

2014

NEVADA FISHING GUIDE



SEASONS AND REGULATIONS
EFFECTIVE MARCH 1, 2014 - FEBRUARY 28, 2015

Jones West Ford



F-150 RAPTOR SVT



**WHEN OFF-ROAD
GETS MEAN**

- BEST TRUCK SELECTION
- 100 SERVICE BAYS
- FLEET SERVICE CENTER
- CERTIFIED DIESEL TECHS
- COMPUTERIZED ALIGNMENT
- ROAD FORCED BALANCER
- 21,000 LB HOISTS
- DIESEL-DYNO

www.jwford.com



1-775-329-8800 • 1-800-527-3673



Welcome to Nevada

If you have never fished in Nevada before you probably have a pessimistic attitude about your angling opportunities in the Silver State. You've been told it's the driest state in the Union and informed that Nevada is just one big desert with a few casinos sprinkled here and there, but no fish. Well we're here to tell you that whoever told you those stories most likely fishes in Nevada and just wants to keep one of the best secrets in the West all to themselves.

The Silver State is actually home to over 200 lakes and reservoirs and more than 600 streams and rivers, providing nearly 400,000 surface acres of sports fishing opportunity. From high alpine lakes in Elko's Ruby Mountains to desert lakes like Lake Mead near Las Vegas, Nevada has a wide range of fishing opportunities.

The majority of Nevada's fishable stillwaters consist of man-made reservoirs that vary in size from one acre to the 115-mile-long Lake Mead and a good portion of the world famous waters of Lake Tahoe are within Nevada. The majority of Nevada reservoirs can be reached by road, but many of the 600 streams that criss-cross the state can only be reached by hiking trails.

The fish species in the Silver State are as diverse as the geography. Coldwater species include native cutthroat trout, redband trout and mountain whitefish. Non-native species include rainbow, brown, brook and mackinaw trout. Hybrid species include bowcutts (rainbow/cutthroat) and tiger trout (brook/brown).

Warmwater species vary from walleye to bluegill. Smallmouth bass and spotted bass represent a couple of our more recent introductions. Lake Mead and Lake Mohave are best known for their large stripers that average close to two pounds, although 20- to-30-pound fish are occasionally caught. Wipers, a cross between a striped bass and a white bass, can be found in Lahontan, Rye Patch, Wildhorse, South Fork and Chimney reservoirs. In northeastern Nevada, Wildhorse Reservoir, traditionally a trout fishery, is also known as a great spot for yellow perch, especially in winter. Largemouth bass and channel catfish are found throughout



the state including Lakes Mead and Mohave, and Lahontan, Rye Patch and South Fork reservoirs.

If you're looking for some fantastic fishing opportunities but you don't want to leave the city, Nevada offers over 20 urban ponds across the state.

While you are checking out this year's Nevada Fishing Guide, make sure to read the articles found throughout this magazine. You can read about the angling opportunities at South Fork Reservoir on page 17 or learn about our urban fisheries on page 22. If you're looking to take a kid fishing for the first time, you definitely need to check our helpful tips on 30.

This publication is intended as a reference for any questions you might have regarding fishing the Silver State. Statewide regulations and license information can be found near the front of the magazine (pages 6-10), with a region by region breakdown of all available waters throughout the magazine. The Nevada Fishing Guide also includes information from boating regulations (38-39) to Wildlife Management Areas (40-41) to our Trophy Fish Program (42-43). If you can't find something in this publication, check out the Nevada Department of Wildlife website at ndow.org.





Department of Wildlife Offices

Headquarters/ Western Region Office

1100 Valley Rd.
Reno, NV 89512
(775) 688-1500

Eastern Region Office

60 Youth Center Rd.
Elko, NV 89801
(775) 777-2300

Southern Region Office

4747 Vegas Dr.
Las Vegas, NV 89108
(702) 486-5127

Ely Office

1218 N Alpha St
Ely, NV 89301
Phone: (775) 289-1655 ext. 21

Fallon Office

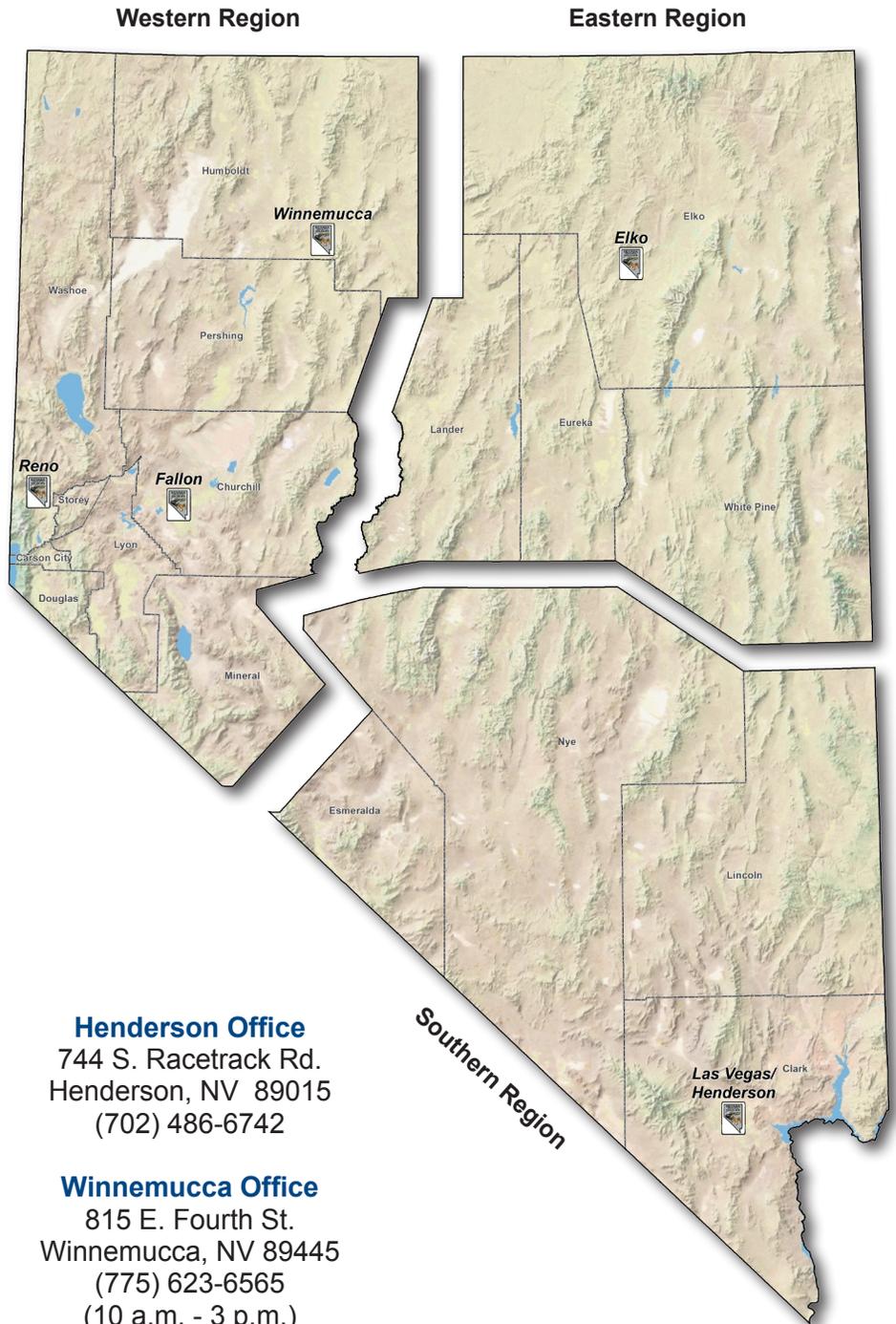
380 West B. St.
Fallon, NV 89406
(775) 423-3171
(Hours subject to change,
call ahead to confirm hours of
operation.)

Henderson Office

744 S. Racetrack Rd.
Henderson, NV 89015
(702) 486-6742

Winnemucca Office

815 E. Fourth St.
Winnemucca, NV 89445
(775) 623-6565
(10 a.m. - 3 p.m.)



How To Use These Regulations

1. First, review the General Statewide Regulations including seasons, hours, limits and bait restrictions on pages 6-10.
2. Then, consult the reference maps for the regional area(s) that you are interested in fishing - Eastern (page 12), Southern (page 18) or Western (page 24).
3. Turn to the appropriate Region Section and review both the Regional General Regulations and the Special Regulations for that area.
4. If fishing in a Wildlife Management Area, review pages 40-41.
5. Text in ***bolded italics*** indicates changes in regulations since last year.



Table of Contents

Licenses, Permits, Stamps and Fees 4

General Statewide Regulations..... 6

General Regulations Concerning Bait8

Eastern Region.....12

The Real Gem of the Rubies.....17

Southern Region.....18

Urban Fisheries Provide Opportunity Close to Home.....22

Western Region24

Take a Kid Fishing...it's Worth it!30

Selected Game Fish of Nevada32

Clean, Drain and Dry34

Reglas de la Pesca.....35

Enforcement Program Starts for AIS Decal Program.....37

Boating Regulations38

Accessible (ADA) Fishing in Nevada40

Wildlife Management Area Regulations.....40

Record Fish of Nevada.....42

Trophy Fish Entry Form43

Nevada "Native Fish-Slam" Entry Form.....44

Published by the Nevada Department of Wildlife

**State of Nevada
Brian Sandoval, Governor**

**State Board of Wildlife
Commissioners**

Jack Robb, Chairman
Jeremy Drew, Vice Chairman
Chad Bliss
Karen Layne
Mike McBeath
David McNinch
Peter Mori
Grant Wallace
Bill Young

Nevada Department of Wildlife
Tony Wasley, Director

Jon Sjöberg, Fisheries Division Chief
Teresa Moiola, Conservation Education
Division Chief
Aaron Meier, Publications Coordinator

Contributing Staff

Joe Doucette, Edwin Lyngar, John McKay,
Doug Nielsen, Martin Olson, Holly Stuckey and
Chris Vasey.

This program or publication receives funding through the Federal Aid in Sport Fish Restoration Program as educational material. Federal Laws prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color,

national origin, age, disability, and sex. If you believe you have been discriminated against in any NDOW program, activity, or facility, please write to the following:

US Fish and Wildlife Service
Diversity Program Manager
4401 North Fairfax Drive
MS: 7072-43
Arlington, VA 22203

You may also write to the following:

Director
Nevada Department of Wildlife
1100 Valley Road
Reno, NV 89512-2817

Licenses, Permits, Stamps and Fees

(Nevada's license year is March 1, 2014 through February 28, 2015)

RESIDENT LICENSE AND PERMIT FEES

Annual Fishing License - For persons 16 years of age or older on the date of purchase.**\$29.00**

Nevada Trout Stamp - Required for any license holder who takes or possesses trout. "Take" means catch, capture, net or kill. **Not** required for any Short-Term Fishing Permit or a "Take Me Fishing" 1-Day Group Fishing Permit.**\$10.00**

Junior Fishing License - For persons 12 through 15 years of age on the date of purchase.**\$13.00**

Senior Fishing License - For persons 65 years of age or older on the date of purchase with 5 years of continuous Nevada residency preceding the application for license.**\$13.00**

1-Day/Short-Term Fishing Permit - Valid until midnight of the date specified.**\$9.00**

Each consecutive day added to a 1-Day/Short-Term Fishing Permit (Must be purchased at the same time Short-Term Permit is purchased).**\$3.00**

Nevada Special Use Stamp - Required for any fishing license or permit holder when fishing in reciprocal waters of Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave. See page 21 for stamp requirements.**\$3.00**

Second Rod Stamp - Required for any fishing license or permit holder who wishes to fish with two combinations of hook, line and rod.**\$10.00**

"Take Me Fishing" 1-Day Group Fishing Permit - Allows a group to go fishing. Valid until midnight of the day specified. At least one member of the group must be a resident of Nevada. "Group" means a group of persons consisting of at least one primary adult (18 years of age or older) and one child (12-15 years of age). Each person is required to provide their social security number. Only available online at www.ndow.org and at regional offices.

Primary adult for the group**\$9.00**
(must be 18 years of age or older)

Each additional adult**\$6.00**
(must be 16 years of age or older)

Each child**\$5.00**
(12-15 years of age)

Combination Hunting and Fishing License - Parental signature required at time of purchase for persons under 17 years of age.**\$54.00**

Junior Combination Hunting and Fishing License - For persons 12 through 15 years of age on the date of purchase (parental signature required at time of purchase).**\$21.00**

Senior Combination Hunting and Fishing License - For persons 65 years of age or older on the date of purchase with 5 years of continuous Nevada residency preceding the date of application for license.**\$21.00**

Serviceman Fishing License - For Nevada resident servicemen on active duty who are stationed outside of Nevada. Must show duty or leave papers at time of purchase. **Not available online due to documentation requirements.****\$9.00**

PLEASE NOTE: All special licenses marked with an asterisk * require first-time applicants to apply through NDOW offices only. Once their application is on file, these license holders will then be able to apply for future year's licenses online at www.ndow.org or through an NDOW authorized license agent with a point of sale license system.

***Nevada Special Fishing Permit** - Eligible non-profits include: clubs, foundations, programs, educational institutions or other social groups operated for the benefit of children or that will use the permit for the benefit of adults with disabilities; for mental health facilities, facilities for juveniles, rehabilitation, older persons, and foster care facilities. Permits for entire non-profit organization when supervised by the non-profit officer or employee with a valid fishing license. New applicants submit descriptive letter of services provided by their institution or organization, and proof of non-profit status.**\$25.00**

***Severely Disabled Person Fishing License** - For persons with a severe physical disability which materially limits gainful employment.**\$13.00**

***Disabled Veteran Fishing or Combination Hunting and Fishing License** - For resident veterans who have incurred a 50 percent service-connected disability.**Free**

***Native American Fishing and Hunting License** - For resident Native Americans. First-time applicants must contact a Nevada tribal council to complete the certificate of eligibility before the license can be issued.**Free**

***Severely Disabled Combination Hunting and Fishing License** - For persons with a severe physical disability which materially limits gainful employment.**\$21.00**

NONRESIDENT LICENSE AND PERMIT FEES

Annual Fishing License - For persons 16 years of age or older on the date of purchase.\$69.00

Nevada Trout Stamp - Required for any license holder who takes or possesses trout. "Take" means catch, capture, net, or kill. **Not** required for any Short-Term Fishing Permit or a "Take Me Fishing" 1-Day Group Fishing Permit.\$10.00

Junior Fishing License - For persons 12 through 15 years of age on the date of purchase.\$21.00

1-Day/Short-Term Fishing Permit - Valid until midnight of the date specified.\$18.00

Each consecutive day added to a 1-Day/Short-Term Fishing Permit (Must be purchased at the same time Short-Term Permit is purchased).\$7.00

Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters License - Annual nonresident fishing license to fish solely in the reciprocal waters of the Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave (12 years of age and older) and Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake (16 years of age and older). See page 9 for more information regarding Interstate waters.\$29.00

Nevada Special Use Stamp - Required for any fishing license or permit holder when fishing in reciprocal waters of Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave. See pages 21 for stamp requirements.\$3.00

Qualifications for Resident Licenses, Tags and Permits: A person is considered to be a resident of the State of Nevada if he is a citizen of, or is lawfully entitled to remain in, the United States, and during the six months next preceding his application to the Department for a license, tag or permit, he maintained his principal and permanent residence in this State; was physically present in this State, except for temporary absences; and did not purchase or apply for any resident license, tag or permit to hunt, fish or trap in another state, country or province. A person who does not maintain his principal and permanent residence in Nevada but who is attending an institution of higher learning in this State as a full-time student is eligible for a resident license, tag or permit if, during the six months next preceding his application to the Department for a license, tag or permit, he: was physically present in Nevada, except for temporary trips outside of the State, and did not purchase or apply for any resident license, tag or permit to hunt, fish or trap in another state, country or province. A resident license, tag or permit issued by this State is void if the person to whom it was issued establishes or maintains his principal and permanent residence in and obtains any hunting, fishing or trapping privilege or entitlement conditional on residency

"Take Me Fishing" 1-Day Group Fishing Permit - Allows a group to go fishing. Valid until midnight of day specified. If any member of the group is a resident of Nevada, see resident fees. If no member of the group is a resident of Nevada the following fees apply. "Group" means a group of persons consisting of at least one primary adult (18 years of age or older) and one child (12 – 15 years of age). Only available online at www.ndow.org and at regional offices.

Primary adult for the group\$18.00
(must be 18 years of age or older)

Each additional adult\$12.00
(must be 16 years of age or older)

Each child\$6.00
(12-15 years of age)

Second Rod Stamp - Required for any fishing license or permit holder who wishes to fish with two combinations of hook, line and rod.\$10.00

Combination Hunting and Fishing License - Parental signature required at time of purchase for persons under 17 years of age.....\$199.00

Social Security Number: Laws regarding child support mandate that any person who is required by federal law to have a social security number must provide the number to obtain a business, occupational or recreational license. Federal Law – Public Law 104 – 193; Nevada Statute – NRS 502.063, 503.5833, 504.390.

from another state, country or province. Principal and permanent residence means a place where a person is legally domiciled and maintains a permanent habitation in which he lives and to which he intends to return when he leaves the state in which the permanent habitation is located. The term does not include merely owning a residence in the state.

