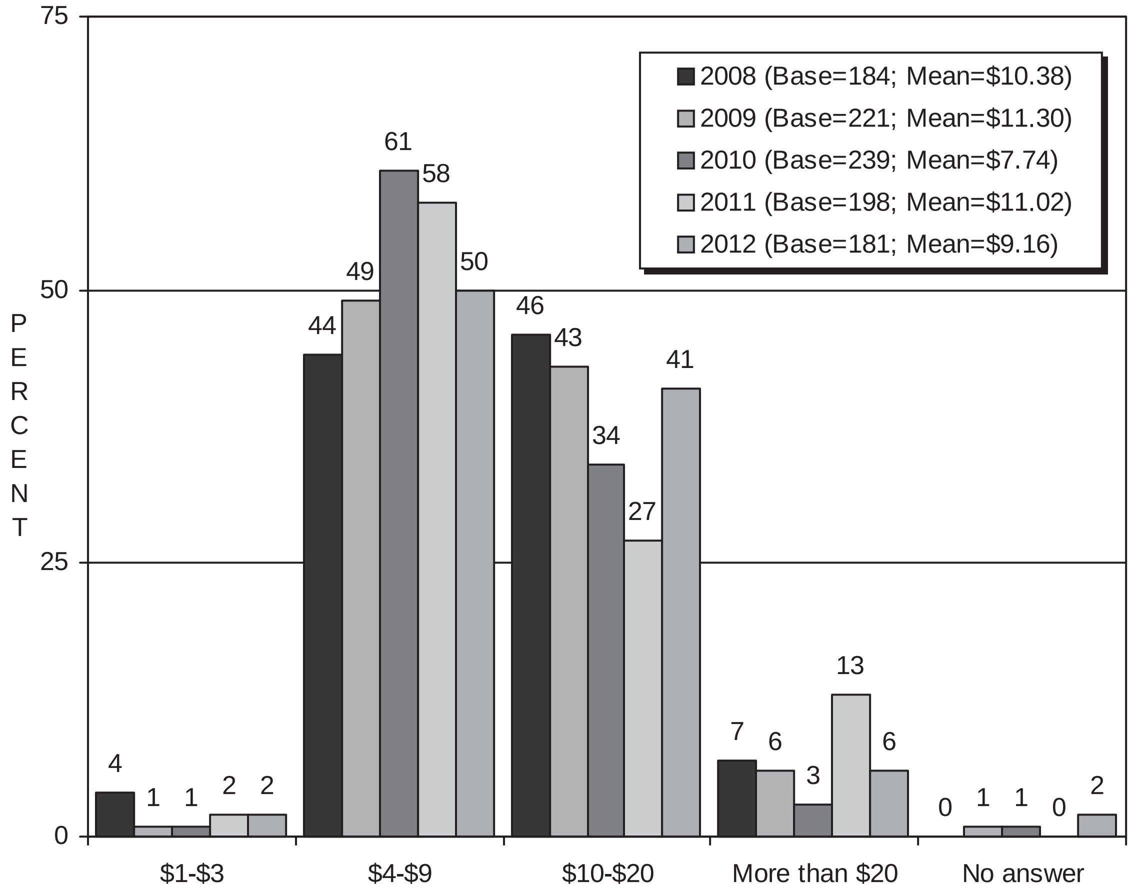
* Percentages may not add to 100% because of rounding.

FIGURE 60
Table Minimum Played Most Often
(Among Those Who Played Table Games)



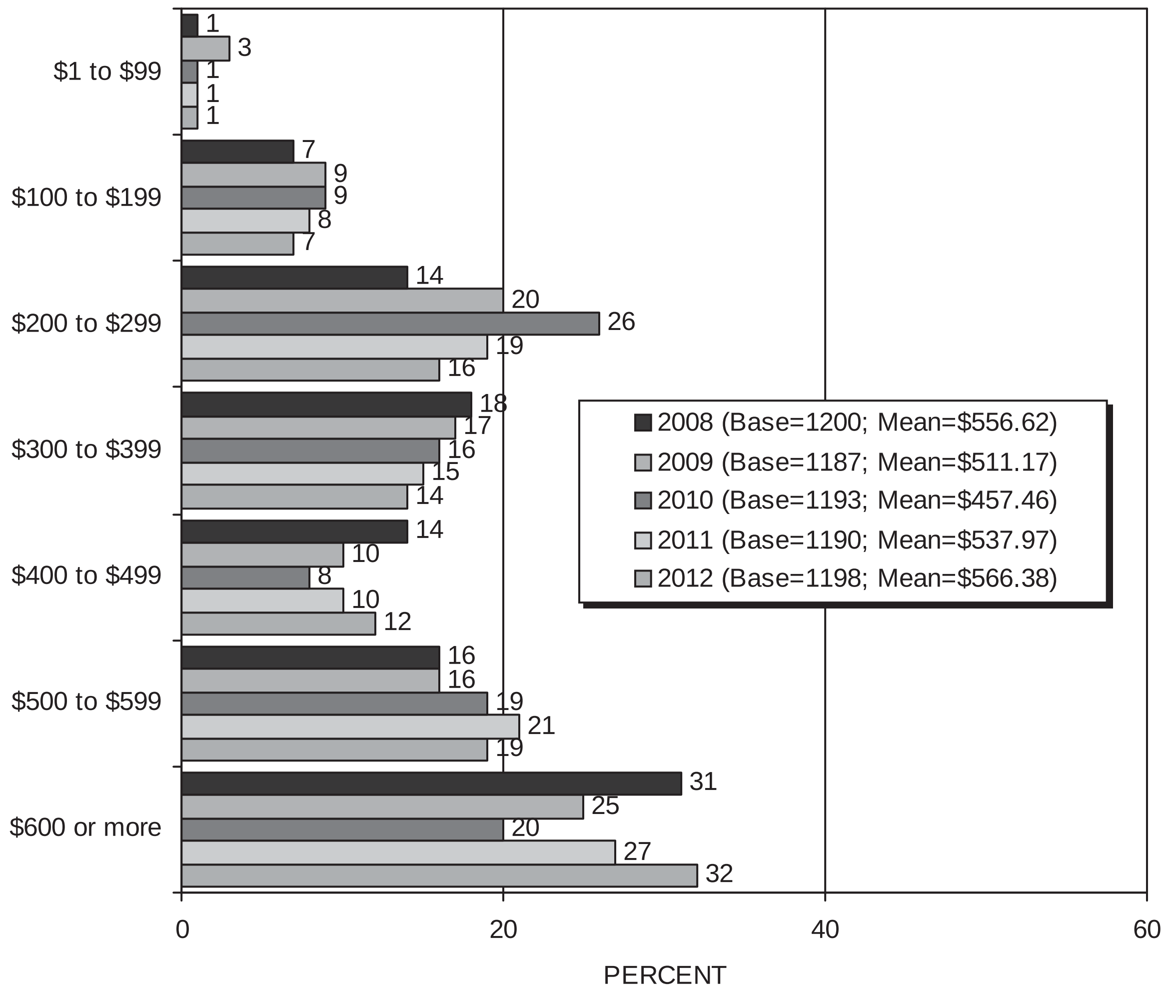
As Figure 60 shows, those who played table games most often in 2012 were most likely to say they played games with a $5 minimum (75%, up significantly from 65% in 2008 but down significantly from 84% in 2010). Seventeen percent (17%) played games with a $10 or greater minimum, up from 8% in 2010. Five percent (5%) played games with a $2 minimum (up from 1% last year), while 1% played games with $3-$4 minimums (down significantly from past years).

