

MEDICARE SUPPLEMENT INSURANCE

PREMIUM COMPARISON GUIDE



State of Nevada

Department of Business & Industry

Division of Insurance

2026

Ned Gaines, Commissioner of Insurance

Joe Lombardo, Governor

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To be used with the Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare as developed by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) and the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:

<https://www.medicare.gov/media/10191>

LETTER FROM THE COMMISSIONER

Dear Fellow Nevadan:

The decision of whether to purchase Medicare supplement insurance, and which kind of insurance to buy, are important ones. However, shopping for this insurance requires time and effort and can be confusing. That is why we are pleased to provide you with Nevada's 2026 Medicare Supplement Insurance Premium Comparison Guide. This guide provides valuable information that will assist you in comparing many of the Medicare supplement policies, Medicare Advantage, and Medicare drug plans currently offered in Nevada.

You may wish to seek the advice of a licensed agent, broker, producer or consultant to assist you in selecting appropriate Medicare supplement insurance coverage. Further information is available through the Nevada Department of Health and Human Services, Division for Aging & Disability Services, which administers the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP). Their program director and volunteer counselors are available to provide you with individual counseling concerning your questions on Medicare or Medicare supplement products.

Your insurance concerns are very important to us at the Division of Insurance. We are here to assist you with any insurance questions or problems you may have.

Our offices in Northern Nevada are located in Carson City. For information, please call our consumer services section at (775) 687-0700. In Southern Nevada, our offices are located in Las Vegas, and you may reach a consumer services officer at (702) 486-4009. The toll-free number for use in Nevada is (888) 872-3234. The Nevada MAP advisers may be reached at (702) 486-3478 in Las Vegas or toll free statewide at (800) 307-4444

Sincerely,



Ned Gaines
Commissioner of Insurance

Introduction

Throughout this guide you will find information regarding the following items:

- ❖ The basics of Medicare supplement insurance;
- ❖ Information on all the 10 versions of Medicare supplement plans, A through N;
- ❖ Important information on changes from January 1, 2020;
- ❖ Tips for purchasing a plan;
- ❖ Various carriers providing Medicare supplement insurance;
- ❖ Premiums for each plan;
- ❖ Medicare Options, Medicare PPOs, High deductible plans, and the Medicare Assistance (MAP) Program; and
- ❖ Common definitions related to Medicare supplement.

Each year, the Nevada Division of Insurance (DOI) provides a **voluntary** survey to the companies who provide Medicare supplement coverage in Nevada to collect information on the policy premiums for the New Year. The results of this survey are summarized in the section titled 2026 Annual Premium Comparisons (page 34). The comparisons shown in the Guide will give you a start in shopping for Medicare supplement coverage by offering a comparison of premium costs on policies.

This Comparison Guide is to help you understand the options available for Medicare supplement insurance. This guide will not cover

information on Medicare itself. If you are seeking more information on Medicare, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services publishes a guide titled, Medicare and You. This guide summarizes Medicare benefits, rights and obligations, and provides answers to the most frequently asked questions regarding Medicare.

A digital version of Medicare and You can be downloaded here:
<https://www.medicare.gov/publications/10050-medicare-and-you.pdf> .

If a paper version of this guide is preferable, printed copies may be found at the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP) or your local Social Security office. Please see page 61 of this Guide for contact information.

The Basics of Medicare Supplement Insurance

Recent Medicare Enrollment

According to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, 617,388 Nevadans (18.9% of the population), were eligible to receive benefits through the federal Medicare program in 2025¹. Of these, 320,336 individuals received their benefits through Medicare Advantage and other Health Plans. Medicare Supplement enrollment for 2025 was 91,805 Nevadans, as reported by the Nevada Division of Insurance.

This shows that many Nevadans enrolled in Medicare may not be receiving the full amount of coverage they need to keep medical costs down. This guide will provide you with the tools to understand Medicare and decide whether it is beneficial in covering your medical costs in 2026.

Medicare Supplement Fills the Gaps

Medicare supplement insurance, also known as a “Medigap policy”, is a distinct type of insurance policy which is sold by private companies to “fill the gaps” in original Medicare plan coverage. While Medicare supplement policies cover many of the medical expenses Medicare does not cover (such as additional hospitalization expenses, blood drawing expenses, and additional medical expenses), Medicare supplement policies purchased after 2006 cannot

¹ [Monthly Enrollment by State | CMS](#)

include coverage for prescription drugs. Prescription drug coverage can be provided through Medicare Part D insurance.

Medicare supplement policies are guaranteed renewable if they are purchased after 1990. Unless you are not truthful about information on your application, cease to pay your monthly premium, or the company goes bankrupt, your insurance company cannot drop you from the policy you choose to purchase.

Medicare Supplement Eligibility

To be eligible for Medicare supplement, you must be enrolled in Medicare Part A and Part B. If you are currently in your Medigap open enrollment, you are guaranteed the right to buy a Medicare supplement policy. You may not be eligible for Medigap if you are already enrolled in a Medigap policy, have Medicaid, are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, or are under the age of 65.

Why Should You Buy Medicare Supplement Insurance?

Medicare supplement insurance is necessary because Medicare does not pay for every medical expense. A Medigap policy will cover the medical expenses which Medicare does not pay such as the Medicare Part B yearly deductible, Medicare Part B covered services, blood, hospital stays, and skilled nursing facilities.

10 Medicare Supplement Plans: A Through N

Important! Since January 1, 2020, Medicare supplement plans sold to **newly eligible individuals** with Medicare do not cover the Part B deductible (\$206.50 for 2026). Because of this, Plans C and F will no longer be available to people new to Medicare starting on January 1, 2020. If you already have either of these 2 plans (or the high-deductible version of Plan F) or are covered by one of these plans before January 1, 2020, you'll be able to keep your plan. If you were eligible for Medicare before January 1, 2020, but not yet enrolled, you may be able to buy one of these plans. High-deductible Plan G is also available as of January 1, 2020.

You can choose from 10 different Medicare supplement policies. Each plan, A, B, C, D, F, G, K, L, M and N, has different benefits and premiums. Each lettered plan is required to have certain benefits, no matter which company you choose to purchase from; however, some plans provide extra benefits.

An insurer may or may not offer all plans. The plans are described on the chart (page 31) which show the minimum benefits in each plan – this chart will also be included in every company's sales material. In addition to the 10 plans, insurers may offer one high-deductible version of Plan F and Plan G (starting on

January 1, 2020). These plans include the same coverage as Plans F and G, except you will be responsible for an annual deductible.

Each plan, A through N, varies with the established benefits offered. Plans K and L cover 50% and 75%, respectively, of the co-insurance for basic benefits, skilled nursing and the Part A deductible. Once you reach the annual out-of-pocket limit, K and L pay 100% of the Medicare co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles for the rest of the calendar year. The out-of-pocket annual limit does **not** include charges from your provider that exceed Medicare-approved amounts, called “excess charges.” You are responsible for paying excess charges for all the Medicare supplement plans unless you have Medicare supplement policies F, G, high-deductible Plan F or high-deductible Plan G, which cover 100% of the Medicare Part B excess charges. Please **note: 2026 out-of-pocket limits not available at time of publication.**

Medicare Parts A, B, C, and D

Medicare Part A typically pays for your inpatient hospital expenses, hospice services, home health care, and care in a skilled nursing facility.