Military Stationed in Nevada: The Department shall issue to any member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has been assigned to permanent duty, as opposed to temporary or casual duty, within the State of Nevada all necessary hunting or fishing licenses, tags or permits for fishing, hunting or trapping in the State of Nevada. A like privilege must be extended to spouses and dependents, under the age of 21, of such members of the Armed Forces. All such licenses, tags or permits must be issued on the same terms and conditions and at the same costs as licenses, tags or permits are issued to Nevada residents, except that the 6 months' residence requirement must be waived. (See Serviceman Fishing License on Page 4 for Nevada residents stationed out of state.)

General Statewide Regulations

License Requirements: All persons fishing are subject to the license requirements listed below. Except for some “interstate waters” (**Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Colorado River and Lakes Mead and Mohave - see pages 20-21 and 27-29**), anglers 12 years of age and older are required to obtain and possess a license or permit to fish. Nonresident anglers under 12 years of age are not required to have a license, but the number of fish taken by such nonresident anglers must not exceed 50 percent of the limit as provided by law. (For instance, if the limit is five, these young anglers may take only two fish.) Fishing license and permit requirements also apply to persons taking fish by means of spear or bow and arrow.

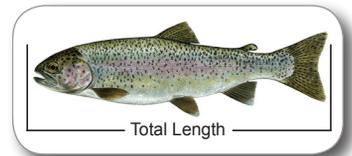
Trout Stamp: While fishing in Nevada, any person who takes (catches) or possesses trout must carry on his person: 1. A state Trout Stamp affixed to his fishing license and validated by his signature in ink across the face of the stamp, or 2. A Trout Stamp privilege as provided on an internet or point-of-sale license. “Take” means catch, capture, net or kill. **The Trout Stamp fee is \$10. Exceptions:** While fishing in Nevada, youth under the age of 12, any persons fishing under the authority of a “Take Me Fishing” 1-Day Group Fishing Permit, or a valid short-term fishing permit or during a consecutive day validly added to that permit are not required to obtain a Trout Stamp. A Trout Stamp is not required to fish on Free Fishing Day (NRS 502.326).

Second Rod Stamp: A person may fish with a second combination of hook, line and rod, if he has in his possession in addition to his fishing license or short-term fishing permit: 1. A “Second Rod Stamp” which allows the person to use a second combination of hook, line and rod. The Second Rod Stamp must be signed and affixed to the license or permit and is valid for the period specified, or 2. A Second Rod privilege as provided on an internet or point-of-sale license. **A person, regardless of age, must first obtain a valid fishing license or short-term fishing permit before he can use a Second Rod Stamp. The Second Rod Stamp fee is \$10.** No person may use more than two combinations of hook, line and rod at any time (NAC 502.297).

Limits: “Limit” means the maximum number of game fish that may be lawfully taken and reduced to possession by a person. The “Limit” includes fish caught in Nevada which have been processed or preserved and are stored at any location. Fish that are caught and immediately released back to the water alive are not considered to be reduced to possession or part of the limit. A person shall not reduce game fish to possession if he already has a number of that fish in possession (including that held in freezer, creel, cooler, etc.) which equals or exceeds the limit of the water being fished. Limits for individual counties are specified under each Region’s General Regulations. Limits for waters, which have special limits or restrictions, are listed under each Region’s Special Regulations.

Possession Limit vs. Daily Limit: In this state, there is no distinction between a “daily” limit and a “possession” limit. There is simply a “limit.” There is no ‘adding up’ of “daily” limits to establish a “possession” limit. An angler may not have more than one limit in possession. For example, if an angler fishes one body of water where the limit is four trout and takes his limit, he may not then move to a body of water where the limit is two trout and keep any more fish. If he wants to keep fish from the water with the lower limit of two, he should fish there first, take two fish, then move to the other water and catch the two additional fish to reach the limit of four. Likewise, if an angler fishes the same body of water two days in a row, he may not take the limit the first day, then go back and keep fish again the second day unless he has first consumed or given away some portion of his first day’s catch.

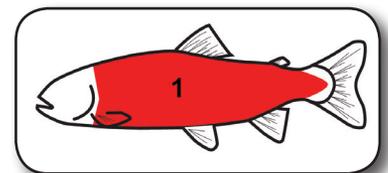
Size Limit: Unless otherwise noted under Region General Regulations or Region Special Regulations, there is no size limit. Where size limits do apply, this shall mean the total length of the fish including the head and tail, measured as illustrated in the diagram.



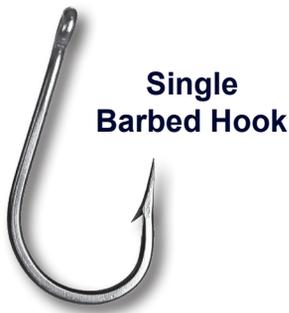
Seasons and Hours: Unless otherwise noted under Region Special Regulations, the season is open year around and fishing hours are any time of the day or night. Where specified, “open season” includes the first and last day designated.

“Fishes,” “fishing,” “fished” and “to fish” defined: The words “to fish” and their derivatives, “fishes,” “fishing” and “fished,” mean catching, taking, capturing, killing, injuring or crippling of a fish or game amphibian, and every attempt to do so.

Filleting Fish: Where size limits apply, fish may be filleted before transport if the remainder of the carcass of each fish filleted is kept in one piece so size and possession limits can be immediately determined. It is unlawful for any person to cause through carelessness, neglect or otherwise any edible portion of any game fish or game amphibian to go to waste needlessly. In the case of game fish, (1) the fillet meat from the operculum (gill plate) to the caudal fin (tail fin).



General Statewide Regulations



Single Barbed Hook



Single Barbless Hook



Treble Hook

Methods of Fishing: Except as noted under “Spearfishing” and “Unprotected Fish,” fish may be taken only with hook and line attached to rod or reel and closely attended in the manner known as angling. Unless a person has a valid second rod stamp, only one combination of hooks, line and rod may be used at any one time. No more than three baited hooks, nor more than three fly hooks, or two lures or plugs irrespective of the number of hooks or attractor blades attached thereto, may be attached to the line. Some waters have further restrictions.

Spearfishing: Persons may spearfish for **unprotected** fish in all Nevada waters except Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake. Persons may spearfish for striped bass in Lake Mead and Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to the cable below Hoover Dam. Spearfishing for striped bass is prohibited in that portion of Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to Davis Dam and from Davis Dam down river to the Nevada state line. In Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River system, spearfishing is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area. When spearfishing, a person must display, within 100 feet, an appropriate diver’s flag. A mechanical spearing device may be used only under the surface of the water, and the spear must be attached to the device by a lanyard. **Fishing license regulations apply to persons taking fish by means of spear or bow and arrow.**

Using Fish for Bait: Please see pages 8-10. Game fish and protected species of fish may not be used as bait.

Chumming: “Chumming” means placing fish, parts of fish or other material upon which fish feed, in the water for the purpose of attracting fish to a particular area so that they may be taken. Chumming is prohibited in Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Spooner Lake and the entire Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge.

Ice Fishing: For the purposes of ice fishing, holes cut through the ice must not exceed 10 inches in diameter.

Unprotected Fish: Unprotected fish are all species not classified as game or protected (game fish are listed on page 8). Unprotected fish may be taken by bow and arrow, hook and line, dipnet, cast net, minnow seine or minnow trap, and, except where prohibited, by spear. In the Colorado River and Lakes Mead and Mohave, the taking of fish by bow and arrow is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area.

Artificial Lures: “Artificial Lures” means any device with a hook or hooks attached which is made partly or entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, plastic or feathers. (Please note: PowerBait® or similar products are not considered artificial lures.)

Artificial Lures with Single Barbless Hooks: A “single barbless hook” means a fish hook having one point, manufactured without barbs or on which the barbs have been bent completely closed or filed off. Double or treble hooks having a common shank are not a single barbless hook even when the barbs are closed or filed off. When single barbless hooks are required, only one single barbless hook may be attached to each hook eye or ring of the lure.

Only artificial lures may be used in the following waters:

- The Collection Ditch at Ruby Lake NWR** in Elko County.
- Dacey Reservoir** on the Kirch WMA in Nye County.
- Hinkson Slough** on the Mason Valley WMA in Lyon County
- Tonkin Springs Reservoir** in Eureka County.

Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used in these waters:

- Knott Creek Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams** in Humboldt County.
- Hobart Reservoir** (Washoe County), its tributaries and Franktown Creek downstream to Red House.
- Truckee River** (Washoe County) and diversion ditches and tributaries above the I-80 bridge, which is upstream from Crystal Peak Park to the California state line.
- Catnip Reservoir** in Washoe County.
- South Fork of the Humboldt River** (Elko County) from the access causeway for the Lucky Nugget subdivision upstream to Lee.
- East Walker River** (Lyon County) from 1/4 mile above the confluence of the East Walker River and Sweetwater Creek downstream to 1/2 mile below the confluence of the East Walker River and Red Wash Creek.
- Marlette Lake including tributaries and outlet stream** in Washoe County.
- Smith Creek Reservoir** in Lander County.

General Statewide Regulations

Northern Pike: Northern pike are not classified as game fish; they are a prohibited species. Anglers wishing to keep northern pike to eat are required to kill them upon capture. There is no limit for northern pike, and anglers who wish to assist in the removal of northern pike from the waters of the state and who wish to dispose of them may do so without regard for Nevada's wanton waste laws. The importation, transportation or possession of live northern pike is prohibited (NAC 503.110).

Game Fish Transportation: Game fish taken under the authority of a fishing license or fishing permit may not be transported alive from the body of water where the game fish is taken. It is not illegal to keep game fish alive and in a live well, net or on a stringer while at the body of water from which they are caught. **Anglers must kill fish to be transported away from the body of water.** Under no circumstances can game fish be transported in a manner which would allow for their release alive at another body of water. The transport and release of live wildlife without a permit is illegal.

Bullfrogs: There is no license requirement or limit on bullfrogs if they are taken by gig, spear, bow and arrow or by hand. However, **a license is required to take bullfrogs by hook and line.** Season is open year around anytime of the day or night in waters that are open to fishing or frogging.

Crayfish: A fishing license is not required to capture crayfish for fishing or personal consumption. There is no limit on crayfish. **A license is required to take crayfish by hook and line.** A permit is required to take crayfish for commercial purposes at Lake Tahoe (crayfish may not be taken for commercial purposes at any other Nevada water.)

Coldwater Game Fish: Coldwater game fish are: Bonneville cutthroat trout, Lahontan cutthroat trout, Snake River (Yellowstone) cutthroat trout, Kokanee salmon, brook trout, brown trout, bull trout, lake trout, rainbow trout, redband trout, mountain whitefish and any hybrid thereof.



Warmwater Game Fish: Warmwater game fish are: black bullhead, brown bullhead, channel catfish, white catfish, striped bass, white bass, largemouth bass, smallmouth bass, spotted bass, black crappie, white crappie, yellow perch, Sacramento perch, bluegill sunfish, pumpkinseed sunfish, green sunfish, redear sunfish, walleye and any hybrid thereof.

Protected Fish and Amphibians: Protected fish and amphibians are those species listed in NAC 503.065, 503.075 and 503.067. There is no open season on fish or amphibians classified as protected. For a list of protected fish and amphibians, check our website at www.ndow.org.

The Capture, Transport and Use of Bait:

Any person possessing a fishing license or permit, or otherwise exempted from such licenses, may capture, transport and use bait for fishing or personal consumption except that the use of game fish or protected species of fish for bait is prohibited. Aquatic bait (such as live unprotected amphibians, crayfish, clams and snails) may be used only in the water from which it is taken. Aquatic bait and live bait fish (live unprotected species of freshwater fish) may be transported from one river basin to another or from one area of this state to another only as provided in the appropriate regional regulation as noted below. Any bait obtained from a licensed dealer of live bait fish must be accompanied by a currently dated receipt issued by that dealer.

NOTE: Artificial lure-only waters are listed on page 7. Fishing with Baitfish table on Page 10.

Eastern Region Bait Regulations

Within this region, which includes Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties, the possession or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive or any parts thereof except for preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited. Other aquatic bait (live, unprotected salamanders, waterdogs, frogs, crayfish, clams and snails) may be used only in the water from which it is taken.

Southern Region Bait Regulations

In Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River located in Clark County, only golden shiner, fathead minnow, mosquitofish, red shiner, gizzard shad, threadfin shad, carp and goldfish may be used as live bait fish. Other forms of aquatic and animal life, such as the waterdog, grasshopper, earthworm and crayfish may be used as bait. A person holding a fishing license may purchase fish authorized for use as bait from a licensed bait dealer in Arizona, California or Nevada, or he may, for his own use, take fish authorized for use as bait with a dipnet, a cast net with a radius not exceeding four feet from horn to headline, a seine not exceeding 10 feet in length and four feet in width, or a minnow trap not exceeding 12 inches in width, 12 inches in depth or 24 inches in length. In all other waters of the Southern Region, the capture, possession while fishing or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited.

Bait Regulations



In the waters of Lake Tahoe and its tributaries located in Carson City, Douglas and Washoe Counties: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), tui chub, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker, Paiute sculpin and speckled dace may be used as live bait fish. Fish used as live bait may be taken only from, and must be native to, Lake Tahoe and its tributaries.

In the main Walker River from the bridge of the S.P. Railroad near Wabuska, downstream to and including Weber Reservoir on the Walker River Indian Reservation and the lower Walker River down to and including Walker Lake: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), tui chub, speckled dace, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker, carp and mosquitofish may be used as live bait. Fish used as live bait may only be taken from the Walker River Basin in Lyon or Mineral County or be purchased from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Walker River Basin. The use of fish as bait, whether alive or dead, or parts thereof, is prohibited in the ponds and sloughs of the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area and the Fort Churchill Cooling Ponds.

In the lower Truckee River Basin, which includes the Truckee River and its tributaries from below the I-80 bridge, which is upstream from Crystal Peak Park in Verdi to, but excluding Pyramid Lake, and including Paradise Ponds, Virginia Lake, Washoe Lake and the Fernley Wildlife Management Area: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), speckled dace, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker, Paiute sculpin, mosquitofish, tui chub, fathead minnows and carp may be used as live bait fish. Fish used as live bait may only be taken from the Truckee River or its tributaries or be purchased from a dealer licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Truckee River Basin.

In the upper Truckee River Basin, which includes the Truckee River and diversion ditches and tributaries above the I-80 bridge, which is upstream from the Crystal Peak Park to the California state line, only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used. Only one single barbless hook may be attached to each hook eye or ring of the lure. In all other waters of this region, the capture, possession while fishing or the use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited.



Western Region Bait Regulations

In the Carson River Basin from Quilici Dam (12 miles below Dayton) above Lahontan Reservoir downstream to and including Lahontan Reservoir, the Carson River below Lahontan Dam and all of the waters within Lahontan Valley, Churchill County: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), speckled dace, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker, mosquitofish, carp, tui chub, Sacramento blackfish, fathead minnows and Paiute sculpin may be used as live bait fish. Fish used as live bait may be taken only from the Carson or Truckee River Basins in Carson City, Churchill, Douglas, Lyon, Storey or Washoe Counties or purchased only from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Carson River Basin.

In the area of the Carson River Basin from the boundary between California and Nevada to Quilici Dam: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), speckled dace, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker and mosquitofish may be used as live bait fish. Fish used as live bait may be taken only from the Carson River above Quilici Dam or purchased from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Carson River Basin.

In the Humboldt River Basin from Stahl Diversion Dam (near Golconda, Humboldt County) to and including Rye Patch Reservoir, the Pitt-Taylor and Chimney Reservoirs, the Humboldt River below Rye Patch Dam and all waters of the Humboldt River in Lovelock Valley, Pershing and Churchill Counties: only Lahontan redbreast (shiner), tui chub, speckled dace, Tahoe sucker, mountain sucker, Sacramento blackfish, fathead minnows and carp may be used as live bait fish. Fish used as live bait in this area may only be taken from the Humboldt River and its tributaries or purchased from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Humboldt River Basin.

Interstate Waters Fishing and License Information

For information on fishing on interstate waters and license requirements: Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake, see page 27-29. Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River, see page 20-21.

Fishing with Baitfish

The use of baitfish, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs is prohibited in all waters except those listed below.