FIGURE 61
Average Bet — Table Games
(Among Those Who Played Table Games)



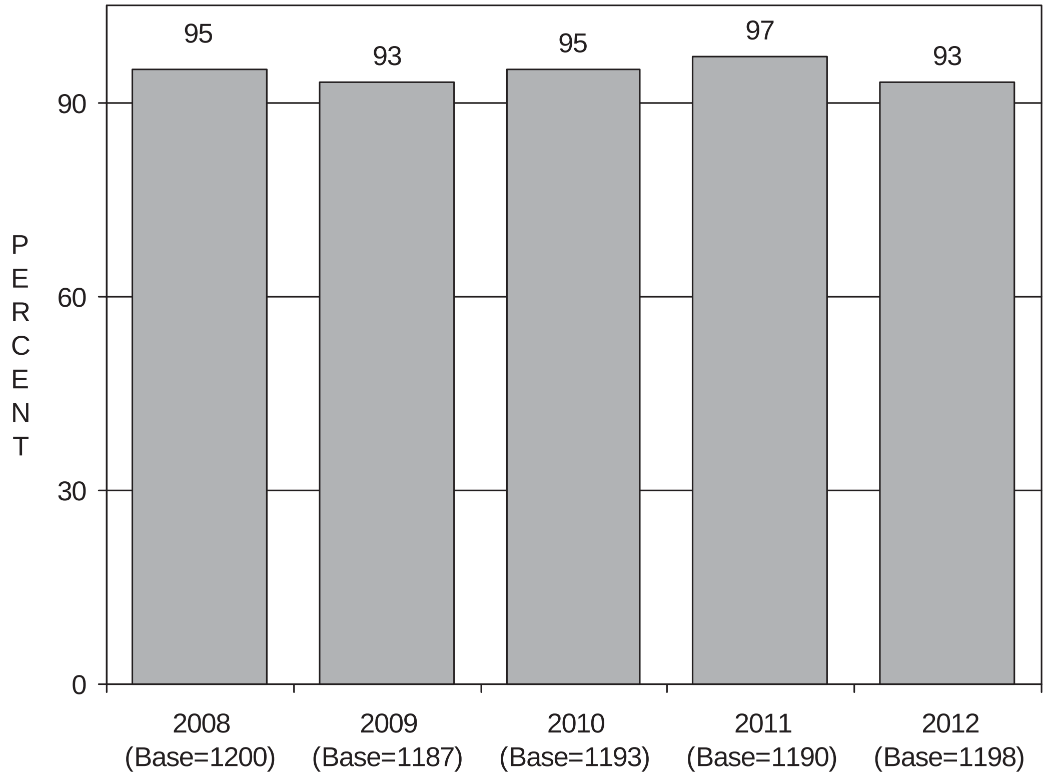
We asked those who played table games about the size of their usual bet (Figure 61). The reported average bet in 2012 was $9.16, up significantly from $7.74 in 2010. One-half (50%) of table games players said their average bet was from $4 to $9, down significantly from 61% in 2010. About four in ten (41%) said their average bet was from $10 to $20, up from 27% last year. Six percent (6%) said their average bet was more than $20 (down from 13% last year), while 2% said they bet $1 to $3.

FIGURE 62
Trip Gambling Budget
(Among Those Who Gambled)



The average gambling budget reported by visitors to Laughlin was $566.38, significantly higher than the averages of $511.17 in 2009 and $457.46 in 2010 (Figure 62). One-third (32%) said their gambling budget was $600 or more (up from 25% in 2009, 20% in 2010, and 27% in 2011), while another 19% said it was $500 to $599 (up from 16% each in 2008 and 2009).

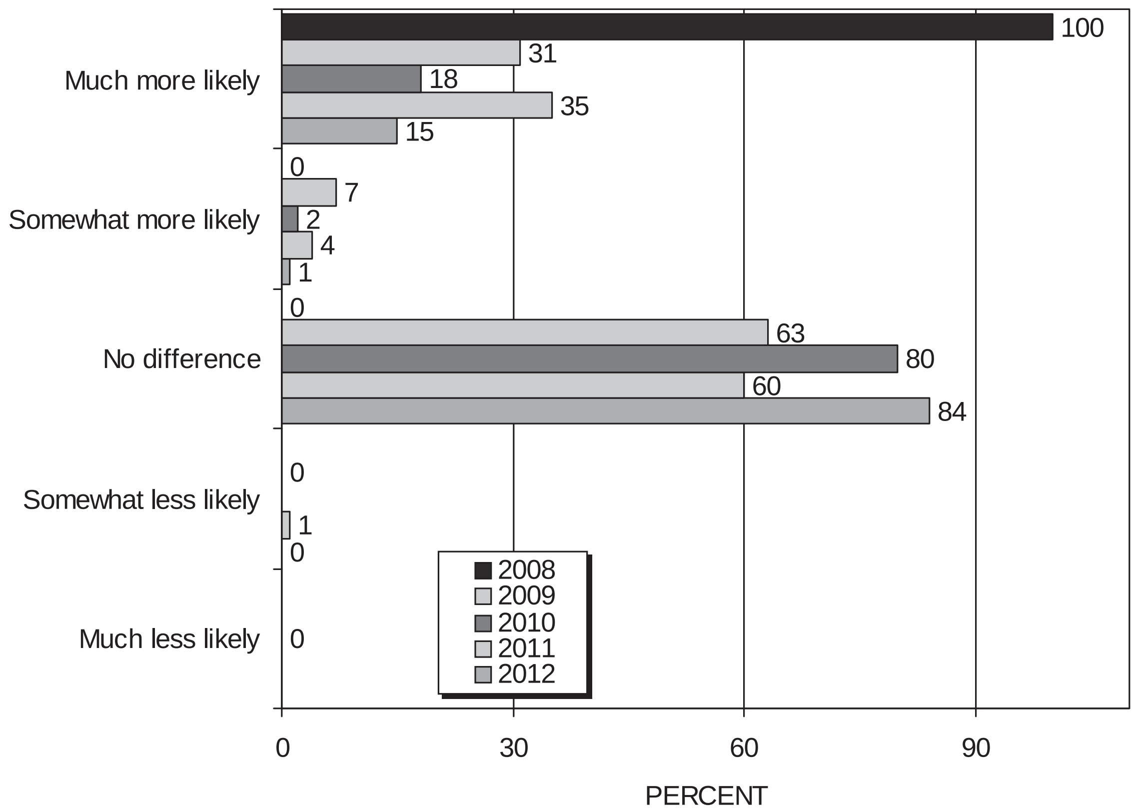
FIGURE 63
Whether Member Of A Slot/Loyalty Club*



Visitors who gambled during their current trip to Laughlin were asked if they were a member of a slot or loyalty club at any of the Laughlin resorts. In 2012, 93% of gamblers said they were (Figure 63), down significantly from 95% in 2010 and 97% in 2011.

* Only “yes” responses are presented in this chart.

FIGURE 64
Likelihood Of Visiting Laughlin With
More Places To Gamble Outside Laughlin*



All visitors to Laughlin were asked the following:

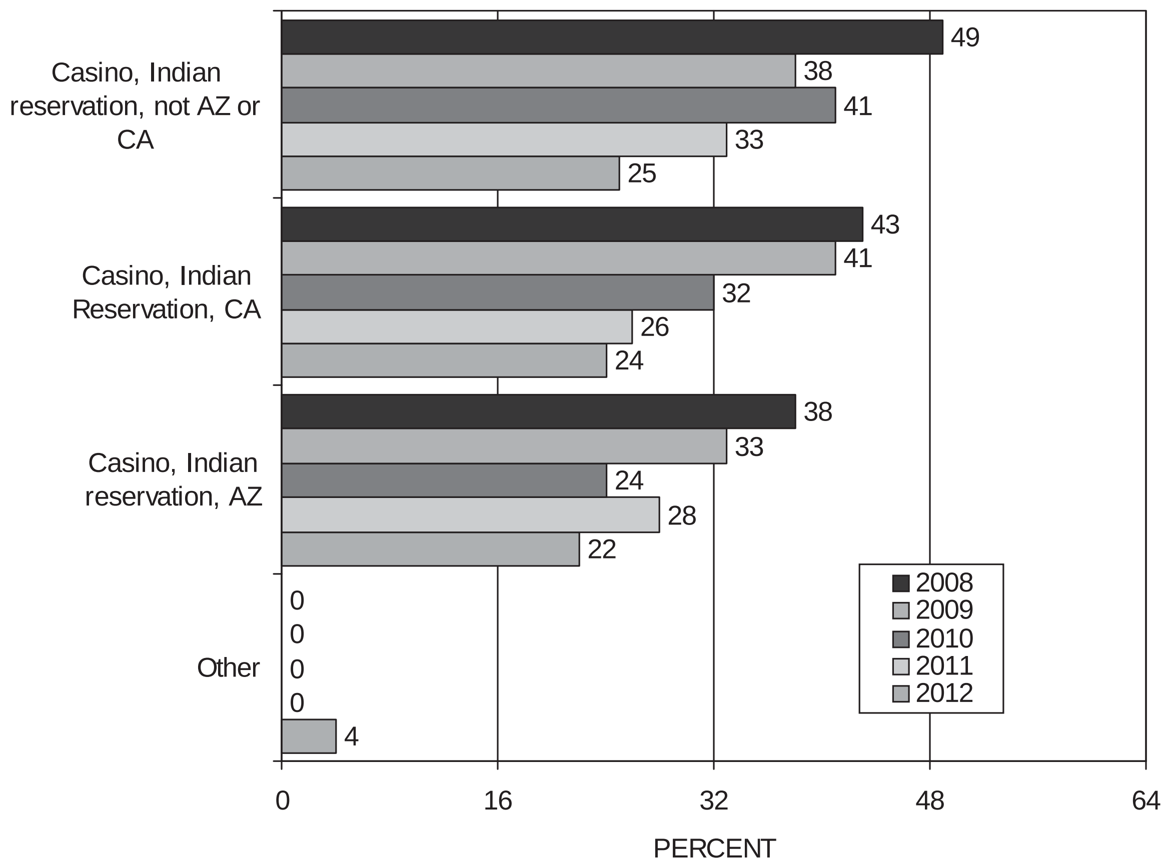
> "Now that there are more places to gamble outside of Laughlin, do you feel you are more likely or less likely to visit Laughlin, or does it not make a difference in your decision to visit Laughlin?"