Tip: a benefit is a health care service or supply that is paid for in part or in full by Medicare.

Medicare Part B typically covers your outpatient health care expenses including doctor fees.

Tip: You may have to use certain Medicare-contracted suppliers to get certain durable medical equipment in some geographic areas. Call 1-800-MEDICARE (800-633-4227) for more information. TTY users may call (877) 486-2048.

Medicare Part C (Medicare Advantage plans) must cover at least the same benefits covered under Medicare Part A and Part B; however, your costs may be different, and you may have extra benefits, such as coverage for prescription drugs or extra days in the hospital. If you are already enrolled in Medicare Part C, contact your Medicare Advantage plan administrator for specific plan information.

Tip: Not all doctors accept Medicare Advantage plans, so be sure to check first!

Under **Medicare Part D**, all enrollees receive a subsidy for prescription drug insurance – an additional low-income subsidy (LIS) is available to enrollees with sufficiently low income and assets. There are two types of Medicare plans that may help lower prescription drug costs and help to protect against higher costs in the future: Medicare Advantage plans (see Part C) and other Medicare health plans, and Medicare Part D. Medicare Part D is prescription drug coverage that provides additional coverage to the original Medicare plan, some Medicare cost plans, and Medicare private fee-for-service plans. These plans are offered by insurance companies and other private companies approved by Medicare.

For calendar year 2026, your yearly out-of-pocket drug costs will be capped at \$2,100. Once you reach this limit in 2026 (from your out-of-pocket spending plus certain payments other people or entities make, including Medicare's Extra Help program) you won't have to pay a copayment or coinsurance for covered Part D drugs for the rest of the calendar year.

Tip: Different plans cover different prescriptions, so you will want to review each carefully. You choose the drug plan and pay a monthly premium. If you decide not to enroll in a drug plan when you are first eligible, you may pay a penalty if you choose to join later.

Nevada Legislation Affecting Medicare

Medicare “Birthday Rule”:

Beginning January 1, 2022, Assembly Bill 250, from Nevada’s 2021 Legislative Session, went into effect. This Bill mandates that current Medicare Supplement enrollees have at least 60 days, starting on the first day of their birthday month, to switch to another Medicare Supplement plan that has the same or lesser benefits. This applies to all carriers with open blocks of business. Carriers must provide at least a 30–60-day notice before the enrollment period. One thing to keep in mind when comparing equal or lesser benefits is that innovative benefits don’t count; and you can’t be rated up or denied coverage based on your health status or claims experience.

[AB250 Text](#)

Medicare Coverage for Persons Less Than 65:

As of October 1, 2025, carriers offering Medicare supplemental policies are required to allow a person who is less than 65 years of age and eligible and enrolled in Medicare because of a disability or end-stage renal disease to purchase any Medicare supplemental policy that the carrier offers to new insureds in Nevada who are 65 or older.

[SB292 Text](#)

Medicare Supplement Insurance Shopping Tips

You May Not Need Medicare Supplement Insurance

If your income is low, you may qualify for a government program that will fill the gaps in your Medicare coverage. To find out if you are eligible for **Medicaid** or if you are a **Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB)**, **Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB)** or a **Qualified Individual (QI)** contact the State Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Welfare and Supportive Services (DWSS) in Reno at (775) 684-7200, (702) 486-1646 in Las Vegas/Henderson, or toll free: (800) 992-0900. For a complete list of local phone numbers, you may visit <https://dss.nv.gov>.

Right to Coverage

The best time to buy a Medigap policy is during your Medigap open enrollment period. This period lasts for 6 months and begins on the first day of the month in which you are 65 or older **and** enrolled in Medicare Part B. If you joined Medicare because of a disability before you turned 65, federal law now requires that you be given another open enrollment opportunity when you turn 65.

Tip: If you apply for a policy after that six-month period, some companies will reject your application if your health is not good.

Shop for Benefits, Service and Price

See the Check the chart of the 10 plans on page 31 to see the benefits that are included in each plan. Every company must use the same letters (A through N) to label its policies. Plan A will usually be a company's lowest-priced Medicare supplement policy. It covers valuable basic benefits and must be sold by every company. Plans B through N add other benefits to fill different gaps in your Medicare coverage.

Use the Medicare Guide

The *Choosing a Medigap Policy: A Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare* ("Guide"), written by the federal government and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC), has excellent information about Medicare, as well as health insurance. Any agent or company that offers to sell you Medicare supplement insurance must give you a copy. Upon request, a copy of the Guide is also available from the Division of Insurance, the Division for Aging Services, or the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP).

Tip: Download a copy of *Choosing a Medigap Policy: A Guide to Health Insurance for People with Medicare* at:

<https://www.medicare.gov/media/10191>

Read the Outline of Coverage

The outline of coverage is useful to understand the policy in general terms – the outline of coverage for Medicare supplement insurance includes more details about each of the benefits listed in the plan’s policy.

Evaluate Your New or Existing Policy

To understand the details of your coverage, you must read the policy. When reviewing the policy, spend extra time studying the provisions about pre-existing conditions. Don’t change policies just to get a lower price. Premiums can change, and a new policy may not remain less expensive than the old one. Ask yourself, **“Would a new policy really improve my health coverage?”** Perhaps your old policy can be updated to provide the additional coverage you want.

Tip: Premiums paid in advance are sometimes non-refundable. For example, if you paid for a one-year policy period and decide to cancel in the middle of the policy term, the premium may be earned by the company when paid by you and there may be no provision for a refund of premium at any time during that policy period.

Purchasing a Plan

Conduct Research on Medicare Supplement Plans

1. **Contact the Insurance Division at 775-687-0700 to confirm that the company is licensed.**
2. **Ask** how an insurance company prices Medigap policies. The way they set the price affects how much you pay now and in the future.

Tip: A good question to ask is if there are factors other than age that may affect the cost of your Medigap policy. Policies may have discounts based on your sex, whether you smoke, whether you are married and/or if you have automatic bank withdrawal.
3. **Before you shop** for plans, make sure you will benefit from Medicare supplement insurance before you buy.
4. **Find out** if you are eligible for group coverage. Group coverage is marketed through employers, labor unions and various private associations. If you have group insurance, ask before retirement if you can continue your employee health insurance or convert it to suitable group Medicare supplement coverage after you turn 65. Group insurance often costs less and is more comprehensive than individually purchased coverage. Also, if your spouse is included in your group health plan, be sure to check on his or her eligibility.
5. **Ask** the reference section of your local public library for financial rating publications that summarize an insurance company's financial position. Some publications rate companies by letter grades, which can be informative. Four organizations are commonly relied upon to rate insurance

companies: A.M. Best, Standard & Poor's (S&P), Moody's Investor Service, and Fitch Ratings. The role of these agencies is to assess the debt and financial strength of companies by providing a neutral analysis. In rating debt and financial strength, these agencies assist in judging an insurer's ability to meet their claims paying obligations. If an insurance company cannot pay future claims or benefits, all other considerations, such as coverage and pricing, become relatively unimportant.

Tip: Consider factors other than price when selecting a policy, including claims handling and a company's reputation for service.