GENERAL AREA	SPECIFIC WATERS WHERE BAITFISH MAY BE USED	* SPECIES APPROVED FOR USE AS LIVE BAIT											AUTHORIZED DEALERS AND AREAS WHERE LICENSED ANGLERS MAY ACQUIRE LIVE BAITFISH FOR PERSONAL USE					
		Lahontan Redside (Shiner)	Speckled Dace	Tahoe Sucker	Mtn. Sucker	Mosquitofish	Carp	Tui Chub	Sacramento Blackfish	Paiute Sculpin	Fathead Minnow	Golden Shiner		Red Shiner	Gizzard/Threadfin Shad	Goldfish		
Carson River Basin	The Carson River from Quilici Dam (12 miles below Dayton) above Lahontan Reservoir downstream to and including Lahontan Res., the Carson River below Lahontan Dam and all of the waters within Lahontan Valley, Churchill County.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							Fish used as live bait may be taken only from the Carson or Truckee River Basins in Carson City, Churchill, Douglas, Lyon, Storey or Washoe Counties or purchased only from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Carson River Basin.
	The Carson River from the boundary between California and Nevada to Quilici Dam.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓												Fish used as live bait may be taken only from the Carson River above Quilici Dam or purchased only from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Carson River Basin.
Truckee River Basin	The lower Truckee River Basin which includes Truckee River and its tributaries from below the I-80 bridge located upstream from Crystal Peak Park in Verdi, downstream including Paradise Ponds, Virginia Lake and Washoe Lake and Fernley Wildlife Management Area, to, but excluding Pyramid Lake.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓						Fish used as live bait may be taken only from the Truckee River or its tributaries or be purchased from a dealer licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Truckee River Basin.
	The Truckee River upstream from the I-80 bridge, which is above Crystal Peak Park in Verdi to the California state line, only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used. Only one single barbless hook may be attached to each hook, eye or ring of the lure. In all other waters of this region, the capture, possession while fishing or the use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs is prohibited.																	
Humboldt River System in Humboldt, Pershing and Churchill Counties	The Humboldt River Basin from Stahl Diversion Dam (near Golconda, Humboldt County) to and including Rye Patch Reservoir, the Pitt-Taylor and Chimney Reservoirs, the Humboldt River below Rye Patch Dam and all waters of the Humboldt River in Lovelock Valley, Pershing and Churchill Counties.	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓		✓						Fish used as live bait in this area may only be taken from the Humboldt River and its tributaries or purchased from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Humboldt River Basin.
Lake Tahoe	The waters of Lake Tahoe and its tributaries located in Carson City, Douglas and Washoe Counties.	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓		✓							Fish used here as live bait may be taken only from, and must be native to, Lake Tahoe and its tributaries.
Walker River System	The main Walker River from the bridge of the S.P. Railroad near Wabuska, downstream to and including Weber Reservoir and the lower Walker River down to and including Walker Lake.	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓										Fish used as live bait here may only be taken from the Walker River Basin in Lyon or Mineral Counties or purchased from a dealer who is licensed in this state and authorized to sell live bait fish for use in the Walker River Basin. The use of fish as bait, whether alive or dead, or parts thereof, is prohibited in the ponds and sloughs of the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area and the Fort Churchill Cooling Ponds.
Colorado River System	Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River located in Clark County.					✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		Other forms of aquatic and animal life, such as the waterdog, grasshopper, earthworm and crayfish may also be used as bait.

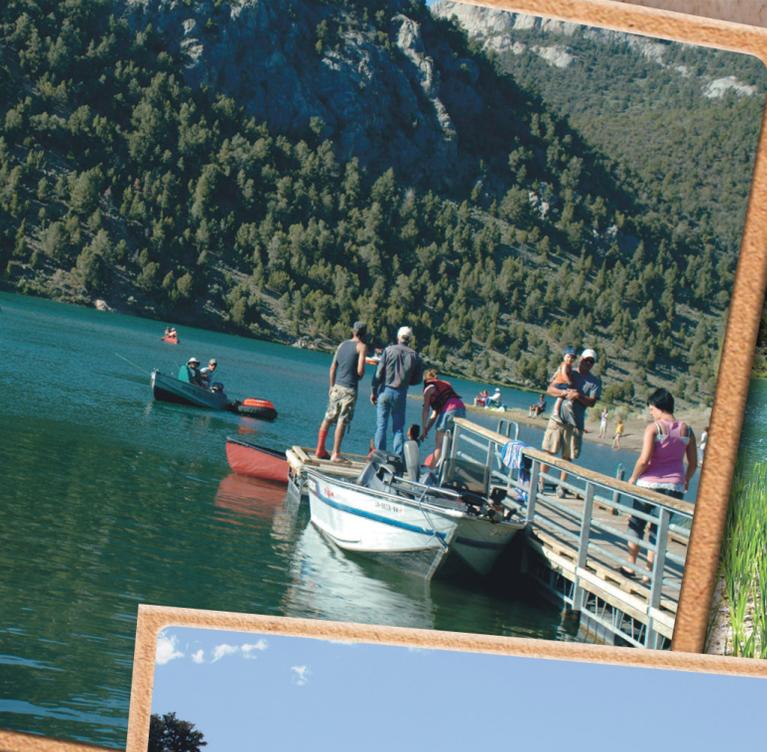
* Live Baitfish means live, unprotected species of freshwater fish. **Use of any game fish as bait is prohibited.**

Additional bait regulations:

In the Eastern Region (Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties) the possession or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive or any parts thereof except for preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited. Other aquatic bait (live, unprotected salamanders, waterdogs, frogs, crayfish, clams and snails) may be used only in the water from which it is taken.

In the Southern Region, while fishing the waters of Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River, a licensed person may purchase live baitfish from a licensed bait dealer in Arizona, California or Nevada, or he may for his own use, take such baitfish with a dipnet, a cast net with a radius not exceeding four feet from horn to headline, a seine not exceeding 10 feet in length and four feet in width, or a minnow trap not exceeding 12 inches in width, 12 inches in depth and 24 inches in length. In all other waters of this region, the capture, possession while fishing or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive, or parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited.

“COME & FISH IN OUR BACKYARD”



SPORTSWORLD

WE ARE YOUR FULL LINE SPORTING GOODS STORE.
1500 AULTMAN STREET - ELY, NEVADA

**CALL 775. 289.8886 FOR THE WEEKLY FISHING
REPORT FOR ELY AND THE SURROUNDING AREAS.**

Sportsworld-Ely.com



Eastern Region General Reference Map



NDOW Eastern Region Office

60 Youth Center Road, Elko, NV 89801
(775) 777-2300

The **Eastern Region** includes the four counties of northeastern Nevada: Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine. Popular fishing waters include Wildhorse, Wilson, Willow Creek, Jakes Creek, Illipah and South Fork reservoirs, Groves Lake, Bassett Lake, Cave Lake, Ruby Lake, other high mountain lakes and several streams located throughout the area.

Note: This map depicts the Eastern Region fishable waters corresponding with the table on the adjacent page.



Eastern Region Fishable Waters

Body of Water

Angel Lake
 Barth Pit
 Bassett Lake/Tailings Creek
 Big Creek
 Bruneau River
 Carlin Pond
 Cave Lake/Steptoe Creek
 Cleve Creek
 Cold Creek Reservoir
 Comins Lake
 Dorsey Reservoir
 Dry Creek Reservoir
 Groves Lake/Kingston Creek
 Humboldt River
 Humboldt River, NF
 Humboldt River
 Humboldt River
 Illipah Reservoir
 Jakes Creek Reservoir
 Jiggs Reservoir
 Lamoille Creek
 Owyhee River, East Fork
 Ruby Lake NWR
 Salmon Falls River
 South Fork Humboldt River
 South Fork Reservoir
 Tabor Creek
 West Fork Jarbidge River
 White River
 Wildhorse Reservoir
 Willow Creek Reservoir
 Willow Creek Pond
 Wilson Sink Reservoir

County/Location

Elko Co./East Humboldt
 Eureka Co./Humboldt River Valley
 White Pine Co./Steptoe Valley
 Lander Co./Toiyabe Range
 Elko Co./Snake River System
 Elko Co./Humboldt River Valley
 White Pine Co./Schell Creek Range
 White Pine Co./Schell Creek Range
 White Pine Co./Newark Valley
 White Pine Co./Steptoe Valley
 Elko Co./NF Humboldt River
 Elko Co./Bull Run Creek
 Lander Co./Toiyabe Range
 Elko Co.
 Elko Co./Independence Mountains
 Eureka Co.
 Lander Co.
 White Pine Co./White Pine Range
 Elko Co./Salmon Falls River Drainage
 Elko Co./Jiggs
 Elko Co./Ruby Mtns.
 Elko Co./Wildhorse Range
 Elko Co./Ruby Valley
 Elko Co./O'Neil Basin
 Elko Co./Ruby Mtns.
 Elko Co./SF Humboldt River
 Elko Co./Snake Mtns.
 Elko Co./Jarbidge Mtns.
 White Pine Co./White Pine Range
 Elko Co./EF Owyhee River
 Elko Co./Tuscarora Mtns.
 Lander Co./Battle Mountain
 Elko Co./Independence Mtns.

Species

rb,bk, tt
 smb,lmb,bg,cc,rb
 lmb
 rb, bn, bk
 rb,w
 rb
 rb, bn, bk
 rb, bn
 rb, lmb
 rb, bn, lmb
 rb
 rb,smb,lmb
 rb,bn
 cc,lmb,smb,bn,bb,bg
 bk,ct
 rb,lmb,smb,cc,bb
 lmb,cc
 rb,bn
 rb,lmb, cc
 rb,lmb
 rb,bk, tt
 rb,bn,w,smb
 rb,bk,bn,lmb, tt
 rb,bn,w
 ct,rb,bn,bk,bc,smb,cc, w
 rb,bn,smb,lmb,cc, bc,wi
 rb,bk, tt
 rb,bt,w
 rb,bn, bk
 rb,bn,smb,yp,cc,bc, lmb,wi, tt
 lmb,cr,cc,ct
 rb,bn
 rb,lmb

Species Abbreviations

bb - bullhead catfish
bc - rainbowXcutthroat hybrid
bg - bluegill sunfish
bk - brook trout
bn - brown trout
bt - bull trout

cc - channel catfish
cr - crappie
ct - cutthroat trout
lmb - largemouth bass
rb - rainbow trout

smb - smallmouth bass
tt - tiger trout
w - whitefish
wi - wiper
yp - yellow perch

Eastern Region General Regulations

Important Note: Within the Eastern Region the following general fishing seasons, hours, limits, and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Eastern Region Special Regulations**”. If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Eastern Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.

Eastern Region General Seasons/Hours: Open year around, any hour of the day or night.

Eastern Region Limits: Except as noted under “Special Regulations,” the limits are as follows:



Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties - Lakes and Reservoirs: The limit is 5 trout, and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession).

Elko County - Streams and Rivers: The limit is 10 trout, 10 mountain whitefish, and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession). No bull trout are allowed in possession - see page 15.

Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties - Streams and Rivers: The limit is 10 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession).

Bait Regulations: While fishing in this region, the possession or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive or any parts thereof except for preserved salmon eggs, is **prohibited**. Other aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken. See pages 8-10 for more regulations on the use of bait fish.

Closed Waters: See page 16.

Artificial Lure Waters: See page 7.

EASTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS:

Angel Lake and inlet and outlet streams in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Bruneau River and tributary streams in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limits are 10 trout and 10 mountain whitefish.

Cave Lake, Steptoe Creek and Cave Creek in White Pine County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout. On Cave Lake, boats must be operated at a speed which leaves a flat wake and in no case exceeds 5 nautical miles per hour.

Cold Creek Reservoir in White Pine County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limits are 5 trout and 5 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches.

Comins Lake in White Pine County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout and 5 black bass. No limit on northern pike (unlimited possession). Fish must be dead before transporting. The importation, transportation or possession of live northern pike is prohibited (NAC 503.110).

Dry Creek Reservoir in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limits are 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which no more than 10 may be black bass.

Groves Lake, Kingston Creek and Big Creek in Lander County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout. Only boats without motors and boats with electric motors are permitted.

Illipah Reservoir and Creek in White Pine County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout. Flat wake restrictions for boats.

Jarbidge River, West Fork and East Fork and its tributary streams in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout and 10 mountain whitefish, except the possession of bull trout is prohibited. All captured bull trout must be released immediately. Please report the capture of bull trout to NDOW Eastern Region Office.

Eastern Region Special Regulations

Health Advisory

The Nevada State Health Division has issued health advisories that recommend limiting consumption of fish species from seven Northern Nevada waters, due to elevated methylmercury levels.

In the Eastern Region, the health advisory recommends no consumption of largemouth bass or northern pike from Comins Lake. For more information, go to ndow.org.



Marys River and tributary streams in Elko County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge in Elko and White Pine Counties:

Season is open year around in all areas except as posted. Refuge is open 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. From Jan. 1 through June 14 the limit is 3 trout and 5 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches. From June 15 through Dec. 31 the limit is 3 trout and 10 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches. Those areas of the Collection Ditch that are open to fishing may be fished with artificial lures only. Chumming is prohibited. It is unlawful to clean or fillet fish within the boundaries of the Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge. The possession or use of live or dead bait fish (including crayfish and amphibians) is prohibited anywhere on the refuge. For boating regulations contact the Refuge Manager. The Gallagher Hatchery rearing, brood and spring ponds, and Cave Creek on the west side of the County Road are closed to fishing. See page 39 for boating regulations.

Ruby Mountains and East Humboldt Range High Lakes (except for Angel Lake) in Elko County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 10 trout.

Smith Creek Reservoir in Lander County:

Season is open April 1 through Nov. 15, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 1 trout. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks

may be used. **NOTE:** Please respect "No Trespassing" signs as posted (from the inlet of Smith Creek along the north shore, including the dam) by the private land owner.

Snake Mountain High Lakes in White Pine County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 10 trout.

South Fork Reservoir and the South Fork of the Humboldt River from the Lucky Nugget Subdivision causeway downstream to its confluence with the Humboldt River in Elko County:

Season is open year around any hour of the day or night. Exception: March 1 through June 30, catch and release fishing only for black bass. Limits are: 5 trout, 1 black bass, 1 white bass hybrid (wiper) and 5 channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches total length.

South Fork of the Humboldt River from the Lucky Nugget Subdivision causeway upstream to Lee in Elko County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 1 trout. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.

ATTENTION TROUT ANGLERS - Identify Your Catch in the Jarbidge



BULL TROUT

No black spots on dorsal fin



RAINBOW TROUT

Black spots on dorsal fin

When fishing in the Jarbidge River drainage area it is essential to be able to differentiate between rainbow trout and the threatened bull trout. The most common trout you will find is rainbow trout.

The possession of bull trout is prohibited! All captured bull trout must be immediately released unharmed. Knowing how to identify your catch is important.

Bull trout have light colored spots scattered over a dark (olive-green color) background. The fins have no black spotting. Rainbow trout have a light colored background with a pink to red colored stripe across the side of the body. In addition, there is black spotting over the body, tail fin and dorsal fin.

Please notify the Eastern Region NDOW Office in Elko of any bull trout that you catch and release. The Elko NDOW office is located at 60 Youth Center Road in Elko. Their phone number is (775) 777-2300. Watch for NDOW signs in the Jarbidge area.

Eastern Region Special Regulations

CLOSED WATERS - In the Eastern Region the following waters are closed to all fishing:

Elko County - In Ruby Valley, fishing is prohibited in Gallagher Hatchery rearing, brood and spring ponds; in Cave Creek west of the county road; and on Franklin Lake Wildlife Management Area.

Eureka County - Tonkin Springs Creek (Denay Creek) from origin to its confluence with Tonkin Springs Reservoir.

White Pine County - Cold Creek Springs (Spring Pond) and creek above Cold Creek Reservoir in the Diamond Range of White Pine County.

Tailings Creek, Cleve Creek, Silver Creek and White River in White Pine County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Tonkin Springs Reservoir in Eureka County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout. Artificial lures only. Stream above reservoir is closed to fishing.

Wildhorse Reservoir and all inlet and outlet streams including Penrod Creek up to the bridge below the Gold Creek Ranger Station in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Exception: March 1 through June 30, catch and release fishing only for black bass. Limits are 5 trout, 1 black bass, 1 white bass hybrid (wiper) and 5 channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches total length. No limit on yellow perch (unlimited possession).

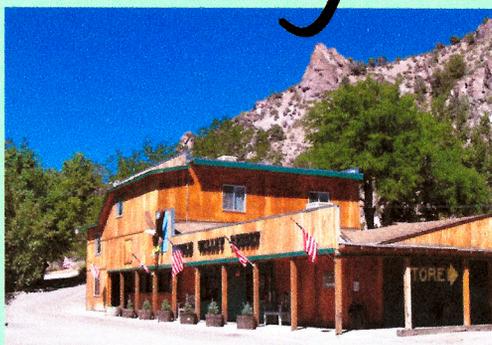
Willow Creek Pond and Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams in Lander County: Season is open year around, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. Limit is 5 trout and 5 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches. No limit on yellow perch (unlimited possession).

Willow Creek Reservoir in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass and 5 may be channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.

Wilson Sink Reservoir and its outlet and inlet stream up to State Route 11 in Elko County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 10 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.

Eagle Valley Resort

*Nevada's
Best
Kept
Secret!!*



Year Around Fun for the Whole Family!

Fishing Tournaments

*Check Out our **\$50,000** Tagged Fish Event! May 2014*

Tons of Wildlife

Easy Access Trails for Hiking or ATVing

EVR's Resident Buck



Visit us at
www.EagleValleyResortNV.com
(775)962-5293

*Stay a Day
or
Stay a Year!*



*Full Hook Up RV Park
Cabins with all Amenities*

Laundry Facilities

Showers

Full Service Bar

Friendly service, Slot machines, Pool table

Our Store has all of your Fishing,

Hunting, & Camping needs!