In 2012, 84% said having more places to gamble would make no difference in their decision to visit Laughlin, up significantly from past years. Fifteen percent (15%) said that having other places to gamble made them *much more* likely to visit Laughlin (down significantly from 31% in 2009, and 35% in 2011), while 1% said it would make them *somewhat more* likely to visit, down from 2009 – 2011 (Figure 64).

---

* Beginning in 2009, this question was refined to address inconsistencies in interpreting and reporting of survey responses. GLS Research believes that the 2009-2012 results most accurately reflect the Laughlin visitor.

FIGURE 65
Where Visitors Gambled Outside Laughlin On Indian Reservations*
(Among All Visitors)



All visitors were asked about any gambling they had done at specific locations outside Laughlin within the past 12 months (Figure 65). Twenty-four percent (24%) reported gambling at an Indian reservation in California, down from 43% in 2008, 41% in 2009, and 32% in 2010. Twenty-two percent (22%) said they gambled at an Indian reservation in Arizona, down from 38% in 2008, 33% in 2009 and 28% in 2011. Twenty-five percent (25%) said they gambled at an Indian reservation outside of Arizona or California, down from 2008 – 2011 results.

* Multiple responses were permitted to this question.

ATTITUDINAL INFORMATION

Ninety-five percent (95%) of Laughlin visitors said they were “very satisfied” with their visit to Laughlin in the 2012 survey (Figure 66), up significantly from 92% in 2009. Four percent (4%) said they were “somewhat satisfied” with their visit, down from 7% in 2009.

FIGURE 66
Satisfaction With Visit

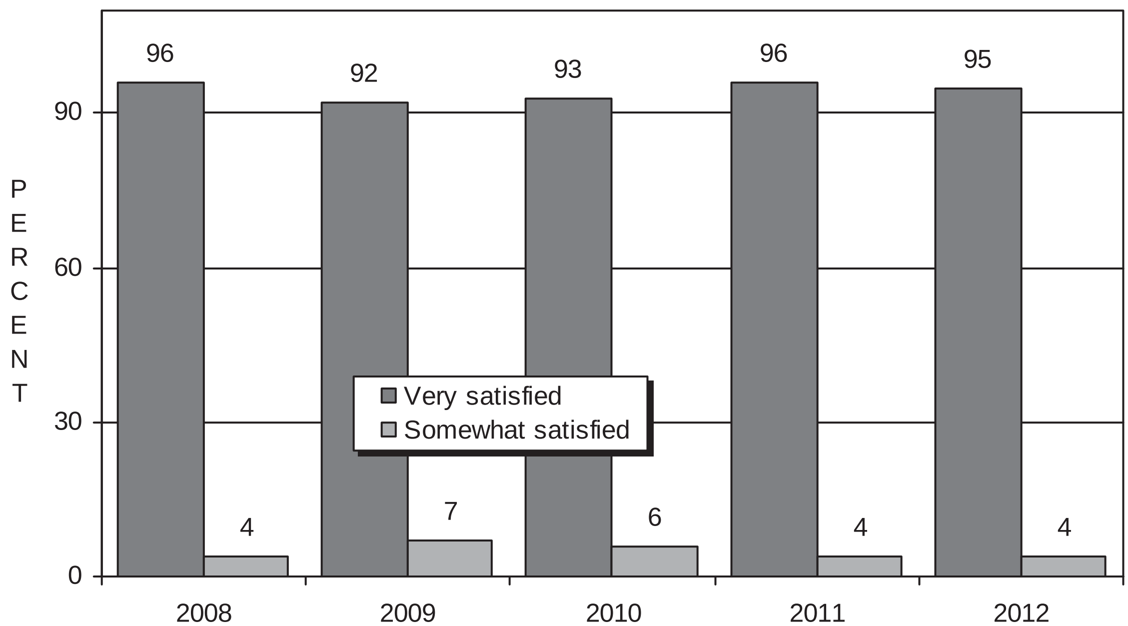
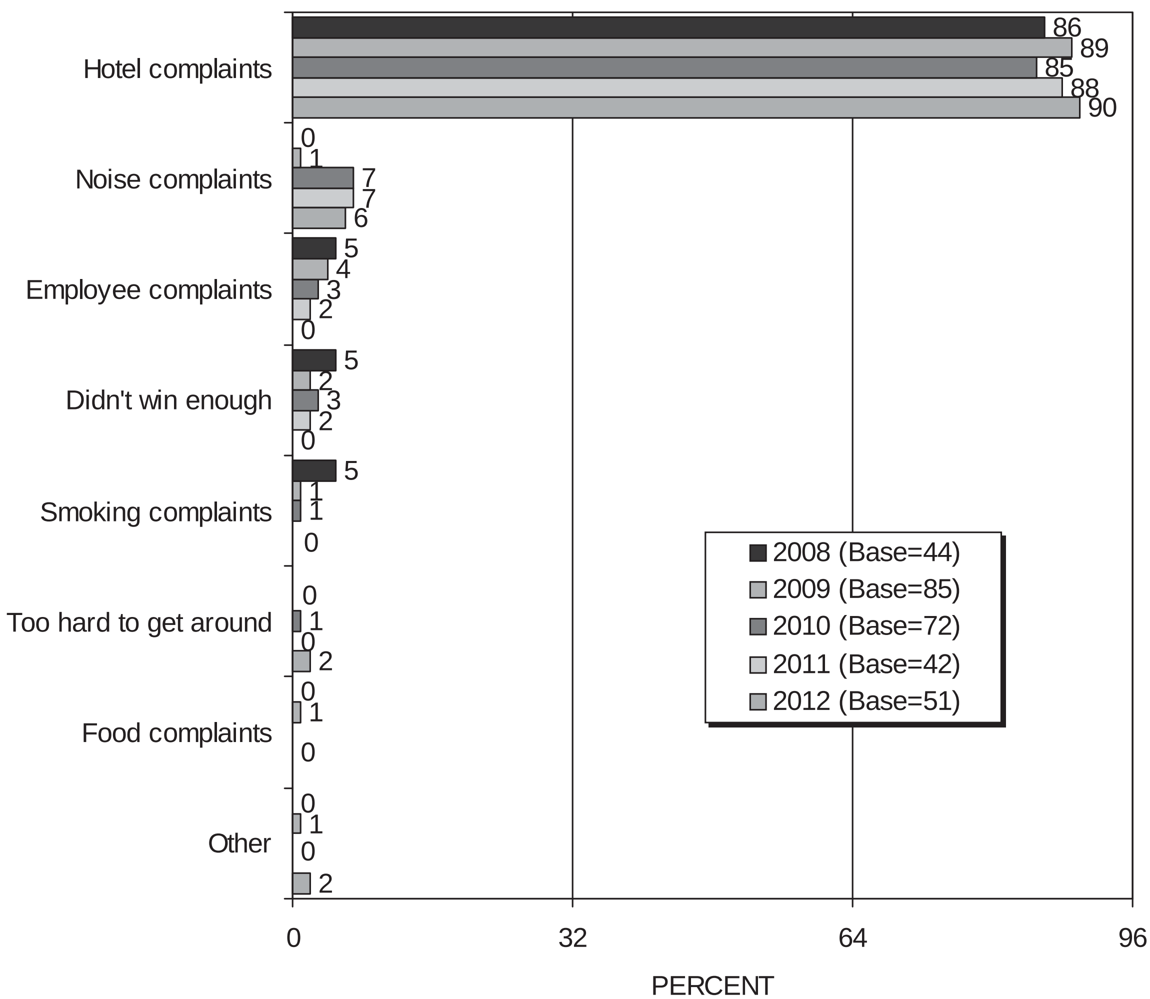
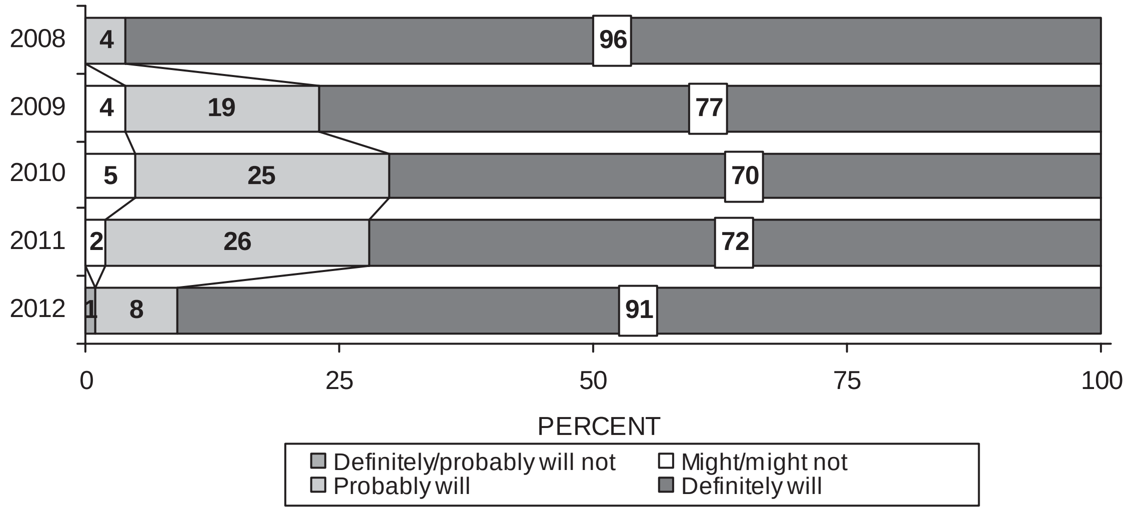