Pick your Plan

1. **When you find a plan you like**, compare before you buy. Shop around and talk to several agents and companies before making a decision. When shopping for a Medigap policy, be sure you are comparing the same policy. Do not be embarrassed to ask questions. Do not buy a policy until you are satisfied with the answers you receive.
2. **Carefully read** the plan's membership materials and enrollment forms to learn your rights and the nature and extent of your coverage. Remember, Medicare Advantage plans will likely require extra out-of-pocket expenses from non-network providers.
3. **Get a copy of the policy.**

4. **Discuss the policy** with a relative, friend or someone else whom you trust before buying. When buying by mail, check whether the company has a local agent or a toll-free number that you can call for answers to your questions and for help filing claims. Ask friends and family members about their experience with various companies.
5. **Know** the effective date of your policy!
6. **Take full advantage** of your “free look” period by carefully reviewing your new policy. You have 30 days from the date you receive the policy to return and cancel it for a full refund. Read the policy when it arrives; don’t wait until the last minute. The Division of Insurance Consumer Services section can help you understand what your policy covers. You can reach the Consumer Services section by calling (775) 687-0700 to reach the Carson City office, (702) 486-4009 to reach the Las Vegas office, and (888) 872-3234 to reach the Division of Insurance toll-free. Also, some senior citizen organizations have volunteer insurance advisors. More information regarding senior resources and the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP), including local contacts is included below.

Avoiding Fraud

- **Buying locally** from a licensed agent with a good reputation is safer than buying from someone you do not know. A traveling agent may never return to your area.

- **Be careful** to answer all questions accurately. Don't let the agent fill out the application for you. If an agent helps you to complete the application, do not sign it until you are sure that all questions have been completely answered and all requested medical information is included and correct.

Tip: The omission of information may cause the company to deny your claims or cancel your policy.

- **Do not pay cash or make a check out to the agent or in the agent's name.** Get a receipt for all payments. Checks should be made payable only to the insurance company.
- **Don't be misled** into believing that a Medicare supplement policy is endorsed by or sold by the state or federal government. Although the Division of Insurance reviews Medicare supplement policy forms to make sure they meet Nevada requirements, the Division does not endorse particular companies or policies.
- **Don't be pressured** to buy insurance on the agent's first visit. If you can, invite a trusted friend or relative to be present during the agent's visit. An agent who objects to this may not be the right agent for you.

Tip: It is a violation of federal and state law for insurance companies or agents to suggest they are acting on behalf of the government when selling Medicare supplement insurance.

- **Don't be stampeded** by statements that a certain policy or premium rate will be available only for a limited time. Such statements are seldom true.

Completing the Application

- **Never sign** a blank application form.
- **All applicable questions** must be filled out accurately and completely.

Tip: An agent may assist you, but you should never let an agent fill out the application for you. **Always double check the information for correctness before signing the application to avoid fraud.**

- **Be sure** you have the agent's name and address and the address of the company from which you are purchasing the policy. Know how to contact your agent or the company if you need help. **Always check the license status of the agent and the insurance company with the Division of Insurance.**

Tip: You may also verify an insurance company on the Division's Web site at <http://di.nv.gov/ins/f?p=licensing:search> or by contacting the Division at 1-888-872-3234.

- **Read** what you are being asked to sign. If the agent tries to rush you, be suspicious.

Tip: If you are replacing policies, you should have full coverage for all pre-existing conditions when you have been covered for six months under the old policy, the new policy or both. This should be explained to you in a Replacement Notice provided by the new insurance company or its agent. If you return the policy to the company, be sure to send it by certified mail with a return receipt requested. This will give you a record of the date it was returned in case there is a dispute.

Special Information for Military Retirees

You or your spouse may be eligible for TRICARE For Life if either has retired from the United States military service. The benefits covered by TRICARE For Life supplement Medicare coverage and eliminate the need for a Medicare supplement policy. In addition, TRICARE For Life benefits include coverage for outpatient prescription drugs not covered by Medicare. Unlike Medicare supplement policies, there is no enrollment fee to belong to TRICARE For Life. If you believe that you are eligible for this program, you can contact TRICARE For Life at <https://tricare.mil/tfl>, (866) 773-0404 or TDD at (866) 773-0405.

More Information is Available

The Division of Insurance Consumer Services section is happy to answer any additional questions you might have. If you have more questions about Medicare supplement insurance, contact us at:

**State of Nevada
Department of Business & Industry
Division of Insurance**

**Carson City Office (775) 687-0700; csc@doi.nv.gov
Las Vegas Office (702) 486-4009**

Refer to page 61 of this guide for free counseling and other resources.

Cost Comparison and Guide to Premium Chart

This section of the booklet has a chart outlining the 10 standard plans, a section which outlines who sells Medigap in Nevada and offers a comparison of premiums by insurance company and plan type. Premiums are listed in alphabetical order by company for both ages 65 and 70 rates.

NOTICE:

The policy comparison section summarizes material submitted by the insurers. The figures are theirs, not those of the Division of Insurance. Some information may not be current at the time you read this publication. The policy itself becomes the contract between the insurance company and you; and will be the basis of final determinations. Only policies that meet the requirements of Nevada laws and regulations at time of publication are included.

Publication of this comparison is for informational purposes only. Inclusion of information about a policy in this brochure does not in any way constitute endorsement of a policy or company by the Division of Insurance.

GUIDE TO THE PREMIUM COMPARISON CHART

Annual Premiums

The premiums shown are only a sampling of 2026 annual rates, if available at the time of publication. For consistency among the carriers, they were asked to provide the premiums for 65- and 70-year-old female, non-smokers, in downtown Las Vegas (zip 89102), Clark County, Southern Nevada. Rates specific to whether you smoke, your age, and your gender can be obtained from the insurance company. Keep in mind, the rate may change as companies file new rates with the Division of Insurance. While rates may change because of increased age and/or an insurance company's increased claims for all similar policyholders, your premiums cannot increase based on your individual claims.

Tip: Some companies expect you to pay annually, while others bill every month, and some bill every two to three months.

Age Groups

Premiums for Medicare supplement insurance will be based on your age when you purchase the policy. Although companies may have different premiums for each age, this comparison shows premiums only for ages 65 and 70.

Premium Type

Companies have two different methods of pricing policies which are both based upon your age. These are shown in the **Premium Type** column, in the **2024 Annual Premiums** chart.

- **Issue Age:** These policies are priced at your age when you initially purchase the policy. Your future rates will **not** increase because of age as you become older. If you buy the policy at age 65 you will always pay the premium that the company charges 65-year-old customers; however, your premiums can increase because of an insurance company's overall claims experience. While the initial rate for an **Issue Age** policy may be greater than a similar **Attained Age** policy, it could be less expensive over the life of the policy.
- **Attained Age:** In addition to the annual rate increases for changes in Medicare and overall claims experience, the premium will increase as you become older. If you buy a policy at 65, when you are 70 you will pay whatever the company is currently charging individuals who are 70 years old.
- **Community Age Rating:** The premium is the same for all customers who buy this policy, regardless of age.

Tip: Premiums will most likely increase every year in order to keep up with changes in Medicare. Premiums may also increase if overall claim expenses are higher than anticipated.

Area

Some companies charge different premiums based on where you live.

Smoker

Some companies may charge different premiums for non-smokers and smokers. You should check with the company to find out if your premium would be higher or lower.

Sex

In the **2026 Annual Premiums** chart, premiums shown are for women. Premiums for men are generally higher than those for women. You should check with the company to find out if your premium would be higher or lower.