Fishing & Hunting Licenses Available

The Real Gem of the Rubies

By Joe Doucette

Located just a half hour drive from Elko, South Fork Reservoir is one of the most popular as well as productive destination waters in Elko County. This reservoir was built in 1989 for recreation and lies entirely on public land. South Fork contains rainbow, brown, cutthroat and bowcutt trout, along with smallmouth and largemouth black bass species and channel catfish. Wipers (white bass/striper) were introduced in 2002 and the lake now produces double digit fish with the current water record caught in 2012 weighing in at 13 pounds.

Due to the rich nutrient level of the lake providing excellent forage for game fish species, many anglers find it difficult to catch fish here with the average angler walking away with less than two fish on an average day. However, what South Fork lacks in quantity of catch, the quality of the fish caught is excellent with the average trout coming in at almost 17 inches. The current water record for smallmouth bass is 6 lbs. 4 oz. and in the summer of 2011 the state record channel catfish weighing in at 32 lbs. 7 oz. was caught here.

Most forms of bait including PowerBait, worms and salmon eggs are effective for trout as well as with spinners, minnow type lures and flies. Trout fishing is best in spring to early summer, late fall, and through the ice in winter. During the heat of late summer, a few trout are caught early in the morning.

PowerBait fished off of the bottom is very popular. Take a good sized chunk of PowerBait and make a bell shape with it, placing it on the hook with the small end towards the line. Using a slip sinker the bait is floated off of the bottom and presents itself in much the same attitude as a leech, which is a popular food source in the lake. Areas that are productively fished using this technique include the shoreline between the dam and the State Park campground, the bluffs on the west shore of the lake near the dam as well as between Jet Ski Beach and the causeway at the south end of the lake.

Trollers frequently target the deeper water from the bluffs along the west shore to the dam and then continue on towards the State Park campground. Like other area

waters, trolling flashers with worms, spinners or rapalas can also be very effective.

Fly fishing from shore, float tube or boat is also popular, though most fly fisherman use either a tube or a boat. Midges hatch from spring through the fall and are larger than normal. They can be tied in sizes 10 through 16 using a black 3/0 thread for the body, white antron for a tail and wings with a little peacock hurl for the thorax. Wooly buggers and leech patterns also work well in blood, black and olive. Mohair leech with either a tungsten or brass beadhead can be effective as well. Many float tubers "troll" a leech or wooly bugger fly behind them as they move between areas. The old river channel on the southwest side of the lake (near the coyote boat ramp) is a great place to float tube for both trout and bass.

During the heat of summer fishing is best in the morning on South Fork with it dying off drastically by noon. Besides the bite shutting down in the afternoon, anglers often have to contend with the skiers and personal watercraft traffic that picks up as the water warms.

Bass fishing is good in the spring as anglers target the guard males on the spawning beds, though care should be taken in releasing the fish immediately without too much handling. Though this is an effective method for fishing, there are more fish off of the beds than on them. Target bass near structures such as the bluffs on the west side and in the weeds associated with shallow water over by the nesting island, also on the west side of the lake.

The usual plastic grubs, crank baits and minnow type lures are effective for bass as well as flies that imitate crawfish, leeches and minnows. Bunny leeches (flies tied with rabbit hair zonker strips) in black, brown and orange work well when used with an intermediate or full sink line.

Limits for fish are: 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 1 may be a black bass, 1 may be a wiper and 5 may be channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches. However, no black bass may be kept between March 1 and June 30 when catch and release fishing only is allowed for black bass.



Southern Region General Reference Map



Southern Region Office

4747 Vegas Dr., Las Vegas, NV 89108
(702) 486-5127

The **Southern Region** includes the four counties of southern Nevada: Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye. Major fishing waters within this region include Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, the Colorado River, Eagle Valley Reservoir, Echo Canyon Reservoir and the reservoirs on Kirch Wildlife Management Area. A number of small streams in northern Nye County provide wild trout fishing and a few are stocked with hatchery-reared rainbow trout.

Note: This map depicts the Southern Region fishable waters corresponding with the table on the adjacent page.



Southern Region Fishable Waters

Body of Water

Adams-McGill Reservoir
 Barley Creek
 Beatty Pond
 Beaver Dam Creek
 Boulder City Urban Pond
 Chiatovitch Creek
 Cold Creek Pond
 Cold Springs Reservoir
 Colorado River
 Dacey Reservoir
 Eagle Valley Reservoir
 Echo Canyon Reservoir
 Floyd Lamb Park Pond
 Haymeadow Reservoir
 Lake Mead
 Lake Mohave
 Lorenzi Park Pond
 Mosquito Creek
 Mesquite Urban Pond
 Nesbitt Lake
 Pine Creek
 Reese River, Upper
 San Juan Creek
 Sportsmans Park Pond
 Sunset Park Pond
 Trail Canyon Reservoir
 Upper Pahrnatag Lake

County/Location

Nye Co./Kirch WMA
 Nye Co./Monitor Range
 Nye Co.
 Lincoln Co.
 Clark Co.
 Esmeralda Co./White Mtns.
 Clark Co.
 Nye Co./Kirch WMA
 Clark Co.
 Nye Co./Kirch WMA
 Lincoln Co./Spring Valley
 Lincoln Co./Dry Valley
 Clark Co./Las Vegas
 Nye Co./Kirch WMA
 Clark Co.
 Clark Co.
 Clark Co./Las Vegas
 Nye Co./Monitor Range
 Clark Co.
 Lincoln Co./Paranagat Valley
 Nye Co./Monitor Mtns.
 Nye Co./Toiyabe Mtns.
 Nye Co./Toiyabe Mtns.
 Nye Co.
 Clark Co./Las Vegas
 Esmeralda Co./White Mtns.
 Lincoln Co./Pahrnatag Valley

Species

lmb, rb, cr
 rb,bk,bn
 lmb, rb
 rb
 rb,cc
 rb,bk,bn
 rb
 rb,lmb, cr
 rb,cc,lmb,stb,bg
 lmb, rb
 rb,bn
 rb,lmb,cr
 rb,cc,lmb,bg,gs,rs
 rb,lmb, cr
 rb,lmb,cc,stb,bb,cr,gs,bg
 rb,lmb,cc,stb, bb,gs,bg
 rb,cc,lmb,bg,gs
 rb,bk,ct
 rb,cc
 lmb,bb
 rb,bk,bn,ct
 rb,bk,ct
 rb,bk,ct
 rb
 rb,cc,lmb,bg,gs,cr
 rb,bk
 lmb,bb,cr

Species Abbreviations

bb - bullhead catfish
bg - bluegill sunfish
bk - brook trout
bn - brown trout
cc - channel catfish

cr - crappie
ct - cutthroat trout
gs - green sunfish
lmb - largemouth bass
mt - mackinaw trout

rb - rainbow trout
rs - redear sunfish
sp - Sacramento perch
stb - striped bass

Southern Region General Regulations

Important Note: Within the Southern Region the following general fishing seasons, hours, limits and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Southern Region Special Regulations**”. If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

Southern Region General Seasons/Hours: Open year around, any hour of the day or night, except where noted under special regulations.

Limits: Except as noted under “Southern Region Special Regulations” the limits are as follows: Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye counties: the limit is 10 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.

All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.



Kirch Wildlife Management Area in Nye County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night, except the upper portions of Adams-McGill, Cold Springs, Dacey and Haymeadow Reservoirs, which are closed to trespass February 15 through August 15 as posted. Tule Reservoir: open Aug. 16 through Feb. 14 any hour of the day or night. Limits are 5 trout, 10 black bass and 15 other warmwater game fish. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length. Dacey Reservoir: Limits are 1 trout, 10 black bass and 15 other warmwater game fish. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length. Only artificial lures may be used on Dacey Reservoir. A 100 yard area as posted around the inflow from Hot Creek to Dacey and Adams-McGill Reservoirs shall be closed to fishing January 1 through April 1. See page 41 for boat restrictions.

SOUTHERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS:

Beatty Urban Pond: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 3 game fish.

Carpenter Creek in Clark County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 2 trout.

Clark County Urban Ponds: Boulder City Pond, Lorenzi Park Pond, Mesquite Urban Pond-Hafen Lane Pond, Sunset Park Pond and Floyd Lamb State Park Pond. Season is open year around and hours are when the park is open to public use. Limit is 3 game fish.

Cold Creek Pond and Cold Creek in Clark County: Season is open year around any hour of the day or night. Limit is 3 game fish.

Eagle Valley Reservoir and the stream above and below the reservoir, in Lincoln County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Echo Canyon Reservoir in Lincoln County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.

Bait Regulations: See pages 8-10 for more regulations on the use of baitfish.

Tackle Restrictions: In Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River, the use of more than two hooks for bait or flies is prohibited. See below and on page 7 in General Regulations for further information.

Artificial Lure Waters: See page 7.

Spearfishing: Persons may spearfish for striped bass in Lake Mead and in Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to the cable below Hoover Dam. Spearfishing for striped bass is prohibited in that portion of Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to Davis Dam and from Davis Dam down river to the Nevada state line. In Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River system, spearfishing is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area.

When spearfishing, a person must display, within 100 feet, an appropriate diver’s flag. A mechanical spearing device may be used only under the surface of the water, and the spear must be attached to the device by a lanyard. **Fishing license regulations apply when spearfishing.**

Southern Region Special Regulations

Interstate Waters Fishing and License Information:

1. *When fishing in the reciprocal waters of the Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave from the shore of Nevada; each person who is 12 years of age or over must possess:*

- (a) *An Arizona fishing license;*
- (b) *Nevada fishing license; or*
- (c) *A Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license.*

2. *When fishing in the reciprocal waters of the Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave from a location other than the shore of Nevada; each person who is 12 years of age or over must possess:*

- (a) *An Arizona fishing license; or*
- (b) *A Nevada Colorado River special use stamp, in addition to:*

- (1) *A Nevada fishing license; or*
- (2) *A Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license.*

3. The fee for the Nevada Colorado River special use stamp is \$3, and the stamp is effective from March of the year that the stamp is issued through February of the following year.

4. A person who holds a Nevada Colorado River special use stamp must validate the stamp by signing his name in ink across the face of the stamp and affixing the stamp to his fishing license or permit to fish, or the person must provide any other such documentation as the Department provides as proof that he has paid to the Department the fee for the special use stamp.

5. Persons under 12 years of age may fish in the reciprocal waters of the Colorado River, Lake Mead and Lake Mohave without obtaining a special use stamp, license or permit to fish.

Colorado River below Davis Dam in Clark County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except in areas as posted. Limit is 10 trout, 6 black bass, 10 striped bass and 25 catfish. Minimum size for black bass is 13 inches. No limit on other game fish. For bait restrictions see pages 8-10. For spearfishing restrictions see pages 7 and 20.

Lake Mead in Clark County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night, except in areas as posted. Limit is 5 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish and 15 crappie. No limit on striped bass less than 20 inches total length. The limit on striped bass 20 inches total length or longer is 20 fish. No limit restriction on other game fish. For bait restrictions see pages 8-10. Tackle and striped bass spearfishing restrictions see pages 7 and 20.

Lake Mohave in Clark County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night, except in areas as posted. Limit is 10 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish and 15 crappie. No limit on striped bass less than 20 inches total length. The limit on striped bass 20 inches total length or longer is 20 fish. No limit on other game fish. For bait restrictions see pages 8-10. Tackle and striped bass spearfishing restrictions see pages 7 and 20.

Nesbitt Lake (Key Pittman Wildlife Management Area) in Lincoln County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except the portion above the old fence line as posted closed to trespass from February 15 through August 15 and closed to fishing during waterfowl season. Limit is 10 bullhead and 15 other warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. See boat restrictions on pages 41.

Pahrnagat National Wildlife Refuge in Lincoln County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except North Marsh which is closed to fishing during the waterfowl hunting season. Limit is 3 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.

Virgin River and Muddy (Moapa) River systems in Clark County:

Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish, 15 crappie and 20 striped bass. No limit on other game fish.

CLOSED WATERS

In the Southern Region the following waters are closed to all fishing:

Ash Springs outflow through the River Ranch to beginning of the concrete ditch, in Lincoln County.

Crystal Springs and outflow for one half mile to beginning of the concrete ditch, in Lincoln County.

Kirch Wildlife Management Area - Hot Creek to its confluence with Adams-McGill Reservoir; Sunnyside Creek above Sunnyside/Adavin County Road crossing in Sec. 36 T7N, R61E in Nye County.

Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River areas as posted immediately above and below Hoover and Davis Dams; and except as otherwise posted by the National Park Service, those waters within the flat wake buoys at the following marinas and harbors: Overton Beach, Echo Bay Resort, Callville Bay Marina, Las Vegas Wash, Cottonwood Cove, Hemenway Harbor and the Las Vegas boat harbor/ Lake Mead Marina Harbor complex in Clark County.

Spring Mountain Ranch State Park Pond, Veteran's Memorial Park, Boulder City, all waters except the Boulder City Pond as posted in Clark County.

Las Vegas Wash, all waters within the Clark County Wetlands Park.

Urban Fisheries Provide Opportunity Close to Home

By C. Douglas Nielsen

On a brisk December morning, an angler feels the unmistakable tug of a fish on the end of his line. With hushed excitement he sets the hook and begins to reel in his catch, a feisty rainbow trout that will fit nicely in his frying pan. Just then, a pair of wild Canada geese flies in and set their wings for landing. They honk loudly to announce their arrival and invite their friends to join them.

Within minutes this pair of birds and the angler are joined by several more geese, all voicing their approval of the lead pair's choice to land near a tule-lined island on the small lake. While scenes like this are not generally associated with Southern Nevada, this actually took place at Lorenzi Park, a city-owned facility located just minutes away from the Las Vegas Strip.

Lorenzi Park is one of four urban fisheries located in the Las Vegas area. Each one offers seasonal fishing opportunities for local residents and visitors alike. The other three fisheries are located at Floyd Lamb Park at Tule Springs, Sunset Park and Veterans Memorial Park in Boulder City. The Nevada Department of Wildlife plants rainbow trout in the park ponds during the cooler months of the year and catfish during the warm season.

Following an extensive renovation project that included a redesign of its lake, Lorenzi Park was recently reopened to the public. Those who fished at Lorenzi prior to renovation project will notice significant changes that improved the aesthetics of the lake but also somewhat limited the shoreline availability for anglers. That said, there is still plenty of room for anglers to set up and enjoy a day of fishing. Available fish species include bluegill and largemouth bass. Lorenzi Park is located on Washington Avenue just west of Rancho drive.

Floyd Lamb at Tule Springs is a popular destination among local anglers and offers them the choice of stocked rainbows, catfish, largemouth bass and bluegill. Located in

the northwest corner of the Las Vegas Valley, the park's fishery is comprised of four ponds. NDOW plants fish only in the largest and uppermost of the four ponds, but the fish often make their way into the other ponds. Anglers looking for shade during the warmer months will find it here.

Through the years, these ponds have produced a 20-pound channel catfish, a 10-pound 2-ounce largemouth bass and a redear sunfish that measured nearly 11 inches in length. Other available species include green sunfish and crappie.

Sunset Park Pond has long been a mainstay for Las Vegas area anglers, and it too has been recently renovated. The pond itself covers about 14 acres and provides fishermen with excellent shoreline access. Though rainbow trout and channel catfish are the primary sport fish, the fishery also includes bluegill, redear sunfish, black crappie, and largemouth bass. The big fish list for this pond includes a 24-pound 6-ounce carp, a 9-pound 14-ounce largemouth bass and 12-pound 10-ounce rainbow trout.

Sunset Park is located at the corner of Sunset Road and Eastern Avenue near the southeastern corner of McCarran Airport. Parking is available at both the north and south ends of the pond.

Veterans Memorial Park is located in Boulder City and is the newest addition to Southern Nevada's urban fishery. The trees along the pond shoreline provide some shade in the summer months but still have lots of room to grow. Covering approximately three surface acres, the Boulder Pond has a maximum depth of about 15 feet and is lined by a concrete walk. NDOW plants only rainbow trout and channel catfish, but anglers may find bluegill leftover following Free Fishing day events. This is a popular fishery for fly anglers.

Boats and other flotation devices, including float tubes, are prohibited on each of the urban ponds.





Shotgun | Rifle-Pistol | Archery

- 24 combination Trap & Skeet Fields
- 5-Stand Shotgun Shooting Field
- 30 Sporting Clay Stations
- 30 covered Rifle-Pistol Shooting Points up to 50 yards, 15 points to 100 yards, 15 points to 200 yards
- Known distance Archery Range with 30 covered firing points
- Pro Shops
- 80 Full-Service RV Sites
- Education & Training Facilities with Ranges
- Custom Shooting Packages Available



Clark County Shooting Complex

11357 North Decatur Boulevard
 Las Vegas, NV 89131
 Phone: (702) 455-2000

Shooting Hours

<u>Nov-Feb:</u>	<u>Mar-Oct:</u>
Wed	Wed-Thu
8am-10pm	7am-10pm
Thu-Sun	Fri-Sun
8am-5pm	7am-7pm



Follow Us for all the latest news and updates

www.ClarkCountyNV.gov/shootingcomplex
ShootingComplexInfo@ClarkCountyNV.gov



Western Region General Reference Map



NDOW Headquarters/ Western Region Office

1100 Valley Road, Reno, NV 89512
(775) 688-1500

The **Western Region** includes the nine counties of northwestern Nevada: Carson City, Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lyon, Mineral, Pershing, Storey and Washoe. Several popular fishing waters are located within this region including Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Walker Lake, Pyramid Lake, and the Truckee, Carson and Walker River systems. Waters that are popular for warmwater species are Lahontan, Chimney and Rye Patch Reservoirs, Humboldt River, Washoe Lake, Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area and several canals and drains in the Lahontan Valley.