FIGURE 67
Why Not "Very" Satisfied With Visit
(Among Those Who Were "Somewhat" Satisfied)



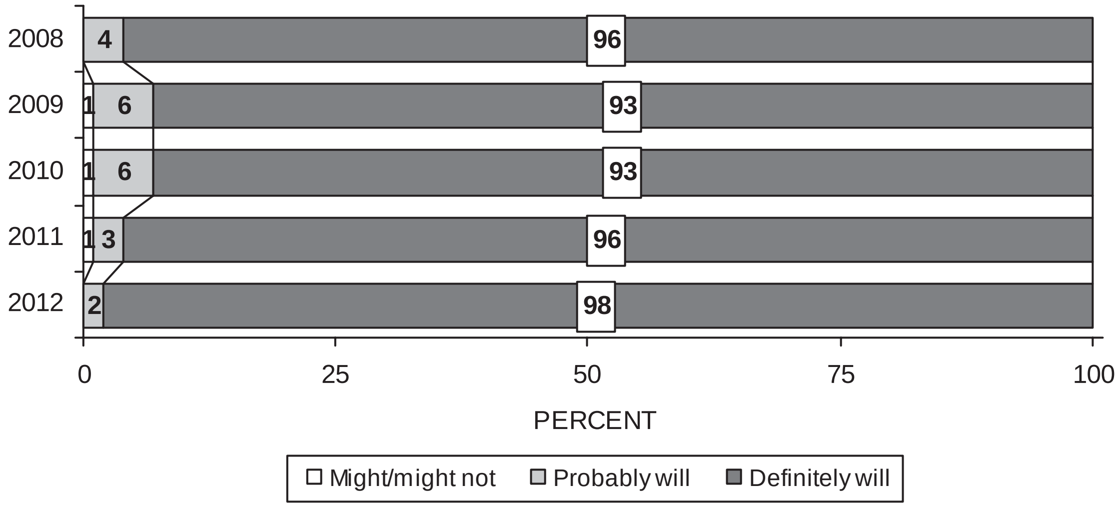
Those who were "somewhat" satisfied were asked why they were not "very" satisfied (Figure 67). Ninety percent (90%) mentioned complaints with their hotels, similar to past years. Six percent (6%) complained about noise, while 2% said it was hard to get around.

FIGURE 68
Likelihood Of Returning To Laughlin Next Year



Visitors were asked how likely they are to return to Laughlin next year (Figure 68). More than nine in ten (91%) said they “definitely will” return, down significantly from 96% in 2008, but up from 77% in 2009, 70% in 2010, and 72% in 2011. Eight percent (8%) said they “probably” will return to Laughlin in the next year, up from 4% in 2008, but down 19% in 2009, 25% in 2010, and 26% last year.

FIGURE 69
Likelihood Of Recommending Laughlin To Others



Visitors were also asked how likely they are to recommend Laughlin to others (Figure 69). Almost all (98%) said they “definitely will” recommend Laughlin to others, similar to past years.

VISITOR DEMOGRAPHICS

As Figures 70 and 71 show, 2012 visitors were most likely to be married (75%, down from 78% in 2008 and 79% in 2011) and white (84%, down from 88% in 2008). One-third of visitors (33%) were from California, while one-quarter (25%) were from Arizona (up from 21% in 2009 and 20% in 2010). Eight percent (8%) were foreign visitors, up from 4% in 2008 and 6% in 2009. Over one-half (54%) of visitors were 65 or older, up from 44% in 2008, 47% each in 2009 and 2010, and 49% last year. The average age was 63.1 years old, up from 2008 – 2011. Visitors were more likely to be retired (67%, up from 2008 – 2011) than employed (30%, down from 2008 – 2011). The largest proportion of visitors have a high school diploma or less (42%). Forty-seven percent (47%) have a household income of less than $60,000, down from 55% in 2009, 58% in 2010 and 51% in 2011.

FIGURE 70
VISITOR DEMOGRAPHICS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
GENDER					
Male	51%	50%	50%	51%	50%
Female	49	50	50	49	50
MARITAL STATUS					
Married	78	76	75	79	75
Single	9	12	11	8	14
Separated/divorced	5	5	6	5	3
Widowed	7	7	8	8	7
EMPLOYMENT					
Employed	45	42	41	38	30
Unemployed	1	1	1	2	1
Student	0	1	0	1	0
Retired	52	54	53	57	67
Homemaker	3	3	4	2	1
EDUCATION					
High school or less	45	44	43	45	42
Some college	33	32	31	21	28
College graduate	21	24	25	33	31
Trade/vocational school	1	0	1	1	0
AGE					
21 to 29	2	2	3	3	2
30 to 39	5	7	6	5	5
40 to 49	13	11	10	10	9
50 to 59	23	19	18	20	18
60 to 64	14	14	15	14	13
65 or older	44	47	47	49	54
MEAN	60.8	60.9	60.6	61.8	63.1
BASE	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)

FIGURE 71
VISITOR DEMOGRAPHICS
(Continued/2)

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
ETHNICITY					
White	88%	83%	82%	85%	84%
African-American/Black	2	3	3	2	3
Asian/Asian American	1	2	2	1	2
Hispanic/Latino	9	11	12	10	11
Other	0	1	2	1	0
HOUSEHOLD INCOME					
Less than $20,000	2	3	4	3	3
$20,000 to $39,999	16	22	27	17	12
$40,000 to $59,999	33	30	27	31	32
$60,000 to $79,999	22	22	20	24	30
$80,000 or more	26	23	21	23	23
Not sure/no answer	2	1	1	1	0
VISITOR ORIGIN					
U.S.A.	96	94	94	93	92
Eastern states*	2	2	2	1	1
Southern states†	6	6	7	4	5
Midwestern states‡	18	15	14	15	12
Western states§	71	72	71	74	74
California	33	35	35	33	33
Southern California	30	33	32	31	31
Northern California	2	2	3	2	2
Arizona	24	21	20	26	25
Greater Las Vegas	3	3	2	3	3
Other West	12	13	13	13	13
Foreign	4	6	6	7	8
BASE	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)	(1200)

* Eastern states: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

† Southern states: Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.