Health Screening / Underwriting

Although most companies underwrite (review for health status indicators prior to agreeing to cover you) some companies offer policies regardless of any health problems you may now have. A company must sell you any Medigap policy they sell, regardless of your health, at the price of a healthy person if you apply during your Medigap open enrollment.

Innovative Benefits

Each plan, A through N, no matter what company you buy from, is required to have certain benefits; however, some plans provide extra benefits that are termed innovative. Some examples of innovative benefits are decreasing deductibles, hearing and vision coverage, gym memberships, and preferred rates based on underwriting. While the standard benefits are guaranteed to remain with the policy, the innovative benefits may not be permanently a part of the policy. They may instead only be provided at the company's discretion. Please read the policy carefully to see if the innovative benefits are guaranteed.

Tip: To find out which companies provide innovative benefits please visit our website: http://doi.nv.gov/Health_Insurance_Rates/Medicare_Supplement_Rates/

For specific information about the benefits, you may have to contact the companies – contact information is also provided on the website for most companies.

2026 POLICY BENEFIT CHART

Medicare supplement insurance can be sold in only 10 standard plans and two high deductible plans. The chart on the next page shows the benefits for each plan. Every company must make available Plan A. Some plans may not be available in Nevada or in every zip code in Nevada.

Basic Benefits:

- **Hospitalization** - Part A coinsurance plus coverage for 365 additional days after Medicare benefits end.
- **Medical Expenses** - Part B coinsurance (generally 20% of Medicare-approved expenses) or co-payments for hospital outpatient services. Plans K, L and N require insured to pay a portion of Part B co-insurance or co-payments.
- **Blood** - First three pints of blood each year.
- **Hospice** - Part A co-insurance.

Medicare Supplement Plans Benefit Chart

This chart shows the benefits included in each of the standard Medicare supplement plans. Some plans may not be available. Only applicants **first** eligible for Medicare before 2020 may purchase Plans C, F and high deductible F.

Benefits	Plans Available to All Applicants							
	A	B	D	G ¹	K	L	M	N
Medicare Part A coinsurance and hospital coverage (up to an additional 365 days after Medicare benefits are used up)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Medicare Part B coinsurance or Copayment	✓	✓	✓	✓	50%	75%	✓	✓ copays apply ³
Blood (first three pints)	✓	✓	✓	✓	50%	75%	✓	✓
Part A hospice care coinsurance or copayment	✓	✓	✓	✓	50%	75%	✓	✓
Skilled nursing facility coinsurance			✓	✓	50%	75%	✓	✓
Medicare Part A deductible		✓	✓	✓	50%	75%	50%	✓
Medicare Part B deductible								
Medicare Part B excess charges				✓				
Foreign travel emergency (up to plan limits)			✓	✓			✓	✓
Out-of-pocket limit in [2023] ²					[\$7,220] ²	[\$3,610] ²		

Note: A ✓ means 100% of the benefit is paid.

¹ Plans F and G also offer a high-deductible plan in some states. You must pay for Medicare-covered costs (coinsurance, copayments, and deductibles) up to the deductible amount of \$2,870 in 2025.

² Plans K and L pay 100% of covered services for the rest of the calendar year once you meet the out-of-pocket yearly limit (amounts above are for 2025).

³ Plan N pays 100% of the Part B coinsurance, except for copayments for some office visits and some emergency room visits.

Medicare first eligible before 2020 only	
C	F ¹
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓
✓	✓

Who Sells Medigap in Nevada?		
Company	Telephone Number	Website
CIGNA NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY	1-877-229-0293	www.cigna.com/medicare
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	1-800-264-4000	www.aetnaseniorproducts.com
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	1-888-534-3257	www.globecaremedsupp.com
GPM HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	1-877-844-1036	www.gpmhealthandlife.com
GUARANTEE TRUST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	1-847-904-5639	www.gtlic.com
HUMANA INSURANCE COMPANY	1-888-310-8482	www.humana.com
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	1-866-773-2516	www.mycfmedigap.com
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	1-800-667-2937	www.mutualofomaha.com/states
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE INC	1-877-831-3000	www.anthem.com
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	contact local agent	www.statefarm.com
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	1-800-755-2137	www.unitedamerican.com
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	1-866-465-0088	www.aarpmedicaresupplement.com
USAA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	1-800-531-8722	www.usaa.com
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	1-888-910-3133	www.bankerslife.com/products/medicare-supplement-insurance/

Please See Our Website For Rates by Age, Zip Codes, etc.

[http://doi.nv.gov/Health Insurance Rates/Medicare Supplement Rates/](http://doi.nv.gov/Health_Insurance_Rates/Medicare_Supplement_Rates/)

2026 Annual Premium Comparisons

Legend:

Pre-X Months - if pre-existing conditions are considered - The months of wait the policy holder will have before the condition (s) are covered.

Definitions of Premium Type:

Attained Age - The monthly premiums for these policies will be based on your current age, and the rates will increase slowly over time.

Issue Age - The monthly premiums for these policies will be based on your age when you first buy the policy.

Community - The monthly premiums for these policies will be based on geographical factors, such as which zip code you live in or whether you use tobacco, rather than just age alone.

*This company offers Attained Age Medicare Supplement rates for Plans F, HDF, G and HDG.

Please check out the rates for all ages and zip codes on Nevada Division of Insurance's website, along with company contact information:

http://doi.nv.gov/Health_Insurance_Rates/Medicare_Supplement_Rates/

Plan A Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CIGNA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,820	\$2,108	Attained Age	0
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan A	\$2,191	\$2,325	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,878	\$2,500	Attained Age	2
GPM HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$2,538	\$2,654	Attained Age	0
GUARANTEE TRUST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$3,968	\$4,210	Attained Age	6
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan A	\$2,909	\$3,012	Attained Age	12
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	Plan A	\$1,875	\$1,875	Attained Age	0
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,802	\$1,958	Attained Age	0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE INC	Plan A	\$2,095	\$2,477	Attained Age	6
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,714	\$2,140	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,649	\$2,268	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,788	\$1,964	Attained Age	3
USAA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$1,430	\$1,676	Attained Age	0
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan A	\$2,055	\$2,658	Attained Age	0

Plan B Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan B	\$2,322	\$2,465	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan B	\$2,667	\$3,296	Attained Age	2
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan B	\$2,575	\$2,828	Attained Age	3
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan B	\$2,997	\$4,161	Attained Age	2

Plan C Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan C	\$3,036	\$3,674	Attained Age	2
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan C	\$2,514	\$3,143	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan C	\$3,188	\$4,415	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan C	\$2,959	\$3,250	Attained Age	3

Plan D Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan D	\$2,071	\$2,537	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan D	\$2,968	\$4,210	Attained Age	2

Plan F Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CIGNA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,200	\$2,549	Attained Age	0
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan F	\$2,797	\$2,968	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$3,067	\$3,709	Attained Age	2
GPM HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$3,281	\$3,398	Attained Age	0
GUARANTEE TRUST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$5,031	\$5,341	Attained Age	6
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan F	\$3,290	\$3,406	Attained Age	12
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	Plan F	\$2,297	\$2,297	Attained Age	0
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$3,593	\$3,903	Attained Age	0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE INC	Plan F	\$2,095	\$2,477	Attained Age	6
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,608	\$3,259	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,623	\$3,625	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,974	\$3,266	Attained Age	3
USAA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,388	\$2,798	Attained Age	0
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F	\$2,821	\$3,418	Attained Age	0