Note: This map depicts the Western Region fishable waters corresponding with the table on the adjacent page.

Western Region Fishable Waters

Body of Water	County/Location	Species
Baily Fishing Pond	Carson City Co.	rb
Big Springs Reservoir	Humboldt Co./Sheldon	rb
Bilk Creek Reservoir	Humboldt Co./Bilk Creek Mtns.	rb, bc, lmb
Blue Lakes	Humboldt Co./Pine Forest Range	rb, bk, ct, bc, tt
Boulder Reservoir	Washoe Co./Boulder Mtn.	rb
Carson River, East Fork	Douglas Co./Carson Range	rb, bn
Carson River, Main	Carson/Lyon/Douglas/Churchill Co.	rb, bn, bb, cc, wc, gs, yp, wp, smb, lmb
Catnip Reservoir	Washoe Co./Sheldon	ct
Chimney Reservoir	Humboldt Co./Little Humboldt River	wp, cc, cr
Davis Creek Park Pond	Washoe Co./Washoe Valley	rb
Desert Creek	Lyon Co./Sweetwater Mtns.	rb, bn, bk, tt
Dufurrena Ponds	Humboldt Co./Sheldon	lmb, cr, yp, gs, rs
Fort Churchill Cooling Ponds	Lyon Co./Mason Valley	lmb, cc, bg, rs
Hobart Reservoir	Washoe Co./Carson Range	rb, bk, bc, tt
Humboldt River	Humboldt Co.	lmb, smb, cc, bb, cr, wp, bg
Humboldt River	Pershing Co.	lmb, cc, wp, smb, sb, wi
Knott Creek Reservoir	Humboldt Co./Pine Forest Range	rb, bc, tt
Lahontan Reservoir	Churchill Co./Lahontan Valley	rb, cc, bb, lmb, wb, sb, yp, wp, wc, cr, wi
Lake Tahoe	Carson City/Douglas/Washoe Co.	rb, bn, mt, ks, w, lmb, bb
Liberty Pond	Churchill Co./Fallon	rb, cc, wc, bg
Little Humboldt River, NF	Humboldt Co./Santa Rosa Mtns.	rb, bk, bn, ct
Marilyn's Pond	Washoe Co.	rb
Marlette Lake	Washoe Co.	bk, ct, rb
Martin Creek	Humboldt Co./Santa Rosa Mtns.	rb, bn
Martin Slough	Douglas Co.	rb, cc
Mason Valley/North Pond	Lyon Co.	rb, bn, lmb, bg
Mitch Park Pond	Douglas Co.	rb, cc
Mountain View Park Pond	Lyon Co./Yerington	rb
Onion Valley Reservoir	Humboldt Co./Pine Forest Range	rb, bk, tt
Paradise Park Pond	Washoe Co./Reno	rb, bn, cc, lmb, gs, bg, bc
Pyramid Lake	Washoe Co./Near Nixon	ct, sp
Quinn River, East Fork	Humboldt Co./Santa Rosa Mtns	rb, bk, bn
Rye Patch Reservoir	Pershing Co.	rb, cc, wp, lmb, sb, cr, bb, wc, wi, sb, smb
Sparks Marina	Washoe Co./Sparks	rb, bn, cc, smb, sb, gs, tt
Spooner Lake	Washoe Co./Carson Range	ct, bn, tt, rb
Squaw Creek Reservoir	Washoe Co./Near Gerlach	rb, bn, lmb, sb, bb, gs
Star Creek	Pershing Co./Humboldt Range	rb
Topaz Lake	Douglas Co./Highway 395	rb, bn, bc, bb, tt, lmb, w
Truckee Canal	Lyon Co./Fernley	rb
Truckee River	Washoe/Storey Co.	rb, bn, ct, w, cc, lmb, bb, gs
Verdi Pond	Washoe Co.	ct
Virginia Lake	Washoe Co./Reno	rb, bn, cc, bc, lmb
Walker River, East Fork	Lyon Co./Walker River Valley	rb, bn, w, lmb
Walker River, West Fork	Lyon/Douglas Co.	rb, bn, w, lmb
Wall Canyon Reservoir	Washoe Co./North of Gerlach	rb, bn, bc, smb
Washoe Lake	Washoe Co./Washoe Valley	cc, wb, sp, bb
Weber Reservoir	Mineral Co./Walker River	lmb, cc, wc, cr
Whites and Thomas Creeks	Washoe Co./Carson Range	rb, bk
Wilson Common Pond	Washoe Co./Washoe Valley	rb, cr

Species Abbreviations

bb - bullhead catfish
bc - rainbowXcutthroat hybrid
bg - bluegill sunfish
bk - brook trout
bn - brown trout
bt - bull trout

cc - channel catfish
cr - crappie
ct - cutthroat trout
gs - green sunfish
ks - kokanee salmon
lmb - largemouth bass
mt - mackinaw trout

rb - rainbow trout
rs - redear sunfish
sb - spotted bass
smb - smallmouth bass
sp - Sacramento perch
stb - striped bass
tt - tiger trout

w - whitefish
wb - white bass
wc - white catfish
wi - wiper
wp - walleye
yp - yellow perch

Western Region General Regulations

Important Note: Within the Western Region the following general fishing seasons, hours, limits, and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Western Region Special Regulations**”. If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.

Western Region General Seasons/Hours: Open year around, any hour of the day or night.

Western Region Limits: Except as noted under “Special Regulations” the limits are as follows:

Carson City, Douglas County, Mineral County, Storey County and Washoe County: The limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.

Churchill County and Lyon County: The limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.

Humboldt County: The limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.

Pershing County: The limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass, 5 may be walleye and 5 may be white bass or white bass hybrids over 14 inches total length. White bass or white bass hybrids under 14 inches total length may be included in the 15 game fish limit.

Artificial Lure Waters: See page 7.

Bait Regulations: See pages 8-10.

Closed Waters: See page 29.

WESTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS:

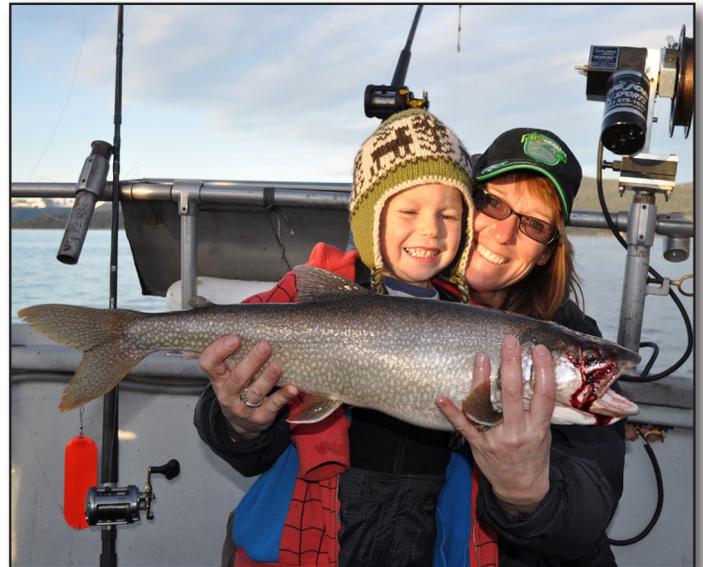
Baily Fishing Pond in Carson City County: Season is open year around during the hours the park is open to the public. Limit is 3 game fish.

Big Springs Reservoir in Humboldt County: Season is open the second Saturday in May through the last day of February, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Bilk Creek Reservoir in Humboldt County: Season is open year around any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 game fish.

Blue Lakes in Humboldt County: Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout. Only boats without motors are permitted and the area is closed to vehicular traffic.

Catnip Reservoir, tributaries and outlet stream in Washoe County: Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 1 trout. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.



Chimney Reservoir in Humboldt County: Season is open year around any hour of the day or night. **Limit is 15 gamefish of which not more than 5 may be black bass, 5 may be walleye and 2 may be white bass hybrid (wiper).** The minimum length for white bass hybrid is 15 inches total length.

East Walker River in Lyon County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass except in that portion of the East Walker River which is from ¼ mile above the confluence of the East Walker River and Sweetwater Creek downstream to ½ mile below the confluence of the East Walker River and Red Wash Creek, which is catch and release fishing only. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.

Fort Churchill Cooling Pond Cooperative Management Area in Lyon County: Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. Limit is 15 game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass and 5 may be trout. Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches. Fishing is prohibited from the center dike and posted areas. Wading or the use of boats and other floating devices is prohibited.

Western Region Special Regulations

Hobart Reservoir and tributaries and Franktown Creek downstream from Hobart Reservoir to Red House in Washoe County: Season is open May 1 through September 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. Limit is 5 trout, only one of which is longer than 14 inches. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.

Knott Creek Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams in Humboldt County: Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15. Limit is 1 trout, minimum size 18 inches. Hours are any hour of the day or night. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used. Boats must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake.

Lahontan Reservoir*: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except for the Lahontan Dam spilling pool (bowl) which is closed to fishing. Limit is 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass, 5 may be walleye, **and 2 may be white bass or white bass hybrids (wiper) longer than 15 inches total length.**

Carson River below Lahontan Reservoir and all waters in Lahontan Valley*: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 25 game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.

*In accordance with the Nevada State Health Division advisory, the Department of Wildlife recommends no consumption of fish from Lahontan Reservoir, the Carson River below Dayton and all waters in Lahontan Valley due to elevated methylmercury levels found in game fish and carp. **NOTE: Stillwater NWR is closed to fishing due to health advisory.**

Lake Tahoe: Persons under 16 years of age are not required to have a fishing license. Persons 16 years of age or older must have either a Nevada fishing license **or a Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license** (page 5) and a Trout Stamp; a Nevada short-term fishing permit, a "Take Me Fishing" Group permit, or a California fishing license.

Lake Tahoe and Tributaries in Washoe, Douglas, and Carson City Counties: Season is open year around, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset, except for the following closed areas: within a 200 yard radius of the mouths



of Third, Incline and Wood Creeks; 500 yard radius from Sand Harbor Boat Ramp; and within the boat launch area inside the jetty at Cave Rock Boat Ramp. Limits are 5 game fish of which not more than 2 may be mackinaw (lake trout).

Liberty Pond in Churchill County: Season is open year around, during public park hours. Limit is 3 game fish.

Marlette Lake, tributaries and outlet stream in Carson City and Washoe Counties: Season is July 15 through Sept. 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. Limit is zero (0) fish, catch and release fishing only. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.

PLEASE NOTE: Boulder Reservoir is not expected to be open for 2014 due to a reconstruction project.

Health Advisory

The Nevada State Health Division has issued health advisories that recommend limiting consumption of fish species from seven Northern Nevada waters, due to elevated methylmercury levels.

In the Western Region the health advisories recommend no consumption of fish from Lahontan Reservoir and the Carson River from Dayton downstream to the reservoir; no consumption of white bass from Little and Big Washoe Lakes; no consumption of wipers and walleye and no more than one eight-ounce meal per week of any other fish from Rye Patch Reservoir and no consumption of walleye from Chimney Dam Reservoir. For more information, go to www.ndow.org.

Western Region Special Regulations

Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area in Lyon County: Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30, any hour of the day or night on the following waters: Bass, Crappie, North Pond, Beaver Slough and that portion of the Walker River within the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area: Limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. **Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.**

Hinkson Slough: Same season as above; limit is 2 trout and 15 warmwater gamefish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. Minimum size for trout is 16 inches total length. **Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.** Artificial lures only (see page 7).

Eastside Waterfowl Series Ponds: Season is open Aug. 16 through Sept. 30, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. **Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.** Kuenzli Pond, Hatchery Outpond 1, Hatchery Outpond 2 and

Hatchery Outpond 3: Season is open on the first Saturday in May, from sunrise to sunset. Limit is 3 game fish **of which not more than 1 may be black bass.** (Note: These ponds are open for one day only.) All other waters of the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area are closed.

Mitch Park Pond, Lampe Park Pond, Martin Slough Pond in Douglas County: Season is open year around, hours when park is open to the public. Limit is 3 game fish.

Mountain View Park Pond in Lyon County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 3 game fish.

Onion Valley Reservoir in Humboldt County: Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 5 trout.

Rye Patch Reservoir and Humboldt River in Pershing County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 25 game fish of which not more than 5 may be trout, 5 may be walleye, 5 may be black bass and 2 may be white bass or white bass hybrids over 15 inches total length. White bass or white bass hybrids under 15 inches total length may be included in the 25 game fish limit.

Sparks Marina: Season is open year around, during public park hours (one hour before sunrise to two hours after sunset.) Limit is 3 game fish.

Spooner Lake in Douglas County: Season is open year around, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset. Limit is 5 trout.

Topaz Lake in Douglas County: Season is open January 1 through September 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset, except for the area within the jetties of Topaz Marina which is closed to fishing. Limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than

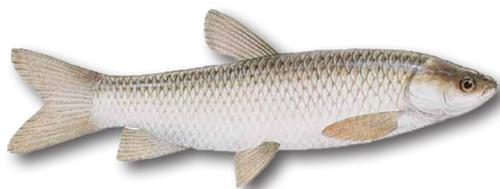


ATTENTION ANGLERS - MASON VALLEY WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA

The Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) has stocked STERILE GRASS CARP in the **Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area.** Grass carp are beneficial in controlling the aquatic vegetation, thereby enhancing habitat for sportfish populations. Their behavior is very different from common carp, which can be destructive to sport fisheries. While common carp were eradicated from Hinkson Slough in 2001, they still persist in Bass, Crappie and North ponds.

NDOW asks anglers that catch grass carp to please return them to the water unharmed.

Images below help identify the differences between the two.



Grass Carp



Common Carp

Western Region Special Regulations

5 may be black bass. Persons under 16 years of age are not required to have a fishing license. Persons 16 years of age or older must have either a Nevada fishing license or a **Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license** (page 5) and a Trout Stamp; a Nevada short-term fishing permit, a "Take Me Fishing" Group permit, or a California fishing license.

Truckee River: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except for the area within 1,000 feet downstream of Derby Dam, which is closed to fishing. **Limit is three (3) game fish.**

Washoe County Urban Ponds: Sparks Marina, Davis Creek Park Pond, Marilyn's Pond, Paradise Pond, Virginia Lake, Idlewild Ponds, Rancho San Rafael Pond, Wilson Common and Crystal Peak Park Pond: Season is open year around, during public park hours. Limit is 3 game fish.

Washoe Lake in Washoe County: Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. Limit is 10 game fish of which not more than 5 may be catfish. (Scripps Wildlife Management Area is closed to trespass February 15 through August 15).



Closed Waters

In the Western Region the following waters are closed to all fishing:

Churchill County: Lahontan Dam Spilling Pool (bowl) on the Carson River below Lahontan Dam.

Douglas County: Lake Tahoe within the boat launch area, inside the jetty at the Cave Rock boat ramp, north end. Glenbrook Creek from Lake Tahoe to Hwy 50. Topaz Lake within the jetties of Topaz Marina.

Humboldt County: All tributaries to Summit Lake. All waters of the Sheldon Antelope Range except Big Springs Reservoir and Dufurrena Ponds. Crowley Creek in the Montana Mountains. Eightmile Creek in the Santa Rosa Range.

Lyon County: All waters within the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area except for those listed as open on page 28.

Mineral County: Rose Creek Confluence from the diversion pipe downstream to Walker Lake and Walker Lake within a 100-yard radius of the inflow.

Storey County: Five Mile Reservoir, and the Truckee River from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet.

Washoe County: Third Creek and its tributaries from Lake Tahoe to the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Incline Creek and its tributaries from Lake Tahoe to Ski Way and the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Wood Creek from Lake Tahoe to the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Lake Tahoe within a 200-yard radius of the mouths of Third, Incline and Wood Creeks. A 500-yard radius from Sand Harbor boat ramp. Truckee River from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet.



Take a Kid Fishing...it's Worth it!

By Chris Vasey

Fishing with a kid is a great way to spend time together in the outdoors. Here are a few tips I have learned teaching kids how to fish as a professional and as a father. Hopefully, these few tips will ensure you and your kids have a good time together.

If you have no experience fishing, there is a great deal of information on getting started. Many websites are full of information for the beginner including the Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) website ndow.org. One of the best ways to get started is to attend one of the many classes that NDOW has to offer during the summer months.

Once you know what to do, the next step is where to go. Again your best resource for where to go is the NDOW website. Fishing Nevada has so many great opportunities to get an angler started. Many of our urban areas have neighborhood or urban ponds, which are the perfect place to get a young one started. The ponds generally are in family friendly county parks where there are facilities such as bathrooms and handicapped access. In addition to having great facilities, the neighborhood and urban ponds of Nevada are heavily stocked with catchable trout.