‡ Midwestern states: Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

§ Western states: Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

APPENDIX:

QUESTIONNAIRE WITH AGGREGATE RESULTS

RESPONDENT ID# ____ ____ ____ ____

INTERVIEW DATE: ___ ___/___ ___/___ ___

INTERVIEW LOCATION CODE ____ ____ ____ ____

TIME STARTED (USE 24-HOUR CLOCK)

____ ____:____ ____

TIME ENDED (USE 24-HOUR CLOCK)

____ ____:____ ____

INTERVIEW LENGTH ____ ____ MIN.

INTERVIEWER ID # ___ ___

RESPONDENT GENDER (BY OBSERVATION)

MALE............................50%

FEMALE........................50

Hello. I'm _________________ from GLS Research, a national marketing research firm. We are conducting a survey of visitors for the Laughlin Visitors Bureau. All answers are kept strictly confidential.

1. Are you a visitor to the Laughlin/Bullhead City area, or are you a resident of the Laughlin/ Bullhead City area?

VISITOR	**ASK Q2**
RESIDENT .... NOT SURE/DK......... REFUSED/NA	**TERMINATE**

2. We are supposed to interview people who are 21 years old or older. Are you 21 years old or older?

YES	**ASK Q3**
NO .... NOT SURE/DK......... REFUSED/NA	**TERMINATE**

3. Will you be leaving Laughlin within the next 24 hours?

YES..........................	**ASK A1**
NO .... NOT SURE/DK .... REFUSED/NA..........	**TERMINATE**

A1. Is this your first visit to Laughlin, or have you visited before?

FIRST VISIT 13%	**SKIP TO A6 ON PAGE 3**
VISITED BEFORE.87 NOT SURE/DK ....0 REFUSED/NA..........0	**ASK A2**

A2. Including this trip, how many times have you visited Laughlin in the *past 5 years*? **(RECORD NUMBER BELOW AS 2 DIGITS. IF RESPONDENT SAYS "1," CONFIRM THAT THIS IS NOT THE RESPONDENT'S FIRST VISIT.)**

10.5 MEAN (ALL VISITORS)
11.9 MEAN (REPEAT VISITORS) (N=1048)

A3. Including this trip, how many times have you visited Laughlin in the *past 12 months*? **(RECORD NUMBER BELOW AS 2 DIGITS.)**

2.9 MEAN (ALL VISITORS)
3.2 MEAN (REPEAT VISITORS) (N=1048)

A4. Have you visited Laughlin in the past to attend a special event such as River Days, a rodeo, a car or motorcycle rally, or an outdoor concert?

(N=1048)

YES	32%
NO	68
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

A5. Thinking back to your *FIRST trip to Laughlin*, what was your primary reason for visiting? **(ASK AS OPEN END. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE. WRITE RESPONSE IN BLANK BELOW.)** (N=1048)

TO ATTEND OR WORK AT A CONVENTION/TRADE SHOW	0%
TO ATTEND A CORPORATE MEETING	0
VACATION/PLEASURE	26
TO GAMBLE	10
VISIT FRIENDS/RELATIVES	42
TO ATTEND A SPECIAL EVENT (E.G., DESERT CHALLENGE, A RODEO, A CAR OR MOTORCYCLE RALLY, OR AN OUTDOOR CONCERT)	3
TO ATTEND/PARTICIPATE IN A CASINO TOURNAMENT	0
OTHER BUSINESS PURPOSES	0
WATER-BASED RECREATION	3
JUST PASSING THROUGH	16
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

A6. **(ASK OF ALL RESPONDENTS.)** What was the *primary purpose* of *THIS* trip to Laughlin? **(ASK AS OPEN END. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE. WRITE RESPONSE IN BLANK BELOW.)**

TO ATTEND OR WORK AT A CONVENTION/TRADE SHOW	0%
VACATION/PLEASURE	73
TO GAMBLE	19
VISIT FRIENDS/RELATIVES	7
TO ATTEND/PARTICIPATE IN A CASINO TOURNAMENT	0
OTHER BUSINESS PURPOSES	0
WATER-BASED RECREATION	0
JUST PASSING THROUGH	0
SOME OTHER REASON	0
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

INTERVIEWER:
CONTINUE WITH A8.

A8. Did you (or will you) participate in a gaming tournament (for example a video poker, slot machine, blackjack, or poker tournament)?

YES	13%
NO	87
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

B1. Did you travel to Laughlin by... **(READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)**

Air	12%
Bus (IF "YES" ASK, "Do you mean...":)	
Regularly scheduled bus service like Greyhound	0
Or a chartered or escorted bus service or bus tour	3
Truck	1
Automobile	81
Motorcycle	0
Recreational Vehicle (RV)	3
REFUSED/NA	0

B2. How far in advance did you plan this trip to Laughlin? **(ASK AS OPEN END.)**

SAME DAY	3%
1-3 DAYS BEFORE	9
4-6 DAYS BEFORE	2
7-14 DAYS BEFORE	22
15-30 DAYS BEFORE	26
31-60 DAYS BEFORE	15
61-90 DAYS BEFORE	10
MORE THAN 90 DAYS BEFORE	13
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

B3. Did a travel agency assist you in planning your trip?

YES 0%	**SKIP TO B4**
NO 100	**ASK B3a**
NOT SURE/DK.....0 REFUSED/NA......0	**SKIP TO B4a**

B3a. What is the MAIN reason you did not use a travel agent to help you plan your trip? **(ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=1200)

CALLED 800# 53%
GOT INVITE FROM HOTEL/CASINO ...26
USED THE INTERNET 10
DAY TRIP/STAYING WITH FRIENDS/ RELATIVES...3
BUSINESS/COMPANY MADE PLANS....2
LAST MINUTE DECISION/NO TIME.......3
ALL OTHER MENTIONS 3

AFTER ASKING B3a, SKIP TO B4a

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

(ASK ONLY OF THOSE WHO SAID "YES" IN B3.)
B4. Did the travel agent... **(READ LIST)**
(N=0)

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	RE-FUSED
Influence your decision to visit Laughlin?	0%	0%	0%	0%
Influence your choice of accommodations?................	0	0	0	0
"Book" your accommodations?	0	0	0	0
"Book" your transportation?	0	0	0	0

B4a. Did you use the Internet in planning your trip?

YES 11%	**ASK B4b**
NO .... 89 NOT SURE/DK.......0 REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO B5**

INTERVIEWER PLEASE NOTE: A RESPONDENT *MAY* BOOK ACCOMMODATIONS OR TRANSPORTATION THROUGH A TRAVEL AGENT *OR* THROUGH THE INTERNET — BUT NOT BOTH. HOWEVER, THEY CAN BE INFLUENCED BY BOTH A TRAVEL AGENT AND THE INTERNET.

B4b. **(ASK OF RESPONDENTS WHO SAID "YES" IN B4a.)**
Did you use the Internet to... **(READ LIST)**
(N=137)

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	RE-FUSED
"Book" your accommodations?	93%	7%	0%	0%
"Book" your transportation?	12	88	0	0

B4c. Did you find information on the Internet that... **(READ LIST)**
(N=137)

	YES	NO	DON'T KNOW	RE-FUSED
Influenced your decision to visit Laughlin?	5%	95%	0%	0%
Influenced your choice of accommodations?...............	93	7	0	0

B5. At what point in your planning did you decide... **(READ LIST *AND FIRST 3 RESPONSE CODES*)**

AMONG ALL RESPONDENTS:	Before Leaving Home	While En Route To Laughlin	After Arrival	DOES NOT APPLY	DON'T KNOW	RE-FUSED
				DO *NOT* READ THESE RESPONSE CODES		
a. Where you would stay?	94%	1%	3%	3%	0%	0%
b. Where you would gamble?	92	1	7	0	0	0
c. Which shows you would see?	25	0	46	28	1	0

AMONG THOSE TO WHOM THE QUESTION APPLIES:	Before Leaving Home	While En Route To Laughlin	After Arrival	DK/NA	
a. Where you would stay?	97%	1%	3%	0%	(N=1163)
b. Where you would gamble?	92	1	7	0	(N=1198)
c. Which shows you would see?	34	<1	64	2	(N=867)

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

B6. Did you travel to Laughlin directly from your permanent (primary) residence or from another location?