**Plan F (High
Deductible)**

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F (High Deductible)	\$403	\$585	Attained Age	2
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan F (High Deductible)	\$569	\$827	Attained Age	2

Plan G Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CIGNA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$1,916	\$2,219	Attained Age	0
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan G	\$2,233	\$2,371	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,756	\$3,396	Attained Age	2
GPM HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,770	\$2,897	Attained Age	0
GUARANTEE TRUST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$4,044	\$4,299	Attained Age	6
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan G	\$2,644	\$2,738	Attained Age	12
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	Plan G	\$1,885	\$1,885	Attained Age	0
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$3,353	\$3,598	Attained Age	0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE INC	Plan G	\$3,531	\$4,141	Attained Age	6
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,072	\$2,542	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,660	\$3,766	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,326	\$2,555	Attained Age	3
USAA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$1,888	\$2,220	Attained Age	0
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G	\$2,011	\$2,600	Attained Age	0

Plan G (High Deductible)

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CIGNA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$744	\$862	Attained Age	0
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$775	\$822	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$403	\$585	Attained Age	2
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$705	\$730	Attained Age	12
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$688	\$688	Attained Age	0
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$638	\$699	Attained Age	0
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$569	\$827	Attained Age	2
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan G (High Deductible)	\$624	\$756	Attained Age	0

Plan K Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan K	\$1,314	\$1,749	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan K	\$913	\$1,003	Attained Age	3

Plan L Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
UNITED AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan L	\$1,959	\$2,615	Attained Age	2
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan L	\$1,581	\$1,737	Attained Age	3

Plan M Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
No company currently participating in the 2026 Medicare Supplement Insurance Premium Comparison Guide offers Plan M rates.					

Plan N Rates

Company Name	Plan Type	Rate at Age 65	Rate at Age 70	Premium Type	Pre-X Months
CIGNA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,461	\$1,725	Attained Age	0
CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF BRENTWOOD, TENNESSEE	Plan N	\$1,684	\$1,886	Attained Age	0
GLOBE LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,812	\$2,237	Attained Age	2
GPM HEALTH AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,997	\$2,078	Attained Age	0
GUARANTEE TRUST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$3,113	\$3,307	Attained Age	6
HUMANA BENEFIT PLAN OF ILLINOIS, INC.	Plan N	\$1,852	\$2,003	Attained Age	12
MONITOR LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK	Plan N	\$1,427	\$1,427	Attained Age	0
OMAHA INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$2,321	\$2,551	Attained Age	0
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SERVICE INC	Plan N	\$2,724	\$3,194	Attained Age	6
STATE FARM MUTUAL AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,572	\$1,921	Attained Age	0
UNITEDHEALTHCARE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,918	\$2,106	Attained Age	3
USAA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,532	\$1,792	Attained Age	0
WASHINGTON NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY	Plan N	\$1,344	\$1,738	Attained Age	0

Medicare Options

Original fee-for-service Medicare and original Medicare with a Medicare supplement policy are available to all Nevada beneficiaries who are age 65 or older, and sometimes to those who are under age 65 with certain disabilities. Currently, there is only one insurer who offers Medicare supplement Plan A to beneficiaries under 65. There are also Medicare Advantage Plans (Part C) offered by private companies that provide Parts A and B (and sometimes Part D drug coverage) services to Medicare beneficiaries through special arrangements including HMOs, PPOs, and Managed Care Companies.

Medicare Advantage

Although Medicare Advantage plans are subsidized by the federal government, some companies charge nominal premiums and each company offers differing services. The companies that offer Part C in Nevada are as follows (separated by county): [2026 Medicare Advantage Plans Available to Residents of Nevada](#)

Original Medicare is the traditional fee-for-service Medicare and is available to all Medicare beneficiaries. There are two parts of original Medicare: Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) is available to all eligible Medicare beneficiaries for no monthly premium. Medicare Part B is optional insurance for which you must pay a monthly premium to receive those covered benefits. The

standard Medicare Part B premium is projected to be \$206.50 or higher in 2026 depending on your income, but some people who receive Social Security benefits will pay less than this amount.

Under Medicare, you can choose any health care provider who accepts Medicare. Medicare will pay the provider each time you incur an expense. While Medicare pays its portion, you are responsible for paying the remaining balance, including deductibles, co-payments, co-insurance and the cost of services not covered by Medicare.

Note: All newly enrolled Medicare beneficiaries are covered for an initial physical examination and numerous preventive care services.

Original Medicare with a Supplement Policy

You can purchase a private Medicare supplement insurance plan (Medigap insurance) to cover some of your obligations after traditional Medicare has paid its portion. You may purchase one of 10 standard Medicare supplemental insurance policies. The benefits provided by these plans are summarized on the policy benefit chart found on pages 29 - 30. Most policies pay Medicare co-insurance amounts while others pay Medicare deductibles. Some beneficiaries may already have supplemental coverage from other sources such as a former employer or Medicaid. There are two different versions of Medigap policies:

- **Medigap:** You can go to any doctor or hospital.

- **Medicare SELECT:** These plans are almost identical to standard Medigap insurance. When you purchase one of Medicare's SELECT policies, you're buying a standard Medigap plan. The only difference is that this type of plan operates like managed care plans. In other words, you **must** use plan hospitals and, in some cases, plan doctors to be eligible for full Medigap benefits.

Part D Coverage with Original Medicare

In years past, private insurers were able to provide supplement insurance combined with drug coverage just as some Medicare Advantage (Part C) companies offer; however, now recipients with Original Medicare can choose a Medigap policy and separately shop for a Part D (prescription drug) policy from a private insurer. Although purchasing a supplement or drug policy is not mandatory, if you wait until coverage is needed, financial penalties will be incurred. There are many Part D insurers with various plans to choose from.

For more information you may visit the Medicare Plan finder at [2026 Stand-Alone Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Plans](#)

or contact the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP) (pages 61 – 67) for more information.

Managed Care

Under a managed care plan, a network of health care providers (doctors, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, etc.) offer comprehensive, coordinated medical services on a pre-paid basis. Payments are made monthly to Medicare and Medicare makes a monthly payment to the managed care plan. Some plans will charge a monthly premium or require a co-payment per visit or service. The monthly premiums and co-payments will vary depending on the plan you choose and the county in which you live. **Note:** A supplemental insurance policy is not necessary if you join a managed care plan.

There are several different types of managed care plans:

- **HMO:** In a Health Maintenance Organization, you **must** use the plan's providers (doctors, hospitals, skilled nursing facilities and ancillary providers). These providers are paid for directly by the HMO and you are only required to make small co-payments. These plans sometimes offer services that are not covered by traditional fee-for-service Medicare.
- **HMO with POS option:** Less restrictive than HMOs. When combined with a basic HMO package, the POS (point-of-service) option allows you to use doctors and hospitals outside of the plan for an additional cost.
- **PSO:** In a Provider Sponsored Organization you **must** use the plan's providers. These plans operate like an HMO; however, the plan is sponsored by the providers (doctors and/or hospitals).

- **PPO:** The in-network benefits are provided by the plan's providers (preferred providers). However, you can use doctors and hospitals outside of the plan for an additional cost.