NDOW has a full listing of local fishing locations and stocking reports. Kids tend to have a short attention span, so the best place to start is close to home. Your kid might not last long and you will need to move on to something else other than fishing. Plan on about an hour when fishing with kids. While fishing with kids it's not always about the catching, taking in the outdoors is part of the experience too. I learned early on that while catching does hook them it's the whole experience of being with family or friends that really keeps their interest throughout a lifetime.

Equipment plays a crucial role when fishing with kids so keep it simple. One of the best starting combos is a spin casting rod. If you need to buy a rod, plan on spending about \$25 on a spin casting rod and reel combination. This type of rod will help avoid frustration for you and the child. If fishing for trout for the first time try using size 6 and 8 hooks with a split shot about $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet above the hook. Bobbers are not always needed unless you need to suspend the bait. Try using bait like PowerBait, corn and salmon eggs. These baits can be easier to apply than a

wiggling worm. Equipment can be intimidating for a child so take small steps. Have them attach the bobber or put on the bait. Casting will be difficult for them to learn at first so you should do the casting, but have them do the retrieve and of course let them reel the fish in.

So you've applied bait and cast your rod when all of the sudden you get a fish on your line. Now what? If it's their first time, a live fish can be disturbing to a child. Teach them respect for the fish and how to handle the fish correctly. If they want nothing to do with the fish and are fearful to get near it, go ahead and try to release the fish. Many times, however, children are very proud of their first fish and want to show it off to their family and friends. Make sure to encourage this so they will want to go with you again. In my experience you should always prep and cook the fish the day of the catch so the child can associate the fish with food. By doing this you assure the child the fish will not be wasted or forgotten.

Small successes are what it is about when fishing with kids. Remember it's the whole experience of fishing from learning how to cast, putting on their own bait, to identifying different types of fish. Many of my best fishing outings I've had with kids there was not one fish caught but the memories of catching bull frogs, crayfish, and just spending time together exploring the surroundings made the whole experience.

Be sure to bring along drinks and snacks to keep the kids from getting cranky. This also adds to the experience. When I take my kids there's always something tasty they like for snacks so fishing is associated with something special. And of course it's always a good idea to have some first aid at hand for the bump or bruise that may occur.

Taking a kid under 12 is free. For the junior annual fishing license for ages 12 - 15 the cost is \$13. The one-day fishing permit is \$9. For those who qualify there is an annual Nevada Special fishing permit available. After an applicant meets the permit requirements, NDOW will issue a fishing permit to a public or non-profit private group who want to take individuals fishing. This permit is a great resource to allow teachers or non-profit groups such as Boys and Girls Club to take students fishing. It eliminates the complication of taking large groups fishing.



The great
OUTDOORS start with
the great **ONLINE.**

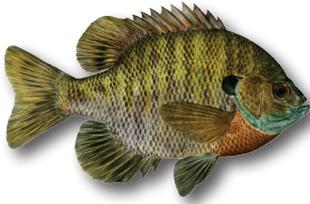


LEARN ABOUT THE FISH IN YOUR AREA, WHERE TO FIND THEM AND TIPS TO HELP YOU CATCH 'EM. IT'S ALL HERE.



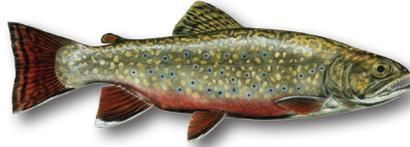
TAKEMEFISHING.org

Selected Game Fish of Nevada



BLUEGILL

Very colorful. Light to dark blue on bright purple. In breeding season, the breast of males is red. Gill covers often blue with a black spot on the rear of the "ear flap". Faint vertical bars on the sides. Dorsal fin has 10 spines followed without interruption by 10 or 12 rays. The mouth is small and when closed, barely reaches the front of the eye. Body deep for its length and compressed from side to side. Found in small farm ponds throughout northwestern and southern Nevada.



BROOK TROUT (CHAR)

Color ranges from olive, blue-gray or black on the back to white on the belly. Belly and lower fins brilliant orange in spawning males. Upper body and dorsal fin have mottled or worm-like markings. Red spots, with or without bluish rings around them. The most distinguishing marks are the white and thin black strip along the fore edge of the lower fins. Tail square or slightly forked. Occurs in about 278 mountain streams in Nevada where it frequents cooler water. Found in Ruby Mountain alpine lakes and other coldwater lakes.



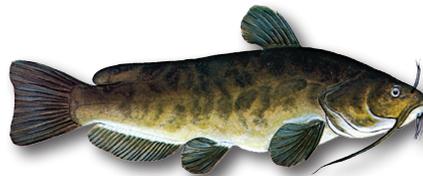
BROWN TROUT

Back brown or olive with large black spots. Sides light brown to yellowish, with numerous black and red-orange spots surrounded by light blue rings. Few if any spots on tail. Tail square, not forked. Brown trout occur widely in central and eastern Nevada streams and occur in about 73 streams statewide. Also found in some lakes and reservoirs. Spooky and difficult to catch.



BULL TROUT (CHAR)

The bull trout is normally olive-green to light green along the back and sides and appears somewhat washed out. Back with pale yellow spots and sides with orange or red spots; fins fringed with yellow orange; pectoral, pelvic, and anal fins with white margins. This fish is native to only the Jarbidge River system of northern Elko County and occurs in tributaries associated with the two forks of that stream system.



BULLHEAD

No scales. Tail only slightly forked, with rounded lobes. Adults are blackish, dark olive or dark brown. Belly is yellow, greenish-white, or white. Chin barbels are entirely black. The pectoral fin spine is smooth. Found in farm ponds and reservoirs throughout Nevada.



CHANNEL CATFISH

No scales, tail deeply forked with pointed lobes. Body pale bluish-olive above and bluish-white below. Spots vary from a few to many over much of the body and may not occur on large fish. Barbels extend from the chin and upper jaw. Both dorsal and pectoral fins have strong, sharp spines. Larger fish may be distinguished from the white catfish by the longer black barbels and more streamlined body form. Tail more deeply forked and head thinner and less rounded than white catfish. White on belly only to forward edge of anal fin. Found in warm water streams and reservoirs in northwestern and southern Nevada.



CUTTHROAT TROUT

Body color is highly variable with three subspecies in Nevada. Back may be steel gray to olive-green. Sides may be yellow-brown with red or pink along belly. Slash marks on either side of the throat beneath the lower jaw may be yellow, crimson-red or orange. Fins uniform color with no white tips. Scattered spots are usually round and black, more closely grouped towards the tail. Teeth on back of tongue. May hybridize with rainbow. Native to the Humboldt, Snake, and Bonneville basins of Nevada. Currently occurs in 112 streams and a small number of lakes where it's well known for its large size.



GREEN SUNFISH

Each scale is flecked with yellow or emerald green. Back and sides olive-green, and lower belly yellowish-copper or brassy. Body is short, stocky, and deeply compressed from side to side. The gill cover has a broad, light margin, and it often has a black spot on the rear flap. The gill cover bone is stiff all the way to the margin which is different from most other sunfish.



CRAPPIE

Silver-olive with numerous black or dark green splotches on the sides. Forehead is dished and the snout is turned up. Five or more anal spines and 7 or 8 dorsal spines. Base of the dorsal fin is about the same length as the base of the anal fin. Body compressed from side to side. Found in warmwater lakes and reservoirs throughout Nevada.



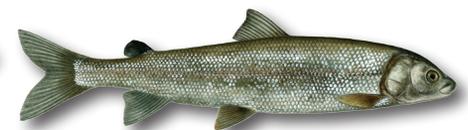
LAKE TROUT OR MACKINAW

Not as highly colored as other trout. Dark gray or gray-green above, belly light gray or white. Light gray irregular shaped spots or lines on back, sides, dorsal fin and tail. No white edging appears on lower fins as in brook trout. Tail deeply forked. Currently found in Lake Tahoe, Nevada-California, and Liberty and Echo Lakes in Elko County.



LARGEMOUTH BLACK BASS

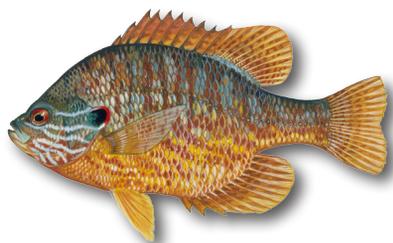
Dark green on back and sides, silvery below. Belly is greenish-white. A broad dark band on the sides which consists of irregular patches touching together. Dorsal fin with 9 to 10 sharp spines nearly separated from the soft rays by a deep notch. Upper jaw when closed extends at least to the rear edge of the eye in adults, usually beyond. Abundant in lakes and reservoirs throughout Nevada.



MOUNTAIN WHITEFISH

Back and fins are light brown and the sides and belly are silver and white. There are no spots. Tail deeply forked and body is deep and round. Mouth small with no teeth. Large fleshy adipose fin. Scales large and rough. The whitefish occurs in a number of larger streams in western and northeastern Nevada.

Selected Game Fish of Nevada



PUMPKINSEED

Considered a very colorful sunfish, the pumpkinseed is highlighted with mostly orange-brown spots on the main body and dorsal fin. Belly is orange-yellow. Opercular lobe has a dark blue-black spot with a bright red or orange edge. The cheek and operculum, or gill plate, also have wavy blue lines much like a green sunfish. Pumpkinseed have been caught in northwestern Nevada from the Truckee River, Peavine Ponds, Rancho San Rafael Pond, and Steamboat Creek.



RAINBOW TROUT

Body usually olive to greenish-blue on the back; belly white to silver; sides usually show prominent red or pink streak. Fish from lakes sometimes lose all color and appear silvery. Irregular spots on back, sides, head, dorsal fin and tail. No teeth on back of tongue. Native to the Columbia River drainage of northeastern Nevada, but stocked extensively from hatcheries throughout Nevada. Nevada's most abundant game fish species occurring in 295 streams statewide and in a large number of lakes and reservoirs.



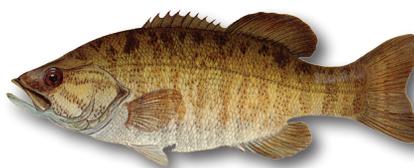
REDEAR SUNFISH

Dark brown to green back with yellow to green sides. Belly is light yellow to nearly white. The mouth is small and the opercular lobe or ear flap has a dark blue-back spot with red to orange edge. Found in small ponds such as Sunset Park and Sunset Park ponds in southern Nevada, and Dufurrena Ponds, and ponds in Mason Valley WMA in northern Nevada. Also found in the Colorado River below Davis Dam.



SACRAMENTO PERCH

Color blackish above, with about seven vertical bars irregular in form and position. This is not a true perch, but a sunfish.



SMALLMOUTH BLACK BASS

Dark olive to brown on back, sides bronze, belly white. Five dark vertical bands on sides. Eyes reddish. Dorsal fin with 9 or 10 sharp spines without a deep notch separating them from the soft rays. Upper jaw when closed does not extend beyond the rear edge of the eye. Found in only a few waters in Nevada such as the Humboldt River, Dry Creek Reservoir, South Fork Reservoir, Wildhorse Reservoir, all in Elko County; Rye Patch, Carson River, Lahontan and Wall Canyon reservoirs and Lake Mead.



SPOTTED BASS

One of the several black basses found in a few northern Nevada waters such as Lahontan and Rye Patch reservoirs and Sparks Marina Pond. Green to dark green on back and sides with a white belly. Rows of spots along the lower sides below the dark lateral stripe. Dorsal fins are connected and not separated into two distinct fins. Upper jaw extends to the back of the eye, but not beyond the eye as in the largemouth bass.



STRIPED BASS

Body olive-green above, shading through silvery on sides to white on belly with brassy reflection. There are 7 to 8 longitudinal dark stripes following the scale rows. A spiny dorsal fin is barely separated from a soft dorsal fin. The tail is forked and the body is cylindrical in shape. Striped bass occur in only a few of the larger lakes in Nevada including Lake Mead and Lake Mohave. The fish can become very large with some specimens larger than 50 pounds.



WALLEYE

Prominent "canine" teeth distinguish this big perch from its smaller family member the yellow perch. Color is brassy-olive buff sometimes shading to yellowish sides and white beneath. No distinct bars on the sides, but rather an overall mottling of black or brown. Large dark blotches at rear base of dorsal fin, and the lower lobe of tail fin is white tipped. The tail is moderately forked. Found in a few western Nevada waters including Lahontan and Rye Patch Reservoirs, the Humboldt River below Rye Patch Reservoir and Chimney Reservoir.



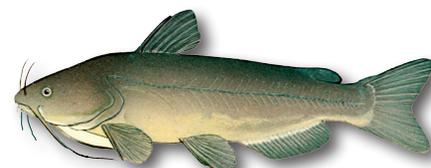
WHITE BASS

Dark gray to black on the back, with bright silvery sides and white belly. The sides have dark stripes or lines (about 5 are above the lateral line). There are 13 or 14 rays in the dorsal fin, and 11 to 13 in the anal fin. Body strongly compressed from side to side, forehead is dish and snout is slightly turned up. Found in Lahontan Reservoir, Rye Patch Reservoir and Washoe Lake.



YELLOW PERCH

Rich yellow to brassy-green with 6 to 8 dark vertical bars on the sides. Dark green back. No "canine" teeth. The belly is whitish. The dorsal fin has two sections, the front one contains 12 to 14 sharp spines and the rear 12 to 13 soft rays.



WHITE CATFISH

Bluish to grayish above and white below. Tail deeply forked. No scales. No spots. Barbels extend from the chin and upper jaw. Both dorsal and pectoral fins have strong, sharp spines. White catfish have shorter barbels on the upper jaw than channel catfish, and barbels on lower jaw are whiter. Head is more rounded and white on belly extends to rear of anal fin. Found in Lahontan and Willow Creek Reservoirs and the Humboldt River with channel catfish.

Fish Illustrations By:

Ron Pittard
(Windsor Nature Discovery)

and

Michelle LaGory
(Wyoming Game and Fish Dept.)

CLEAN, DRAIN AND DRY!

HELP PROTECT NEVADA'S WATERS

Stop the spread of aquatic hitchhikers! **Clean, Drain and Dry** your:

- Waders
- Fishing Gear
- Canoes/Kayaks



- Bait Buckets
- Boats
- Fishing Poles

If it gets wet, it could harbor Aquatic Invasive Species.

KNOWN NEVADA INVADERS



Quagga
Mussels



Eurasian
Watermilfoil



New Zealand
Mudsnail



Zebra
Mussels

INSPECT AND DECONTAMINATE YOUR WATERCRAFT AND EQUIPMENT

Here are some methods to minimize your chances of accidentally transporting invasive species. By following these steps you can help protect your valuable fishing and boating resources for the future:

- **CLEAN** Remove all mud, plants and animals from every part of your boat, trailer and equipment.
- **DRAIN** Before you leave the recreation area, eliminate all water from your boat, including its live-wells, ballast, hull and engine-cooling water.
- **DRY** Allow time for your boat to completely dry before you launch in any other waters. This amount of time may vary depending on humidity and temperature. In the summer, your dry time should be at least seven days.

NOTE: When transferring your watercraft from one water to another or across state borders, you may be required to have your watercraft professionally decontaminated with a high pressure hot water (140°F) wash. For additional information, visit www.100thmeridian.org or visit the state wildlife/fish and game website of your destination state.

- **NEVER** release plants, fish or animals into a body of water unless they came out of that body of water.

Reglas de la Pesca

Una licencia o un permiso de corto plazo es requerido para cualquier persona que tiene 12 años o más cuando están pescando en la mayoría de las aguas de Nevada. Las excepciones son:

- Lake Tahoe y el Topaz Lake donde la edad mínima es 16 años; y
- El sistema del Río Colorado (Lake Mead, Lake Mojave, y el Río Colorado) donde la edad mínima es 12 años.

Por el sistema del Río Colorado, un “sello de uso especial” de Nevada o Arizona puede que sea requerido en ciertas circunstancias.

Para calificar para una licencia de caza o pesca de “residente” de Nevada, hay que:

- Ser un ciudadano de los Estados Unidos o tener derecho legal para permanecer en los Estados Unidos;
- Ha vivido continuamente en Nevada, excepto ausencias temporales, por un período de 6 meses antes de comprar una licencia de “residente” o permiso; y
- No haber aplicado para o comprado una licencia de “residente” para pesca, caza, o desvío en algún otro estado durante el período de 6 meses en lo que se ha vivido en Nevada.

Mientras pescando para la trucha en la mayoría de las aguas de Nevada, una persona debe haber comprado un sello de “trucha”, firmado, y fijado a su licencia de pesca. Un sello de trucha no es requerido para una persona que tiene menos de 16 años en Lake Tahoe O Topaz Lake, una persona que tiene menos de 12 años en el sistema del Río Colorado, una persona que tiene menos de 12 años en otras aguas de Nevada, o una persona que pesca bajo la

autoridad de un permiso a corto plazo.