FROM PERMANENT RESIDENCE 98%	**SKIP TO C1**
FROM ANOTHER LOCATION 2	**ASK B7**
NOT SURE/DK .... 0 REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO C1**

B7. Where are you traveling from? **(PROBE FOR LOCATION IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO LAUGHLIN VISIT.)** (N=26)

LAS VEGAS 50%	**ASK B7a**
ARIZONA .... 27 CALIFORNIA .... 12 OTHER .... 12 NOT SURE/DK .... 0 REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO C1**

B7a. Did you travel to Las Vegas by... **(READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=13)

Air 62%

Automobile, truck, RV, bus 38

C1. On this trip to Laughlin, where did you lodge? **(ASK AS OPEN END. ACCEPT ONLY *ONE* RESPONSE. CIRCLE CODE NUMBER. <u>INTERVIEWER</u>: A "LODGING" IS ANY PLACE THE RESPONDENT *SLEPT* OVERNIGHT. SOME PEOPLE COME TO LAUGHLIN AT NIGHT JUST TO GAMBLE THROUGH THE NIGHT AND LEAVE THE NEXT DAY. THESE PEOPLE DID NOT "LODGE" ANYWHERE (CODE #5000).)**

<u>TYPE OF LODGING</u>

HOTEL	94%
MOTEL	0
RV PARK	2
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	1
DAYTRIP/OTHER	3

<u>LOCATION OF LODGING</u>

LAUGHLIN	95%
BULLHEAD CITY	0
DAYTRIP/LOCATION COULD NOT BE DETERMINED	5

<u>TYPE OF LODGING</u>
(AMONG THOSE WHO STAYED OVERNIGHT)
(N=1163)

HOTEL	97%
MOTEL	<1
RV PARK	2
FRIENDS/RELATIVES	1
OTHER	0

IF RESPONSE TO C1 IS A HOTEL OR MOTEL (CODES 1000-2999), ASK C1a THROUGH C8a.

IF RESPONSE TO C1 IS AN RV PARK (CODES 3000-3999), ASK C1a & C2, <u>THEN SKIP TO C9 ON PAGE 9</u>.

IF RESPONSE TO C1 IS CODE #4000 <u>OR HIGHER</u>, SKIP TO C9 ON PAGE 9.

C1a. Which of the following **[SHOW CARD]** best describes how you, or someone in your party, booked your accommodations in Laughlin? **(ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=1157)

a. Booked by phone, calling the hotel, motel, or RV park directly.. 81%
b. Booked through a travel agent (either in person or by phone)........0
c. Booked by phone but not by calling the hotel directly and not through a travel agent 0
d. Booked at a website on the Internet 11
e. Booked in person at the hotel, motel, or RV park 4
f. The trip was a gift, prize, or incentive, so the accommodations were booked for you 4
g. Not sure because someone else in your party booked the hotel and you don't know how they did it 0

OTHER 0
REFUSED/NA 0

C1b. **(IF RESPONSE "d" IN C1b IS CHOSEN, ASK:)** Which Web site did you use to book your accommodations? **(ASK AS AN OPEN END. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE).** (N=127)

EXPEDIA.COM 20%
TRAVEL.COM 0
ORBITZ 1
PRICELINE.COM 1
CHEAPTICKETS................................ 0
TRAVELOCITY 2
YAHOO 3
HOTEL WEB SITE (ANY).. 71
OTHER 3
NOT SURE/DK................................... 0
REFUSED/NA 0

C2. How far in advance did you make your reservations for your (hotel room/motel room/RV park space) for this trip to Laughlin? **(ASK AS OPEN END.)** (N=1157)

SAME DAY 4%
1-3 DAYS BEFORE.......... 12
4-6 DAYS BEFORE............ 5
7-14 DAYS BEFORE........ 29
15-30 DAYS BEFORE...... 30
31-60 DAYS BEFORE...... 10
61-90 DAYS BEFORE........ 6
MORE THAN 90 DAYS BEFORE 3
NOT SURE/DK 0
REFUSED/NA..................... 0

PEOPLE STAYING IN AN RV PARK (CODE 3000-3999 IN C1) SHOULD SKIP TO C9 ON PAGE 8 *AFTER BEING ASKED C2.*

C3. Including yourself, how many people stayed in your room? (N=1135)

ONE 8%
TWO 82
THREE................................6
FOUR OR MORE 3
REFUSED/NA.....................0
2.0 MEAN

INTERVIEWER:
QUESTION C4 DOES NOT APPEAR IN THIS VERSION OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE.

C5. Which of the following rate categories best describes your room rate? **(SHOW CARD. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=1135)

HOTEL/AIRLINE PACKAGE DEAL..........13% HOTEL/AMENITIES PACKAGE DEAL...........0 TOUR/ TRAVEL GROUP 0	**ASK C6**
CONVENTION GROUP/ COMPANY MEETING....0 CASINO RATE.............33 REGULAR FULL-PRICE ROOM RATE......9	**SKIP TO C8**
CASINO COMPLIMENTARY......44	**SKIP TO C9**
ANOTHER RATE...........0 NOT SURE/DK...............0 REFUSED/NA................0	**SKIP TO C8**

C6. What was the total *PER PERSON* cost of your package? **(ROUND TO NEAREST DOLLAR. WRITE AMOUNT IN BLANKS BELOW.)**

(N=152)

Less than $50..................1%
$50 - $99.......................13
$100 - $149...................10
$150 OR MORE............77
NOT SURE/REFUSED ...0
$235.24 MEAN
$258.00 MEDIAN

C6a. How did you *first* find out about this package? **(DO *NOT* READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=152)

OUTDOOR BILLBOARD.................... 0%
BROCHURE...................................... 4
E-MAIL OFFER.................................. 0
INTERNET AD (POP-UP OR BANNER AD)............................... 0
OFFER RECEIVED IN THE MAIL.... 39
NEWSPAPER.................................... 1
RADIO 0
RESERVATION AGENT/ CALL CENTER................................ 27
TELEVISION...................................... 0
TRAVEL AGENT 0
ANY WEB SITE 7
WORD-OF-MOUTH.......................... 22
OTHER 0
NOT SURE/DK 1
REFUSED/NA.................................... 0

SKIP TO C9

C8. **(ASK ONLY OF NON-PACKAGE VISITORS)** By the time you leave Laughlin, how much will you have spent, *on average per night*, on your hotel or motel room? **(ROUND TO NEAREST DOLLAR. WRITE AMOUNT IN BLANKS BELOW.)**

(N=479)

Less than $25.................... 26%
$25 - $49............................ 51
$50 OR MORE................... 23
NOT SURE/NO ANSWER... 0
$37.26 MEAN
$35.00 MEDIAN

C8a. How did you *first* find out about the room rate you paid? **(DO *NOT* READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=479)

OUTDOOR BILLBOARD..................0%
BROCHURE.....................................3
E-MAIL OFFER 1
INTERNET AD (POP-UP OR BANNER AD).............................3
OFFER RECEIVED IN THE MAIL ..19
NEWSPAPER 0
RADIO 0
RESERVATION AGENT/ CALL CENTER................................38
TRAVEL AGENT 0
ANY WEB SITE..............................17
WORD-OF-MOUTH 19
OTHER 0
NOT SURE/DK.................................0
REFUSED/NA 0

C9. **(ASK OF ALL RESPONDENTS.)** Including yourself, how many *adults* 21 years old or older are in your *IMMEDIATE* party (such as a spouse or friends who are traveling with you)? **(IF RESPONDENT SAYS MORE THAN 8, EXPLAIN:** "If you are part of a tour group, do *not* include all members of your tour group -- only those adult friends and relatives who are traveling with you.")

(WRITE TWO-DIGIT NUMBER IN BLANKS BELOW.)

1......................................9%
2....................................84
3......................................6
4 OR MORE 1
2.0 MEAN
2.0 MEDIAN

C10. Are there any people under *the age of 21* in your *IMMEDIATE* party?

YES 3%
NO 97
NOT SURE/DK................ 0
REFUSED/NA 0

C12. By the time you leave, how many *nights* will you have stayed in Laughlin? **(WRITE TWO-DIGIT NUMBER IN BLANKS BELOW.)**

DAYTRIP 3%
1 5
2 26
3 33
4 18
5 OR MORE........................... 16
3.3 MEAN
3.0 MEDIAN

C13. By the time you leave, how many *days* will you have been in Laughlin? **(WRITE TWO-DIGIT NUMBER IN BLANKS BELOW. MUST BE AT LEAST "01.")**

1 .... 3%
2 5
3 26
4 33
5 18
6 OR MORE........................... 16
4.3 MEAN
4.0 MEDIAN

C14. On what day of the week did you arrive in Laughlin?

SUNDAY................................ 13%
MONDAY 13
TUESDAY.............................. 15
WEDNESDAY......................... 16
THURSDAY 16
FRIDAY.................................. 14
SATURDAY 14
REFUSED/NA.......................... 0

D1. Have you gambled during this visit to Laughlin?