Private Fee-for-Service Plan

In a private fee-for-service plan, you select a private insurance plan which accepts Medicare beneficiaries. You will pay the Medicare premiums, any other monthly premium the private fee-for-service plan charges, and an amount per visit or service. The fee-for-service plan determines how much to allow for the service; however, the provider may charge more than the allowed amount and bill you for the difference. The plan may provide extra benefits that traditional Medicare does not cover.

Health Savings Account (HSA)

A Health Savings Account (HSA) is a tax-advantaged savings account that can be used to pay for medical and retiree health expenses incurred by individuals and their families. HSAs are open to anyone who enrolls in a high-deductible health insurance plan; however, current tax laws do not allow Medicare beneficiaries to enroll. HSAs fall under the jurisdiction of the United States Department of Treasury. If an individual ceases to be eligible for their HSA or makes an ineligible withdrawal, penalties and taxes may apply.

For assistance with HSAs, please contact your HSA trustee or visit the United States Department of the Treasury's Web site at:

<http://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/faqs/Taxes/Pages/Health-Savings-Accounts.aspx> or call 1-800-829-1040.

Medicare HMOs

An HMO that has a contract with Medicare must provide or arrange for the full range of Part A and B services if you are covered under both parts of Medicare. HMOs can also provide benefits beyond what Medicare allows, such as: preventive care, prescription drugs (limited amount), dental care, hearing aids, and eyeglasses.

Before joining a plan, be sure to read the plan's membership materials and enrollment forms carefully to learn your rights and the nature and extent of your coverage. If you belong to an HMO plan, the plan will not pay claims for any non-emergency benefits you receive from providers outside of the HMO.

Medicare PPOs

A Medicare PPO plan is an option for Medicare Part C. Each PPO plan has a list, known as a “network”, of primary care doctors, specialists, and hospitals that you may choose from. If you have a preferred doctor, specialist or hospital, which are not included in the plan’s network, you may still see them for your medical needs; however, they will usually cost more than a choice from the plan’s network. Some Medicare PPO plans offer prescription drug coverage and additional benefits, such as written and hearing screenings, disease management, and other services not covered under original Medicare. Monthly premiums and how much you pay for services vary depending on the plan. There is an annual limit on your out-of-pocket that varies depending on the plan.

Note: It is illegal to be sold a Medicare Supplemental Insurance policy if you have Medicare Part C unless you plan to drop Medicare Part C and enroll in traditional Medicare.

High-Deductible Plans

High-Deductible Plans F & G

The annual deductible for High-Deductible Plans F and G is \$2,870 in 2025, and may rise slightly in 2026. Other than the deductible amount, these plans have the same coverage as regular Plans F and G. Benefits under these plans will not begin until the out-of-pocket expenses have reached the deductible amount. The expenses not paid are the amounts the policy would have paid under regular Plans F and G, including the Medicare deductibles for Part A and Part B, but not the separate deductible for emergency foreign travel in Plans F and G. The premium for these plans are significantly less than the regular Plans F and G. These plans are seen in the 2025 Annual Premiums chart on pages 37 through 40.

Annual Limit Plans

Plans K and L

Plans K and L provide for different cost-sharing for items and services than Plans A – G, M and N. Once you reach the annual limit, the two plans pay 100% of the Medicare co-payments, co-insurance, and deductibles for the rest of the calendar year. The out-of-pocket annual limit does not include charges from your provider that exceed Medicare-approved amounts, called “excess charges.” You are responsible for paying excess charges.

GUARANTEED ISSUE

During the initial six-month enrollment window after your 65th birthday, insurers cannot decline to offer you coverage. However, beyond the six months, companies can decline to insure you. And even during the window, companies can decline to cover pre-existing conditions for up to six months after enrollment. The most common conditions for guaranteed issue are seen below.

Note: Certain people will have a right to guaranteed issue of a Medicare supplement plan, without regard to pre-existing conditions, no matter when they enroll, even if it's beyond the six-month window. To be eligible for guaranteed issue under any of the following six circumstances, you must apply within 63 days after losing your other health plan coverage. **If you first become eligible for Medicare benefits because of age, disability or end-stage renal disease on or after January 1, 2020, the references below to Plans C and F (including F with a high deductible) are deemed references to Plans D and G (including G with a high deductible).** [AB 250 also provides a guaranteed issue period for at least 60 days from the first day of your birthday month.](#)

1. When an employer terminates a group plan or eliminates substantially all supplemental benefits, an individual is eligible for Plans A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K or L.

2. When a group plan is primary to Medicare and either the plan terminates or an individual leaves the plan, the individual is eligible for **Plans A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K or L.**
3. An individual who has a Medicare SELECT supplemental policy or is enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan under Medicare (managed care or private fee-for-service, see pages 45 - 55), and discontinues the coverage because:
 - a. The plan terminates or no longer provides service in the individual's area of residence;
 - b. The individual is no longer eligible for the plan due to a change in residence; or
 - c. The individual can show that the plan:
 - 1) Violated a material provision of the contract; or
 - 2) The agent for the plan materially misrepresented the plan.

The individual is eligible for **Plans A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K or L.**

4. An individual who is enrolled in a Medicare supplement plan and the coverage ceases because:
 - a. The insurer becomes insolvent;
 - b. Other involuntary terminations occur;
 - c. The insurer violated a material provision of the contract; or
 - d. The insurer or agent materially misrepresented the plan.

The individual is eligible for **Plans A, B, C, F (including F with a high deductible), K or L.**

5. An individual who terminates a Medicare supplement plan to sign up for a Medicare SELECT supplemental policy or a plan under Medicare Advantage, and then terminates the new coverage within 12 months, is **eligible for the same plan** the individual had prior to the change.
6. An individual who becomes eligible for the first time and signs up for Medicare Advantage and terminates this coverage within 12 months is **eligible for any plan.**

For more information: please consult the federally published Choosing a Medigap Policy at <https://www.medicare.gov/publications/02110-medigap-guide-health-insurance.pdf>

and/or contact MAP (see page 61 for contact information).

Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP)

The State of Nevada's Aging & Disability Services Division (ADSD) created the Medicare Assistance Program (MAP) by combining the services of the State Health Insurance Assistance (SHIP), Senior Medicare Patrol (SMP), and Medicare Improvements for Patients and Providers Act (MIPPA). These services are available throughout Nevada in order to provide local Medicare education and assistance to Medicare eligible individuals, their families and caregivers.

The Program meets one of the most universal and critical needs of seniors and Medicare beneficiaries today: **free** one-on-one assistance and counseling for questions and problems regarding Medicare and supplemental health insurance. MAP provides the following services:

- Pre-Medicare counseling;
- Information and eligibility on Medicare entitlements, benefits, limitations, Medicaid (Qualified Medicare Beneficiaries & Specified Low Income Medicare Beneficiaries), and Managed Care Plans through Health Maintenance Organizations (HMOs);
- Assistance with claims, requests for reconsideration and appeals processes under Medicare and supplemental insurance;
- Unbiased information that will assist the consumer in determining supplemental insurance and long-term care insurance needs;
- Outreach information and materials for seniors and families through meetings, seminars, classes, health fairs, senior fairs and the media (speakers available); and
- Referrals for coordination with federal and other state and community services.