Con pocas excepciones, una persona solo puede coger peces de “caza”

Con un anzuelo y sedal fijado a un carrete que está bien atendido por esa persona. Se puede usar un arpón para pescar para perca rayada en Lake Mead y partes particulares de Lake Mojave y el Río Colorado.

Es prohibido coger o intentar pesca de “caza” con un red, trampas, o sedales “puestos”.

Es ilegal pescar con una segunda combinación de anzuelos, sedales, y carretes, a menos que tenga un “sello de segundo sedal”. El sello tiene que ser firmado y fijado a la licencia de pesca. Es prohibido para una persona pescar con más de dos combinaciones de anzuelo, sedal, y carrete.

Para cada masa de agua en el estado, hay “limites” del número de peces que se puede coger y ser poseídos por un pescador.

Es prohibido usar partes de peces de caza para cebo.

Una vez que una persona haya cogido y tiene un limite de pescado, no se puede coger más pescado para completar su limite o el limite de un otra persona.

Barcos

Hay que tener un aparato personal de flotación (PFD o chaleco salvavidas) del tamaño apropiado, aprobado por el Guardacostas de los Estados Unidos, para cada persona en el barco.

Barcos que miden 16 pies o más, tiene que haber un aparato de flotación tirable además de los aparatos requeridos que todos llevan.

Un niño que tiene 13 años o menos tiene que llevar un chaleco salvavidas de tamaño apropiado cuando el barco está en curso, a menos que el niño está en un lugar completamente incluido en el barco.

Es ilegal manejar un barco de motor o vela mientras esta bajo la influencia de licor o droga embriagador.



Safety Equipment is Critical

DON'T LEAVE HOME WITHOUT IT!

- **Life Jackets** - One correctly sized life jacket is required by law for each person on board. Children under the age of 13-years-old **must** wear it.
- **Type IV Flotation Aid** - Any boat 16 feet or longer must carry a type IV throwable cushion or ring.
- **Fire Extinguisher** - Most boats that use gasoline must carry one, and it must be charged. Larger boats need two or even three fire extinguishers.
- **Muffling Device** - Every boat must be properly muffled.
- **Water Ski and Dive Flags** - If you ski or dive you need to display the appropriate signal flag.
- **Sound Producing Device** - All boats must carry a horn, whistle or other sound producing device.
- **Anchor** - If the boat breaks down, an anchor is essential for protecting yourself and your boat, although not legally required.
- **Visual Distress Signals** - Though not required, signal flares and flags can attract attention if the need arises.



FOLLOW THE BOATING SAFETY SEVEN

If you remember nothing else about boating rules, remember the **Boating Safety Seven**. Boating can be a fun activity for the entire family, but you should go boating with safety in mind to make sure your great day on the water doesn't turn sour. NDOW reminds you to have a good time, and be safe...it just makes sense.

1. Wear your life jacket
2. Take a boating education course
3. Carry all your required safety gear
4. Know your boat and its limitations
5. Follow the boating "rules of the road"
6. Be aware of weather and water conditions
7. Boat sober and be considerate of other boaters

SAFETY

7

Enforcement Program Starts for AIS Decal Program

By Edwin Lyngar

After a year of education, the Nevada Department of Wildlife has announced the full implementation of the Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) Watercraft Decal Program, developed more than a year ago, to fund prevention efforts against aggressive invasive species, such as quagga and zebra mussels.

Entering its second year, NDOW has been focused on education and implementation, often warning boaters rather than issuing citations for missing decals. Now that the program has been up and running for more than a year, NDOW will be enforcing the decal requirement for all watercraft, including for non-motorized and out-of-state vessels.

"We often take little enforcement action on new laws until they are both fully understood and implemented," said Chief Game Warden Rob Buonamici. "Last year we put a tremendous amount of money and effort into educating boaters and paddlers about this law, but we are going to ramp up our enforcement efforts in the new year, starting February 1."

For boaters who still may not be familiar with the law, it requires watercraft operators to purchase and affix an AIS decal before boating in any Nevada waterway. The requirement affects all boats, registered in Nevada or any other state, although California boaters on Lakes Tahoe and Topaz and Arizona boaters on the Colorado River system are exempt from the decal requirement.

All types of vessels are required to display the decal, but there are some exceptions for small watercraft that are incapable of retaining water, including stand up paddle boards and float tubes used by fishermen. The cost of the decal is \$5 for in-state non-motorized vessels and \$10 for in-state motorboats. The cost is \$10 for out-of-state non-motorized vessels and \$20 for out-of-state motorboats. The decal is available at NDOW offices, via the NDOW website or by calling (866) 703-4605.

The funds generated by the decal program are being used to create a comprehensive AIS prevention program. To prevent the spread of invasive species, NDOW must

conduct constant monitoring and testing of waterways. NDOW is also working with other agencies and entities to build and maintain wash stations that boaters can use free of charge to ensure that they are not spreading invasive species. In addition to the decal requirement, NDOW reminds boaters to clean, drain and dry all boats and associated equipment before leaving any body of water.

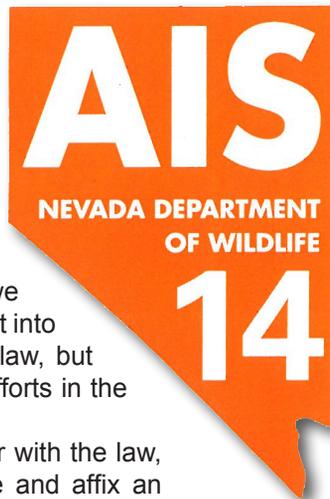
The new AIS decal program stemmed from the passage of AB167 during the 2011 legislative session. Nevada was one of the last states to pass such a bill to address aquatic invasive species. These various species of nonnative plants and animals can displace native species and create serious environmental and economic problems in waterways.

One of the biggest dangers is quagga and zebra mussels, but other aquatic species and plants also pose a major threat. Quagga mussels, a bivalve mussel, appeared in southern Nevada in 2007. Its cousin, the zebra mussel, had been added many years earlier. Both the quagga and zebra mussels are equally detrimental to Nevada waters and have caused billions of dollars in damage nationwide.

They reproduce and grow so quickly that they often dominate their ecosystem. They are known to clog and damage domestic water pipes, pumps, and boat cooling systems. A single female quagga mussel can release millions of eggs that, when fertilized, produce free swimming "veliger" larvae.

Smaller than a grain of sand, the larvae are able to enter any small opening where they set up their "filter feeding" shop, filtering up to a liter of water per day, and if in the wild, removing the basic ingredients of the biological food chain, plankton and zooplankton. Typically, less plankton equates to fewer fish or less robust fish.

The penalty for not having a decal is typically around \$100 total including court costs. It is also illegal in Nevada to either knowingly or accidentally transport any aquatic invasive species.



Nevada Boating Regulations

The following information provides a summary of some of the boating laws and regulations for Nevada anglers who use boats. Safe boating in Nevada starts with knowing Nevada's boating regulations. All boats in Nevada are required to carry safety equipment appropriate to the type and size of vessel used, and every boater should know and practice safe boating, including learning the rules of the road. To learn more about boating in Nevada, contact NDOW and request a *Nevada Boater's Handbook* or visit Nevada's safe boating website: www.ndow.org.

Reduced Speed Areas (NAC 488.455)

1. On the following waters, a vessel must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake, but in no case may a vessel be operated at a speed in excess of 5 nautical miles per hour:
 - (a) Bassett Lake in White Pine County
 - (b) Cave Lake in White Pine County
 - (c) Knott Creek Reservoir in Humboldt County
 - (d) Jakes Creek Reservoir in Elko County
 - (e) Onion Valley Reservoir in Humboldt County
 - (f) Wayne E. Kirch Wildlife Management Area in Nye County
 - (g) The lagoon south of Laughlin in Clark County within Section 33, T 32 S. R. 66E. M.D.B.&M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both
 - (h) Likes Lake in Churchill County
 - (i) The Pitt-Taylor Arm of Rye Patch Reservoir in Pershing County
 - (j) Illipah Reservoir in White Pine County
 - (k) Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area in Lyon County
 - (l) Upper Wall Canyon Reservoir in Washoe County
 - (m) Echo Canyon Reservoir in Lincoln County
 - (n) Silver Creek Reservoir in White Pine County; and
 - (o) Key Pittman Wildlife Management Area in Lincoln County
2. All boat harbors and other areas designated by buoys on any of the following waters are zones in which a vessel must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake, but in no case may a vessel be operated at a speed in excess of 5 nautical miles per hour:
 - (a) Lake Mead National Recreation Area in Clark County
 - (b) South Fork Reservoir in Elko County
 - (c) Wildhorse Reservoir in Elko County
 - (d) Lake Tahoe, Zephyr Cove, Cave Rock, Round Hill Pines Beach and Glenbrook Bay in Douglas County; Sand Harbor, Incline Village General Improvement District Boat Ramp and Crystal Shores West in Washoe County
 - (e) Washoe Lake State Park Boat Ramps in Washoe County
 - (f) Walker Lake State Recreation Area and Sportsmen's Beach in Mineral County
 - (g) Lahontan Reservoir, Churchill Beach, and North Shore Marina in Churchill County; Silver Springs Beach in Lyon County
 - (h) Rye Patch Reservoir, Rye Patch Dam Access in Pershing County
 - (i) Topaz Lake boat ramps in Douglas County
 - (j) Colorado River, adjacent to Harrah's Casino in Laughlin in Clark County; and
 - (k) Big Bend of the Colorado River State Recreation Area in the lagoon used for launching boats in Clark County

Boating Prohibited Areas (NAC 488.465)

Vessels are prohibited in areas which are designated by signs or buoys as follows:

1. Within the Lake Mead National Recreation Area;

2. On the Colorado River:
 - (a) Below Davis Dam; and
 - (b) The swimming area of Harrah's Casino in Laughlin;
3. On Lake Tahoe at:
 - (a) The main beaches at Sand Harbor and Divers' Cove within Lake Tahoe State Park;
 - (b) The swimming area of the Incline Village General Improvement District and Burnt Cedar Beach;
 - (c) The swimming area of Galilee at the Episcopal Camp and Conference Center;
 - (d) The swimming area of the Lakeridge General Improvement District;
 - (e) The swimming area of the Glenbrook Homeowner's Association;
 - (f) The swimming area of the Hyatt Regency Lake Tahoe;
 - (g) The swimming area of the Zephyr Cove Marina;
 - (h) The swimming area of Crystal Shores West; and
 - (i) The swimming and beach area adjacent to Nevada Beach described in 33CFR 162.215.
4. At the dam and swim beach at the state recreation area in Rye Patch Reservoir;
5. At Lahontan Reservoir Dam;
6. At South Fork Reservoir Dam;
7. At Wildhorse Reservoir Dam;
8. At Eagle Valley Dam at Spring Valley State Park;
9. At Chimney Reservoir Dam in Humboldt County;
10. At the county swim beach at Topaz Lake; and
11. At the swimming area and dive area at Sparks Marina Park.

Boating Restrictions in Wildlife Management Areas (NAC 488.467)

(See page 40 for table of restrictions.)

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, use of vessels is restricted in the following Wildlife Management Areas:
 - (a) In the Overton Wildlife Management Area, located in Clark County, vessels are prohibited on all ponds.



Nevada Boating Regulations

Vessels are allowed on the portion of the area inundated by Lake Mead, except that on Overton Hunt Days, vessels may be used only by persons authorized to hunt waterfowl;

- (b) In the Humboldt Wildlife Management Area, located in Churchill and Pershing Counties:
 - (1) All vessels are prohibited on the ponds in the Humboldt and Toulon Sink areas 5 days before the opening day of the waterfowl season.
 - (2) Airboats are prohibited on the Humboldt Sink until 1 hour after the legal shooting time on the opening day of the waterfowl season.
 - (3) Airboats are prohibited on the Toulon portion of the area during the waterfowl season.
 - (c) In the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area, located in Lyon County, all vessels are prohibited from February 15 through August 15 of each year, except on:
 - (1) Hinkson Slough;
 - (2) Bass Pond;
 - (3) Crappie Pond;
 - (4) Beaver Slough;
 - (5) The Walker River; and
 - (6) North Pond.
 - (d) In the Fort Churchill Cooling Pond Cooperative Wildlife Management Area, all vessels and floating devices, except for vessels used by employees of NV Energy in the performance of their official duties, are prohibited on the pond.
 - (e) In the Wayne E. Kirch Wildlife Management Area, only vessels without motors may be used on Dacey Reservoir from February 15 through August 15 of each year.
- 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to vessels owned, operated and used for official purposes by the Department.
 - 3. For the purposes of this section, a vessel is being used if the vessel: (a) is upon the waters of this state, including, without limitation, if it is tied or fastened to a dock, mooring or shore; and (b) is not aground on the shore.

Areas Limited to Boats without Motors and Boats with Electric Motors (NAC 488.470)

1. Only vessels without motors are permitted on the following waters:

<u>Waters</u>	<u>County</u>
(a) Angel Lake	Elko
(b) Blue Lakes	Humboldt
(c) Marlette Lake	Washoe

2. Only vessels without motors and vessels which are powered by electric motors are permitted on the following waters:

- (a) Groves Lake in Lander County
- (b) Sparks Marina Park in Washoe County
- (c) The Lagoon South of Laughlin within section 33, T. 32 S., R66 E., M.D.B. & M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both in Clark County.
- (d) Spooner Lake in Douglas County

FEDERAL BOATING REGULATIONS

Informational Note: The following areas are subject to Federal Regulations in addition to the general provisions of the Nevada Boat Act, which include rules for registration, equipment, and operation. Please contact refuge managers for descriptions of restricted zones and/or motor and speed regulations prior to your visit. Regulations are subject to change.

Pahrnagat National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 725-3417

Boats without motors (except electric motors) are permitted on the Upper Lake, Middle Ponds, and Lower Lake.

The North Marsh is closed to boating, including float tubes.

Sheldon National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 941-0199

Big Springs Reservoir, Dufurrena Ponds and Catnip Reservoir: Anglers may bank fish, fish by wading, or use nonmotorized boats, boats with electric motors, float tubes and similar flotation devices only.

Stillwater National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 423-5128

Special boating regulations are now in effect at Stillwater NWR. Contact refuge manager before operating a boat in this area. Fishing is not allowed.

Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 779-2237

North of Brown Dike: No boats permitted. Float tubes permitted in Unit 21 as posted.

South of Brown Dike (South Marsh)

January 1 through June 14: Boats prohibited. Float tubes permitted at Main Boat Landing, as posted; at Narciss Boat Landing, as posted; and at mouth of Collection Ditch at west end of Brown Dike, as posted.

June 15 through July 31: ONLY motorless boats, float tubes and boats with electric motors are permitted. Boats with gas motors prohibited.

August 1 through December 31: Motorless boats, float tubes and boats propelled by motors with 10 h.p. or less are permitted.

Accessible (ADA) Fishing in Nevada

This section contains information on accessible fishing sites in wildlife management areas, lakes, ponds, streams, etc. that have Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) ramps or entrances for people to fish and clean fish from.

EASTERN NEVADA

Cave Lake (Ely, NV - White Pine County) – ADA pier and disabled parking.

SOUTHERN NEVADA

Lake Mohave - On the Nevada side of Lake Mohave, Cottonwood Cove has ADA accessible boat docks, fish cleaning stations, restrooms, marina, and restaurant. On the Arizona side of Lake Mohave, both Willow Beach and Katherine's Landing have the same amenities as Cottonwood Cove and ADA accessible fishing piers.

Lake Mead - The marinas in Lake Mead are constantly changing due to continuous fluctuations in lake elevations.

Las Vegas - Las Vegas just completed a renovation at Lorenzi which may include additional ADA improvements.

Boulder City - Boulder City Pond at the Veterans Memorial park in Boulder City has accessible restroom facilities and accessible fishing around the pond via a paved path. There is an ADA accessible fishing dock in the Boulder Beach Fishing Dock with railing.

WESTERN NEVADA

Sparks Marina (Sparks, NV) – One fishing pier at the southwest end of the lake.

Paradise Pond (Sparks, NV) – Two concrete fishing platforms on the east side of the north pond.

Virginia Lake (Reno, NV) – One fishing pier on the east side.

Marilyn's Pond (Reno, NV) – one fishing pier

Verdi Pond at Crystal Peak Park (Verdi, Nevada)– Three accessible ramps and piers.

Mitch Park Pond (Gardnerville, NV) – One concrete fishing platform.

Baily Fishing Pond (Carson City, NV) – One fishing pier.

Mason Valley WMA (Yerington): One ADA accessible boat ramp at North Pond. The front dike at Hinkson Slough, Bass Pond and North Pond can be accessed quite easily by the ADA. Humboldt Campground has an ADA bathroom. Four ADA accessible bathrooms: There are four ADA accessible bathrooms: one at Hinkson Slough, one at the Sandridge Campground, one at the Shoveler Parking Area and one by the boat ramp and campground for North Pond.

Humboldt WMA: One ADA bathroom at campground.

Wildlife Management Area Regulations

Several areas statewide that are known as Wildlife Management Areas (WMA). These areas are managed specifically for their wildlife values. Fishing is provided on some of the areas and anglers are subject to the following regulations.