YES 100%	**ASK D2**
NO ....0 NOT SURE/DK........0 REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO D12 ON PAGE 10**

D2. On average, how many hours *PER DAY* did you spend gambling? **(WRITE TWO-DIGIT NUMBER IN BLANKS BELOW. IF GREATER THAN 12, CLARIFY BY ASKING:** "Do you mean that you spent on average **[FILL IN NUMBER OF HOURS]** hours gambling *every day you were here*?") (N=1198)

1 TO 2 HOURS 6%
3 TO 4 HOURS 24
5 TO 6 HOURS 34
7 TO 8 HOURS 24
9 TO 10 HOURS 12
MORE THAN 10 HOURS........... 1
6.0 MEAN
6.0 MEDIAN

D3. How many different casinos have you gambled at during your stay in Laughlin? **(WRITE TWO-DIGIT NUMBER IN BLANKS BELOW.)** (N=1198)

1... 21%
2... 24
3... 23
4... 13
5 TO 6....................................... 15
MORE THAN 6.......................... 4
3.0 MEAN
3.0 MEDIAN

D4. Which type of casino game do you play *MOST OFTEN*. **(DO NOT READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=1198)

SLOT MACHINES ..... 57% VIDEO POKER.......... 19 OTHER VIDEO MACHINES (21, KENO, ETC.) 1	**ASK D5**
BACCARAT .... 0 BIG 6........................... 0	**SKIP TO D7**
BINGO 3	**SKIP TO D10**
BLACKJACK............. 12 CARIBBEAN STUD POKER .... 0 CRAPS 0	**SKIP TO D7**
KENO.......................... 2	**SKIP TO D10**
POKER 2	**SKIP TO D7**
RACE/SPORTS-BOOK 2	**SKIP TO D10**
ROULETTE................. 1	**SKIP TO D7**
OTHER .... 0 NOT SURE/DK .... 0 REFUSED/NA............. 0	**SKIP TO D10**

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

D5. Which denomination machine do you play *MOST OFTEN*. **(DO *NOT* READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=924)

PENNY 48%
NICKEL...............................8
DIME 0
QUARTER 35
HALF DOLLAR 0
DOLLAR 8
FIVE DOLLARS....................0
25 DOLLARS........................0
OTHER 0
NOT SURE/DK 0
REFUSED/NA.......................0

CONTINUE WITH D6

D6. On the average, how many coins/tokens do you usually insert before each play on a machine? **(INTERVIEWER: IF RESPONDENT SAYS "MAXIMUM," ASK:** "How many would that be on the average?") (N=924)

1-2 ....3%
3..26
4-5 22
6 OR MORE 49
REFUSED/NO ANSWER.....0
29.8 MEAN
5.0 MEDIAN

SKIP TO D10

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

D7. What table minimum do you play *MOST OFTEN*. **(DO *NOT* READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)** (N=181)

LESS THAN $1.00 ....0%
$1.00.....................................2
$2.00.....................................5
$3.00-$4.00 1
$5.00..................................75
$10.00 15
$25.00 2
$50.00 0
OVER $50.00 1
OTHER.................................0
NOT SURE/DK.....................1
REFUSED/NA 0

CONTINUE WITH D8

D8. What is your average bet? **(WRITE AMOUNT IN BLANKS BELOW.)** (N=181)

$1 - $3 ....2%
$4 - $9 50
$10 - $20 41
OVER $20 6
DON'T KNOW/NA 2
$9.16 MEAN
$5.00 MEDIAN

INTERVIEWER:
THERE IS NO QUESTION D9

D10. **(ASK OF ALL GAMBLERS.)**
Not including travel, food, or lodging, how much money did you budget for gambling on this trip? Include only your own, personal, gambling budget and not the gambling budgets of others who may have been with you. **(ROUND TO NEAREST DOLLAR. WRITE AMOUNT IN BLANKS BELOW.)** (N=1198)

$1 - $99...................................1%
$100 - $199.............................7
$200 - $299............................16
$300 - $399............................14
$400 - $499............................12
$500 - $599............................19
$600 OR MORE.....................32
NOT SURE/NO ANSWER.......0
$566.38 MEAN
$500.00 MEDIAN

D11. Are you a member of a slot or loyalty club at any of the Laughlin resorts? (N=1198)

YES.......................................93%
NO 7
NOT SURE/DK 0
REFUSED/NA..........................0

D12. **(ASK OF ALL RESPONDENTS.)** In which of the following locations have you gambled at a _casino facility_ during the _past 12 months_? Please do not include "card rooms," even though they are similar to casinos. Have you gambled... **(READ LIST)**

A. At a casino on an Indian reservation in California........ 24%
B. At a casino on an Indian reservation in Arizona........... 22
C. At a casino on an Indian reservation outside Arizona or California............. 25
J. Somewhere else in Nevada (outside the Laughlin area)......................... 0
X. OTHER 4

D15. Now that there are more places to gamble outside of Laughlin, do you feel you are MORE LIKELY or LESS LIKELY to visit Laughlin, or does it make NO DIFFERENCE in your decision to visit Laughlin? (IF MORE OR LESS LIKELY, ASK:) Is that MUCH (more/less likely) or SOMEWHAT (more/less likely)?

MUCH MORE LIKELY................. 15%
SOMEWHAT MORE LIKELY 1
NO DIFFERENCE........................84
SOMEWHAT LESS LIKELY...........0
MUCH LESS LIKELY 0
NOT SURE/DK...............................0
REFUSED/NA 0

B8. Have you visited Las Vegas, Nevada, in the past 5 years?

YES 67%
NO 33
NOT SURE/DK..................0
REFUSED/NA 0

B9, B10, & B11 DO NOT APPEAR IN THIS VERSION OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE

B12. Will you (or did you) visit Las Vegas either before or after this visit to Laughlin?

YES..................... 14%	**ASK B13**
NO .... 86 NOT SURE/DK ...... 0 REFUSED/NA........ 0	**SKIP TO B14**

B13. On this trip, will you (or did you) visit... **(READ LIST. ACCEPT MULTIPLE RESPONSES.)**

(N=172)

A. Downtown Las Vegas (that is, the area on or near Fremont Street)?......... 43%
B. The Strip in Las Vegas (that is, the area on or near Las Vegas Boulevard)?......................... 72

B14. Will you (or did you) visit other areas of Nevada or the surrounding area (for example, the Grand Canyon and Death Valley), either before or after this visit to Laughlin?

YES...................... 10%	**ASK B15**
NO .... 90 NOT SURE/DK ...... 0 REFUSED/NA........ 0	**SKIP TO C15**

B15. On this trip, will you (or did you) visit... **(READ LIST. ACCEPT MULTIPLE RESPONSES.)**

(N=124)

Hoover Dam.............................. 12%
Lake Mead 0
Lake Havasu/ Colorado River 53
Lake Mojave/ Davis Dam 11
Grand Canyon 8
Bryce Canyon 0
Zion National Park 0
Oatman, Arizona........................ 65
Other... 0

C15. By the time you leave Laughlin, how much will you have spent *ON AVERAGE PER DAY* for...

a. Food and drink. Please include only your own, personal expenses and not those of your entire party. **(AVERAGE TRIP EXPENDITURES PER DAY.)**

$122.22 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$122.32 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

b. Local transportation (for example, car rental, taxi, limo, gas). Please include all your daily transportation expenses. **(AVERAGE TRIP EXPENDITURES PER DAY.)**

$57.79 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$68.39 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

C16. By the time you leave Laughlin, how much will you have spent on each of the following items *IN TOTAL FOR YOUR ENTIRE TRIP*? Please include only your own, personal expenses and not those of your entire party. **(READ EACH ITEM. ROUND TO THE NEAREST DOLLAR. WRITE AMOUNT IN BLANKS BELOW.)**

A. Shopping (gifts, clothing, personal items) .... $73.64 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$120.06 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

B. Shows/entertainment (not including gambling) .... $5.55 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$31.86 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

C. Sightseeing .... $7.73 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$75.38 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

D. Other .... $0.00 MEAN (INCLUDING $0)
$0.00 MEAN (EXCLUDING $0)

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Just a few more questions on your impressions of Laughlin in general...