Arrangements may be made for homebound seniors, as well as other seniors, who need personal counseling assistance. Please call **(702) 486-3478** in Las Vegas; or toll free in Southern Nevada at **1-800-307-4444** or **1-844-826-2085** in Northern Nevada. The services offered by the Program are **free of charge and confidential**. Senior citizens are assured there will be no selling or soliciting for insurance.

Medicare Counseling Program

The following is a list of Senior Centers and/or local numbers to contact for counseling with the Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP): [NevadaSeniorCenters \(nv.gov\)](https://www.nv.gov/NebraskaSeniorCenters)

Please call ahead for counseling times & additional information.

A counselor is available at the following sites by appointment:

Nevada Senior Centers by County

<u>Carson City County</u> Carson City Senior Center 911 Beverly Drive Carson City, Nevada 89706 775-883-0703 Carson City Senior Center information <u>Churchill County</u> Fallon Paiute Shoshone Senior Center 1885 Agency Road Fallon, Nevada 89406 775-423-7569 Fallon Paiute Shoshone Senior Center information Churchill County Senior Center 310 East Court Street Fallon, Nevada 89406 775-423-7096	<u>Douglas County</u> Douglas County Senior Center 2300 Meadows Lane Gardnerville, NV 89410 775-783-6455 Douglas County Senior Center information Washoe Tribe Senior Center 919 Highway 395 South Gardnerville, Nevada 89410 775-265-8600 866-914-3983 Washoe Tribe Senior Center information Tahoe Douglas Senior Center 885 Highway 50 PO Box 1771 Zephyr Cove, Nevada 89448 775-588-5140 Tahoe Douglas Senior Center information
<u>Clark County</u> Boulder City Senior Center 813 Arizona Street Boulder City, Nevada 89005 702-293-3320 Boulder City Senior Center information Centennial Hills Active Adult Center 6601 North Buffalo Drive Las Vegas, Nevada 89131 702-229-1702 Centennial Hills Active Adult Center information	<u>Elko County</u> Carlin Open Door Senior Center 320 Chestnut Street PO Box 123 Carlin, Nevada 89822 775-754-6465 Carlin Open Door Senior Center information Duck Valley Senior Center PO Box 219 Owyhee, Nevada 89832 775-757-3174

Cora Coleman Senior Center 2100 Bonnie Lane Las Vegas, Nevada 89156 702-455-7617 Cora Coleman Senior Center information Derfelt Senior Center 3333 West Washington Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 702-229-6601 Doolittle Senior Center 1950 North J Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89106 702-229-6125 East Las Vegas Community and Senior Center 250 North Eastern Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 702-229-1515 Heritage Park Senior Facility (50+) 300 Racetrack Rd. Henderson, NV 89015 702-267-2950 Heritage Park Senior Facility information Howard Lieburn Senior Center 6320 Garwood Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89107 702-229-1600 Howard Lieburn Senior Center information Las Vegas Senior Center 451 East Bonanza Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 702-229-6454 Las Vegas Senior Center information Laughlin Family Resource Center 1975 Arie Street PO Box 32055 Laughlin, Nevada 89029 702-298-2592 Martin Luther King Senior Center 2420 N Martin Luther King Blvd #B No Las Vegas, Nevada 89032 702-636-0064	Elko Indian Colony 1530 Silver Eagle Drive Elko, Nevada 89801 775-738-0425 Elko Band Senior Center 511 Sunset Street Elko, Nevada 89801 775-738-0425 Elko Band Senior Center information Elko Senior Citizens Center, Inc. 1795 Ruby View Drive Elko, Nevada 89801 775-738-5911 Silver Sage Senior Center 213 First Street PO Box 136 Wells, Nevada 89835 775-752-3280 Silver Sage Senior Center information <u>Eureka County</u> Eureka Senior Center 20 West Gold Street PO Box 278 Eureka, Nevada 89316 775-237-5597 Eureka Senior Center information Fanny Komp Senior Center 728 7th Street P. O. Box 211072 Crescent Valley, NV 89821 775-468-0466 Fanny Komp Senior Center information <u>Humboldt County</u> Ft. McDermitt Paiute Shoshone Senior Center 111 North Reservation Road PO Box 457 McDermitt, Nevada 89421 775-532-8259 Winnemucca Senior Center 1480 Lay Street Winnemucca, Nevada 89445 775-623-6211
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Mesquite Senior Center 102 West Old Mill Road PO Box 840 Mesquite, Nevada 89024 702-346-5290 Mesquite Senior Center information Moapa Band of Paiute Box 340 Moapa, Nevada 89025 702-865-2787 Moapa Valley Senior Center 325 Cooper Street Overton, Nevada 89040 702-397-8002 Moapa Valley Senior Center information North Las Vegas Senior Center (Recreation Center) 1638 N Bruce Street North Las Vegas, Nevada 89030 702-633-1600 North Las Vegas Senior Center information Sandy Valley Senior Center 690 West Quartz Avenue Sandy Valley, Nevada 89019 702-723-1220 Sandy Valley Senior Center information Searchlight Senior Center 575 South Highway 95 PO Box 915 Searchlight, Nevada 89046 702-297-1614 Searchlight Senior Center information West Flamingo Senior Center 6255 West Flamingo Road Las Vegas, Nevada 89103 702-455-7742 West Flamingo Senior Center information Whitney Senior Center 5712 Missouri Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89122 702-455-7576 Whitney Senior Center information	<u>Lander County</u> Austin Senior Center PO Box 211 Austin, Nevada 89310 775-964-2338 Austin Senior Center information Battle Mountain Shoshone Band Council 37 Mountain View Drive #C Battle Mountain, Nevada 89820 775-635-2004 Battle Mountain Shoshone Band Council information Lander County Senior Citizens Center 365 East 4th Street Battle Mountain, Nevada 89820 775-635-5311 Yomba Tribal Council HC 61 Box 6275 Austin, Nevada 89310 775-964-2463 <u>Lincoln County</u> Alamo Senior Center 20 Airport Road PO Box 316 Alamo, NV 89001 775-725-3340 Lincoln Senior Center Main and Atkins PO Box 508 Panaca, Nevada 89042 775-728-4477 Olsen Senior Center 240 Front Street PO Box 322 Caliente, Nevada 89008 775-726-3740 Pioche Senior Center 410 Auto Drive PO Box 432 Pioche, Nevada 89043 775-962-5378
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<u>Lyon County</u> Dayton Senior Center 320 Dayton Valley Road PO Box 612 Dayton, Nevada 89403 775-246-6210 Dayton Senior Center information Fernley Senior Center 1170 West Newlands Drive Fernley, Nevada 89408 775-575-3370 Fernley Senior Center information Lyon County Senior Services 1050 Pyramid Street PO Box 1141 Silver Springs, Nevada 89429 775-577-5009 Lyon County Senior Services information Silver Springs Senior Center 2945 Ft. Churchill Road Silver Springs, Nevada 89429 775-577-5014 Silver Springs Senior Center information Yerington Paiute Tribe Elder Center 171 Campbell Lane Yerington, Nevada 89447 775-883-8334 Lyon Food, Fun and Fellowship 117 Tilson Way Yerington, Nevada 89447 775-463-6550	<u>Nye County</u> Amargosa Senior Center HCR 69 Box 428 Amargosa, Nevada 89020 775-372-5413 Beatty Senior Center 150 A Avenue South PO Box 453 Beatty, Nevada 89003 775-553-2954 Duckwater Elder Center PO Box 140068 Duckwater, Nevada 89314 775-863-0155 Pahrump Valley Senior Citizens Center 1370 West Basin Pahrump, Nevada 89060 775-727-5008 Tonopah Senior Center 1 Senior Center Drive PO Box 392 Tonopah, Nevada 89049 775-482-7300 <u>Pershing County</u> Pershing County Senior Center PO Box 838 Lovelock, Nevada 89419 775-273-2291 <u>Storey County</u> Storey County Senior Center PO Box 786 Virginia City, Nevada 89440; 775-847-0957
<u>Mineral County</u> Walker River Senior Center PO Box 220 Schurz, Nevada 89427 775-773-2224 Mineral County Care and Share 975 K Street PO Box 1058 Hawthorne, Nevada 89415 775-945-5519	<u>White Pine County</u> Ely Shoshone Elders Center 250 Heritage Drive Ely, Nevada 89301 775-289-6907