Vehicular Travel (NAC 504.115)

Vehicular travel within a WMA may be controlled so as to not impact area management and for safe and beneficial use of the area by both the public and the wildlife. Within a Wildlife Management Area, it is prohibited to operate a motor vehicle off an interior road or trail that is designated for vehicular travel; or on an interior road or trail that is marked as closed to vehicular travel.

Removal (NAC 504.110)

Persons may be removed from a WMA for disorderly conduct, intoxication or any other conduct which endangers the area, other persons, or wildlife and livestock.

Littering (NAC 504.155)

The Department may deny further use of a WMA to any person who abuses or litters the area.

Laughlin Area

Special Camping, Fishing Access Regulations Apply:

The following activities are **prohibited** within the Laughlin boating and fishermen's access area in Clark County:

- Camping in any type of motor vehicle or recreational vehicle;
- Erecting a tent or structure for the purpose of sleeping or living in it;
- Parking any type of motor vehicle or recreational vehicle or otherwise blocking or restricting the access of a person or vessel, to the boat ramp;
- Parking a bus hired to carry passengers or a semi-trailer anywhere within the access area;
- Parking a motor vehicle in the access area in a location other than a designated parking space; or
- Being under the influence of a controlled substance or an intoxicating liquor, or consuming an intoxicating liquor.

Wildlife Management Area Regulations

Area	Bodies of Water	Trespass	Use of Vessels	Camping & Use of Campfires
Overton WMA (Clark Co.)	Lake Mead, Honeybee Pond, Center Pond	Trespass prohibited from March 1 through Aug. 1 on Honeybee Pond and Center Pond.	Vessels are prohibited on all ponds. Vessels are allowed on the portion of the area inundated by Lake Mead, except that on Overton Hunt Days, vessels may be used only by persons authorized to hunt waterfowl.	Camping & campfires only permitted within the rest and trails areas.
Kirch WMA (Nye Co.)	Dacey Reservoir, Tule Reservoir, Cold Springs Reservoir, Haymeadow Reservoir, and Adams-McGill Reservoir	Trespass prohibited from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 in the upper portion of Adams-McGill, Cold Springs, Dacey and Haymeadow reservoirs, and all of the Tule Reservoir.	Flat wake restriction in effect. Vessels may not exceed 5 nautical miles per hour. Only vessels without motors may be used on the Dacey Reservoir from Feb. 15 through August 15. Flat wake restriction in effect all other dates.	Camping & campfires only permitted within the David Deacon Campground.
Key Pittman WMA (Lincoln Co.)	Nesbitt Lake	Trespass prohibited from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 in the portion of Nesbitt Lake north of the buoy line.	Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires not permitted.
Mason Valley WMA (Lyon Co.)	Hinkson Slough, North Pond, Bass Pond, Beaver Slough, Crappie Pond, Walker River	Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30.	Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires only permitted in those sites designated for camping.
Mason Valley WMA (Lyon Co.)	Eastside Waterfowl Series Ponds	Trespass prohibited from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15. Fishing season is open Aug. 16 through Sept. 30.	All vessels are prohibited from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 each year. Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires only permitted in those sites designated for camping.
Steptoe Valley WMA (White Pine Co.)	Comins Lake		Waterskiing authorized between 11 a.m. and sunset. During other hours flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires not permitted.
Bruneau River WMA (Elko Co.)	Bruneau River			Camping & campfires are permitted. Camping is not permitted in any building or other structure located within the WMA.

Record Fish of Nevada

Nevada State Records

SPECIES	WEIGHT		LENGTH	NAME OF WATER	NEVADA RECORD HOLDER	DATE CAUGHT	WORLD RECORD
	LBS	OZS					
<i>Common Name</i>			<i>Inches</i>	<i>Lake or Stream</i>	<i>Angler Name</i>		<i>All Tackle</i>
Bass, Largemouth	12	0	26	Lake Mead	Michael R. Geary	3/8/1999	22 lbs 4 oz
Bass, Smallmouth	8	11	21.5	Sheep Creek Reservoir	Curtis Ockerman	5/31/2010	11 lbs 15 oz
Bass, Spotted	4	2	19.25	Rye Patch Reservoir	Dustin Osborn	8/13/2000	10 lbs 4 oz
Bass, Striped	63	0	49	Lake Mohave	Allan S. Cole	03/15/2001	67 lbs 8 oz
Bass, White	4	0	19	Lahontan Reservoir	Greg Ackerman	5/13/1984	6 lbs 13 oz
Carp	34	10	37.75	Truckee River	Justin Edland	5/3/2005	75 lbs 11 oz
Catfish, Bullhead	6	11	21.5	Lida Junction Pond	Wayne B. Logan	6/29/2004	7 lbs 7 oz
Catfish, Channel	32	7	35.5	South Fork Reservoir	Scott Barrett	6/27/2011	58 lbs 0 oz
Catfish, White	17	4	31.75	Lahontan Reservoir	Corey Ryan	6/26/2008	19 lbs 5 oz
Catfish, White	17	4	33.2	Humboldt River	Jose Mendoza	9/17/2005	19 lbs 5 oz
Crappie, Black	3	2	16.1	Lake Mead	Henry Herman	4/23/1976	5 lbs 0 oz
Crappie, White	3	1	16.1	Rye Patch Reservoir	David Lorain	6/17/2006	5 lbs 3 oz
Grayling, Arctic	0	15	13.75	Desert Creek	George Delich	7/1/1978	5 lbs 15 oz
Muskie, Tiger	17	10	39.75	Barth Pit	Jason A. Edgar	5/2/2002	51 lbs 3 oz
Perch, Sacramento	4	9	17	Pyramid Lake	John Battcher	7/18/1971	4 lbs 9 oz *
Perch, Yellow	1	8	13.3	Dufurrena Ponds	Warren Todd Goodale	5/23/1987	4 lbs 3 oz
Pike, Northern	27	0	44	Comins Lake	Kelly H. Malaperdas	6/11/1978	55 lbs 1 oz
Salmon, Kokanee	4	13	25.7	Lake Tahoe	Dick Bournique	7/31/1973	9 lbs 6 oz *
Salmon, Silver	8	12	28.5	Lake Mead	William Musso	5/9/1974	33 lbs 4 oz
Salmon, Silver	8	12	30.3	Lake Mead	Charles W. Caskey	10/25/1974	33 lbs 4 oz
Sunfish, Bluegill	3	10	15.25	Colorado River	Mike Tahash	9/14/2010	4 lbs 12 oz
Sunfish, Green	1	13	12.75	Battle Mtn. H.S. Pond	Keegan Quintana	6/23/2010	2 lbs 2 oz
Sunfish, Pumpkinseed	0	15	10.13	Peavine Ponds	Dante Ray	8/2/2009	2 lbs 4 oz
Sunfish, Redear	2	5	13.75	Colorado River	Bill Condon	6/26/2004	5 lbs 7 oz
Trout, Brook	5	10	22.8	Bull Run Reservoir	Richard Baker	7/19/1980	14 lbs 8 oz
Trout, Brown	27	5	33	Cave Lake	Dennis Mangum	12/9/1984	40 lbs 4 oz
Trout, Bull	4	6	22	Jarbidge River, WF	Rex Shelburne	7/9/1985	32 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Cutthroat	24	12	33.5	Pyramid Lake	Tim Bayles	2/27/2005	41 lbs 0 oz **
Trout, Golden	0	15	14.5	Hidden Lakes	Don Capps	8/31/1969	11 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Mackinaw	37	6	44	Lake Tahoe	Robert Aronsen	6/21/1974	72 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Rainbow	16	8	30.5	Ruby Lake NWR	Mike Mott	2/10/2011	43 lbs 10 oz
Trout, Rainbow x Cutthroat	24	10	36	Pyramid Lake	Lloyd Lowery	4/3/1976	30 lbs 4 oz *
Trout, Tiger	15	9	28	Ruby Lake NWR	Joe Elegante	3/20/2011	20 lbs 13 oz
Walleye	15	4	33	Lahontan Reservoir	Billy Foster	4/10/1998	25 lbs 0 oz
Whitefish, Mountain	3	9	18.5	Truckee River	Kirill Solovykh	9/11/2011	5 lbs 14 oz *
Wiper, White x Striped Bass	25	9	33	Lahontan Reservoir	Adam Truran	6/6/2009	27 lbs 5 oz

NOTE: These records are officially recognized by the Nevada Department of Wildlife as state records established from the year 1968, the first year of the Nevada Trophy Fish Program through October 2011. These records include fish taken in interstate waters including Lake Tahoe, Topaz Leak, Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River. It is recognized that some species of fish of larger size have been caught from Nevada waters prior to 1968.

* NOTE: Asterisk denotes world record according to the national Fresh Water Fishing Hall of Fame, 2011 Edition. All others are taken from the International Game Fish Association's World Record Game Fishes "All Tackle" online records as of October 2011.

** NOTE: The recognized world record for Cutthroat trout of 41 pounds was caught from Pyramid Lake in 1925.

Nevada Trophy Fish Entry Form

Kind of fish caught _____ Date caught _____

Weight _____ lbs. _____ oz. Length (total) inches _____ Girth inches _____

Water where caught _____

Specific Location (i.e. cove or landmark) _____ in _____ County, Nevada

Specific Location where fish was weighed _____

Type of Tackle _____ Lure or bait _____

Name of Angler _____ Age _____

Mailing Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Telephone _____ E-mail Address _____

Measurements witnessed by:

1. Name _____ Address _____

2. Name _____ Address _____

Enter Your Fish - It May Be A Trophy Nevada's Trophy Fish Program

The following minimum weight qualifications are established for the various species of fish in the Nevada Trophy Fish Program. Each entry which meets the minimum qualifications will receive a Trophy Fish Certificate.

1. Largemouth Bass	5 lbs.	16. Green Sunfish	0.5 lb.
2. Smallmouth Bass	3 lbs.	17. Pumpkinseed Sunfish	0.5 lb.
3. Spotted Bass	2 lbs.	18. Redear Sunfish	0.5 lb.
4. Striped Bass	20 lbs.	19. Brook Trout	2 lbs.
5. White Bass	2 lbs.	20. Brown Trout	5 lbs.
6. Carp	15 lbs.	21. Cutthroat Trout	10 lbs.
7. Bullhead Catfish	1 lb.	22. Bull Trout	0.5 lb.
8. Channel Catfish	10 lbs.	23. Mackinaw Trout	10 lbs.
9. White Catfish	4 lbs.	24. Rainbow Trout	5 lbs.
10. Black Crappie	2 lbs.	25. Rainbow/Cutthroat Hybrid Trout	10 lbs.
11. White Crappie	2 lbs.	26. Tiger Trout	2 lbs.
12. Sacramento Perch	2 lbs.	27. Walleye	6 lbs.
13. Yellow Perch	0.5 lb.	28. Mt. Whitefish	1 lb.
14. Kokanee Salmon	2 lbs.	29. Wiper (White/Striped Bass Hybrid)	5 lbs.
15. Bluegill Sunfish	1 lb.		

For a fish to be considered in the Nevada Trophy Fish Program the following must apply:

1. Fish must be taken legally from Nevada waters.
2. Weight is to be taken of whole fish before freezing.
3. Length is to be measured from tip of nose to tip of tail.
4. Measurements must be witnessed by two other persons, at least one of whom must not be a relative of angler entering contest.
5. Angler must provide positive means of identifying the species of fish and include an adequate photograph.*
6. Entry must be made within calendar year of date caught to be included in that year's contest.
7. **If the fish being entered is a possible Nevada State Record, the fish must be weighed on a scale which**

has been certified as accurate. The fish must also be witnessed by a Nevada Department of Wildlife employee.

8. An entry form must be submitted within 60 days of the fish being caught. To be considered for the Trophy Fish Book, all entries must be submitted by Jan. 31.

*All photos submitted may be used in NDOW publications and on the agency website unless otherwise requested.

**Mail entries and photos to:
Fisheries Division
Nevada Department of Wildlife
1100 Valley Rd.
Reno, Nevada 89512**

Nevada "Native Fish-Slam" Entry Form

Name of Angler _____ Date caught _____

NV Sportsman # _____ or Date of Birth _____

Mailing Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip Code _____

Telephone _____ Email Address _____

Complete Information Below for Species Caught

(Do not wait to enter your fish, a separate entry form should be completed and mailed in as each fish is caught.)



Lahontan Cutthroat Trout

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____



Bonneville Cutthroat Trout

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____



Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____



Redband Trout

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____



Bull Trout

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____



Mountain Whitefish

Water where caught _____

County where caught _____

For a native sport fish to be considered for the Native Fish-Slam Program the following must apply:

1. **Fish must be taken legally from Nevada waters. Review current regulations regarding harvest of fish.**
2. **A photograph must be provided of the angler posing with the fish at the water where caught.** (All photos submitted are then the property of NDOW and may be used in NDOW publications.)
3. There is no time limit for completing the Native Fish-Slam Program, but **an entry form must be submitted within 60 days of a fish being caught** (NDOW will maintain angler records).
4. No weight or length measurements are required to enter this program.
5. Only one certificate per angler will be awarded once all species of fish have been entered.
6. Anglers are also encouraged to submit fish into the Nevada Trophy Fish Program if it meets the minimum weight qualification. (A separate Nevada Trophy Fish entry form must be completed.)
7. NDOW has the right to accept/reject/disqualify any entry form submitted. All decisions made by the NDOW Trophy Fish Committee (Fisheries Chief, Regional Fisheries Supervisor, and Staff Sport Fish Coordinator) are final.

Mail entries and photos to:

Fisheries Division
Nevada Department of Wildlife
1100 Valley Rd.
Reno, Nevada 89512



**FREE PEACE
OF MIND TIRE
PROTECTION**

Whatever the road
throws at you,
from potholes to
nails—any road
hazard, we guarantee
you're protected.

**Best Tire Value
PROMISE**

**FREE WITH EVERY
TIRE PURCHASE***

* Light Truck and Passenger Car Only

**Free Lifetime Tire
and Mileage Care**

- Free Flat Tire Repairs
- Free Tire Rotations
- Free Tire Rebalancing
- Free Air Checks
- Free Brake & Alignment Checks
- Hundreds of Les Schwab Locations to Serve You

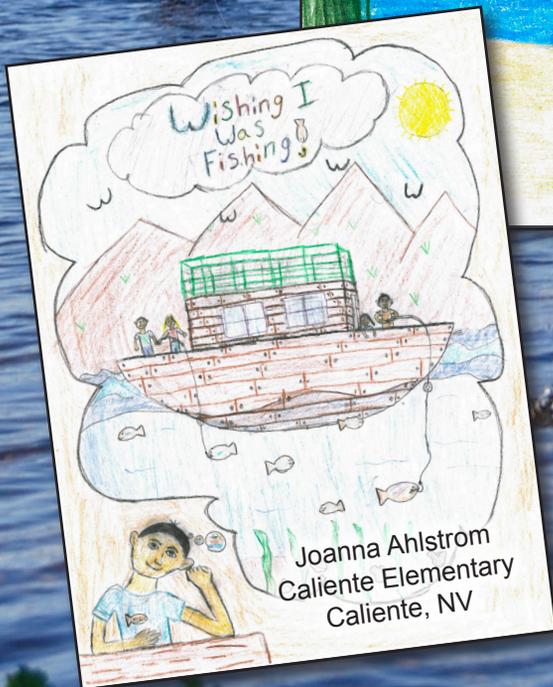
OVER 450 STORES TO SERVE YOU

Visit www.LesSchwab.com to find the location nearest you

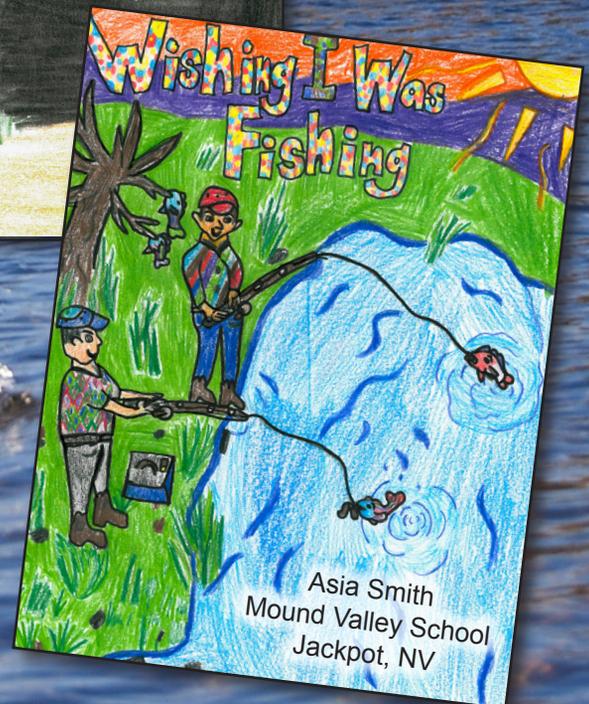
FREE FISHING DAY IS SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 2014



Josephine Payan
Mark Twain Elementary
Carson City, NV



Joanna Ahlstrom
Caliente Elementary
Caliente, NV



Asia Smith
Mound Valley School
Jackpot, NV

CONGRATULATIONS TO THE WINNERS OF THE 2013
NEVADA FREE FISHING DAY POSTER CONTEST