F1. Overall, how satisfied were you with your visit to Laughlin? Were you... **(READ LIST.)**

Very satisfied.................... 95%	**SKIP TO G1 ON PAGE 13**
Somewhat satisfied 4	**ASK F2**
Somewhat dissatisfied .... 1 Very dissatisfied 0	**SKIP TO F3**
<u>DO NOT READ</u> NOT SURE/DK................... 0 REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO G1 ON PAGE 13**

F2. You just said you were *somewhat* satisfied with your overall experience in Laughlin. What is the *MAIN* reason that keeps you from saying you were *very* satisfied? **(ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)**

(N=51)

HOTEL COMPLAINTS.......................... 90%
NOISE COMPLAINTS............................ 6
TOO HARD TO GET AROUND 2
NOT AS EXCITING AS LAS VEGAS...... 2

F3. You just said you were *dissatisfied* with your overall experience in Laughlin. What is the *MAIN* reason that you were *dissatisfied*? **(ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)**

(N=11)

HOTEL COMPLAINTS.......................... 64%
DIDN'T WIN ENOUGH MONEY 9
TOO HARD TO GET AROUND 9
NOT AS EXCITING AS LAS VEGAS...... 9
EMPLOYEE COMPLAINTS.................... 9

F4. **(ASK EVERYONE:)**
How likely will you be to return to Laughlin in the <u>next year</u>? Would you say you… **(READ FIRST 5 RESPONSES)**

Definitely will...............................91%
Probably will 8
Might/might not.............................0
Probably will not 0
Definitely will not...........................0
NOT SURE/NO ANSWER 0

F5. How likely will you be to recommend Laughliln to friends, relatives, and co-workers as a destination for a vacation or pleasure trip? Would you say you… **(READ FIRST 5 RESPONSES)**

Definitely will recommend............98%
Probably will recommend 2
Might/might not recommend..........0
Probably will not recommend 0
Definitely will not recommend 0
NOT SURE/NO ANSWER.............0

★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Now I'd like to ask you a few final questions for statistical purposes.

G1. Are you currently... **(READ LIST. ACCEPT ONLY ONE RESPONSE.)**

Employed 30%	**ASK G2**
Unemployed ....1 Student ....0 Retired ....67 Homemaker 1	**SKIP TO G3**
DO NOT READ REFUSED/NA 0	**SKIP TO G3**

G2. What is your occupation? **(SPECIFY OCCUPATION, NOT TITLE OR COMPANY NAME. "SELF EMPLOYED" IS <u>NOT</u> AN ACCEPTABLE RESPONSE. PROBE FOR THE TYPE OF WORK DONE.)** (N=362)

SALES/CLERICAL WORKERS .. 28%

SERVICE WORKERS 24

MANAGERS/OFFICIALS/ PROPRIETORS 22

PROFESSIONAL/TECHNICAL... 16

CRAFT WORKERS/FOREMEN.. 10

OTHER 2

REFUSED/NO ANSWER 1

G3. What was the last grade or year of school that you completed? **(DO NOT READ LIST.)**

GRADE SCHOOL OR SOME HIGH SCHOOL 2%

HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA (FINISHED GRADE 12) 40

SOME COLLEGE (INCLUDES JUNIOR/COMMUNITY COLLEGE — NO BACHELOR'S DEGREE).............28

GRADUATED COLLEGE.............30

GRADUATE SCHOOL (MASTER'S OR PH.D.)..................1

TECHNICAL, VOCATIONAL, OR TRADE SCHOOL 0

REFUSED/NA 0

G4. What is your current marital status? Are you... **(READ LIST)**

Married......................................75%

Single..14

Separated or divorced 3

Widowed.....................................7

REFUSED/NA..............................0

G5. What country do you live in?

USA 92%	**ASK G6**
FOREIGN 8	**SKIP TO G7**
REFUSED/NA.................. 0	**SKIP TO G7**

G6. What is your ZIP code? **(REGION DERIVED FROM ZIP CODES)**

EAST 1%

SOUTH...5

MIDWEST 12

WEST 74

CALIFORNIA 33

ARIZONA 25

GREATER LAS VEGAS 3

OTHER WEST.........................13

FOREIGN VISITORS 8

NO ZIP CODE GIVEN......................0

G7. **(ETHNICITY BY OBSERVATION. IF UNSURE, ASK:)**
Most people think of themselves as belonging to a particular ethnic or racial group. What ethnic or racial group are you a member of? (ASK ONLY IF NECESSARY: Are you white, Black, Asian, Hispanic or Latino -- or of some other ethnic or racial background?)

WHITE	84%
BLACK OR AFRICAN AMERICAN	3
ASIAN OR ASIAN AMERICAN	2
HISPANIC/LATINO	11
NATIVE AMERICAN	0
MIXED RACE	0
OTHER	0
NOT SURE/DON'T KNOW	0
REFUSED/NO ANSWER	0

G8. What is your age, please? **(RECORD IT EXACTLY *AND CIRCLE APPROPRIATE CATEGORY BELOW*.)**

63.1 MEAN
65.0 MEDIAN

Which of the following categories does your age fall into? **(READ LIST.)**

21 to 29	2%
30 to 39	5
40 to 49	9
50 to 59	18
60 to 64	13
65 and older	54
REFUSED/NA	0

G9. Please tell me which one of these categories includes your total household income before taxes last year. **(SHOW INCOME CARD.)** Include your own income and that of any member of your household who is living with you.

A. Less than $20,000	3%
B. $20,000 to $29,999	4
C. $30,000 to $39,999	8
D. $40,000 to $49,999	16
E. $50,000 to $59,999	17
F. $60,000 to $69,999	16
G. $70,000 to $79,999	14
H. $80,000 to $89,999	9
I. $90,000 to $99,999	5
J. $100,000 to $149,999	7
K. $150,000 or more	1
NOT SURE/DK	0
REFUSED/NA	0

RESPONDENT SHOW CARDS

HOW ACCOMMODATIONS WERE BOOKED

a. **PHONED DIRECTLY**
Booked by phone, calling the hotel, motel, or RV park directly

b. **TRAVEL AGENT**
Booked through a travel agent (either in person or by phone)

c. **PHONED, BUT NOT DIRECTLY, NOT THROUGH AGENT**
Booked by phone but not by calling the hotel directly and not through a travel agent

d. **INTERNET**
Booked at a website on the Internet

e. **IN PERSON**
Booked in person at the hotel, motel, or RV park

f. **GIFT, PRIZE, OR INCENTIVE**
The trip was a gift, prize, or incentive, so the accommodations were booked for you

g. **DON’T KNOW BECAUSE SOMEONE ELSE BOOKED**
Not sure because someone else in your party booked the hotel and you don’t know how they did it

HOTEL/MOTEL RATES

1. **<u>HOTEL/TRANSPORTATION PACKAGE DEAL</u>**
   One price that includes your hotel room ***and*** airfare or bus transportation to Las Vegas. The package may or may not also include other items such as shows or meals.

2. **<u>HOTEL/AMENTIES PACKAGE DEAL (NO TRANSPORTATION INCLUDED)</u>**
   One price that includes your hotel room ***and*** other items such as shows, meals, or other amenities, but ***does not*** include airfare or bus transportation to Las Vegas.

3. **<u>TOUR/TRAVEL GROUP</u>**
   You are traveling as part of a tour or travel group. The tour/travel group package price includes room ***and*** airfare or bus transportation to Las Vegas. The package may or may not also include other items such as shows or meals.

4. **<u>CONVENTION GROUP/COMPANY MEETING</u>**
   Arranged through an employer or convention.

5. **<u>CASINO RATE</u>**
   Special reduced rate arranged through a casino host or casino employee.

6. **<u>REGULAR FULL-PRICE ROOM RATE</u>**
   Full price, no discounts.

7. **<u>CASINO COMPLIMENTARY</u>**
   Room is free of charge.

8. **<u>ANOTHER RATE</u>**
   Any other special room rate not shown above.

INCOME CATEGORIES

A. Less than $20,000

B. $20,000 to $29,999

C. $30,000 to $39,999

D. $40,000 to $49,999

E. $50,000 to $59,999

F. $60,000 to $69,999

G. $70,000 to $79,999

H. $80,000 to $89,999

I. $90,000 to $99,999

J. $100,000 to $109,999

K. $110,000 to $119,999

L. $120,000 to $129,999

M. $130,000 to $139,999

N. $140,000 to $149,999

O. $150,000 or more

Laughlin Visitors Bureau
1555 South Casino Drive, P.O. Box 502
Laughlin, NV 89029-1502

VisitLaughlin.com

A Division of the
Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority
3150 Paradise Road, Las Vegas, NV 89109-9096
LasVegas.com

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