Mina Senior Center 821 8th Street PO Box 195 Mina, Nevada 89422 775-573-2344	McGill Senior Citizens Center 1 Avenue K PO Box 1237 McGill, Nevada 89318 775-235-7110 White Pine Senior Center 1000 Campton Street Ely, Nevada 89301 775-289-2742
<u>Washoe County</u> Gerlach Senior Center 385 E. Sunset Blvd. PO Box 69 Gerlach, Nevada 89412 775-557-2206 Gerlach Senior Center information Numaga Senior Center PO Box 256 Nixon, Nevada 89424 775-574-0180 Reno-Sparks Indian Colony 34 Reservation Road Reno, Nevada 89502 775-329-5162 Reno-Sparks Indian Colony information Washoe County (Reno) Senior Citizens Center 1155 East 9th Street Reno, Nevada 89512 775-328-2575 Washoe County (Reno) Senior Citizens Center information Sparks Senior Center 97 Richards Way Sparks, Nevada 89431 775-353-3110 Sparks Senior Center information Sun Valley Senior Center 115 West 6th Avenue Sun Valley, NV 89433-7374 775-673-9417 Sun Valley Senior Center information	

THE SERVICE OFFERED BY THE NEVADA MEDICARE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM IS PROVIDED BY TRAINED VOLUNTEERS/ADVISORS AND IS **FREE OF CHARGE**.

Other Resources
Division of Insurance
(702) 486-4009 or (775) 687-0700 or Toll-Free: (888) 872-3234
www.doi.nv.gov
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
Toll-Free: (800) Medicare (633-4227)
www.cms.gov
Social Security Administration (SSA)
(800) 772-1213; TTY (800) 325-0778
www.ssa.gov
National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC)
(816) 783-8500
www.naic.org
Public Employees' Retirement System of Nevada (PERS)
(775) 687-4200 or Toll-Free: (866) 473-7768
www.nvpers.org
Nevada Aging & Disability Services Division
(702) 486-3545 or (775) 687-4210
http://adsd.nv.gov
Office of Consumer Health Assistance (OCHA)
(702) 486-3587 or Toll-Free (888) 333-1597
https://adsd.nv.gov/Programs/CHA/Office_for_Consumer_Health_Assistance_(OCHA)/
Public Employees' Benefits Program
(775) 684-7000 or Toll-Free (800) 326-5496
PEBP (nv.gov)

How to File an Inquiry or Complaint

If you have an insurance question or problem, you should first contact your agent or company to get the matter resolved.

If you cannot get the matter resolved, contact the **Nevada Division of Insurance** for assistance. Inquiries or questions may be directed to the Consumer Services section at either of the Insurance Division offices.

Las Vegas
3300 West Sahara Ave #275, Las Vegas, NV 89102
(702) 486-4009

or

Carson City
1818 E. College Pkwy, Suite 103, Carson City, NV 89706
(775) 687-0700

Or call **toll-free** anywhere in Nevada at
1-888-872-3234

Or email: cscce@doi.nv.gov
[Nevada Division of Insurance \(nv.gov\)](http://NevadaDivisionofInsurance.nv.gov)

The Division of Insurance cannot recommend an insurance company or tell you which policy to buy; however, our staff can explain the insurance terminology in your policy to you. The Division of Insurance will also contact the company on your behalf to help resolve problems you may be having.

POLICY CHECKLIST

You may find this checklist useful in assessing the benefits provided by a Medicare supplement policy or in comparing policies.

	Policy 1		Policy 2		Policy 3	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
DOES THE POLICY COVER:						
Medicare Part A hospital deductible?						
Medicare Part A hospital daily coinsurance?						
Hospital care beyond Medicare's 150-day limit?						
Skilled nursing facility daily coinsurance?						
Skilled nursing beyond Medicare's limits?						
Medicare Part B annual deductible?						
Medicare Part B coinsurance?						
Physician and supplier charges in excess of Medicare's approved amounts?						
OTHER POLICY CONSIDERATIONS:						
Can the company cancel or refuse to renew the policy?						
What are the policy limits for covered services?						
How much is the annual premium?						
Non-smoking, sex, area, or other discounts?						
How long before existing health problems are covered?						

DEFINITIONS

The following terms are commonly used in Medicare supplement and long-term care insurance policies. Definitions differ from policy to policy, so it is important to understand the definition used in a specific insurance policy before you purchase it.

Allowed, approved, or eligible charges: The basis by which Medicare pays for health care costs. The approved charge paid by Medicare may be only 60% to 80% of the actual charge.

Assignment: In the original Medicare plan, this means a doctor agrees to accept Medicare's fee as full payment. If you are in the original Medicare plan, it can save you money if your doctor accepts assignment. If your doctor doesn't accept assignment, you may still be able to see the doctor, but you will need to pay the excess charges above what Medicare would pay.

Advance directives: Legal documents that allow you to put in writing what kind of health care you would want if you were too ill to speak for yourself.

Attained Age: A type of policy that bases its premium on the insured's current age.

Benefit: A benefit is a health care service or supply that is paid for in part or in full by Medicare.

Benefit period: A specified number of days, months or years for which benefits will be payable during any one confinement or spell of illness, or for successive confinements for the same condition.

Body mass index (BMI): A measure of body fat based on height and weight that applies to both adult men and women.

Chronic: A chronic condition is one lasting three months or more.

Co-insurance or co-payment: The portion of a charge for a covered medical service that you must pay out of your own pocket. For example, Part B of Medicare generally requires a co-payment of 20%.

Custodial care: The level of care required to assist an individual in the activities of daily living. This care helps meet personal needs and

can be provided by persons without professional licenses or extensive training.

Deductible: The amount of covered expenses that must be incurred and paid by the insured before benefits become payable by the insurer.

Effective date: The date on which insurance coverage goes into effect. It is not always the same as the date the application is completed.

Enrollment period: A certain period when you can join a Medicare health plan if it is open and accepting new Medicare members. If a health plan chooses to be open, it must allow all eligible people with Medicare to join.

Excess charges: The portion of the Medicare provider's charges which exceed Medicare's approved payment amount.

Exclusion: A specific service, expense, condition or situation **not covered** by an insurance plan.

Fee for service: In health care, a payment mechanism in which a provider is paid for each individual service rendered to a patient.

Group Policies: Group policies are defined by an employer, organization or association being the policyholder, instead of the individual. In other words, it will be defined by who the individual members are paying. If the individual members are paying an organization other than an Insurance Carrier, then the policy will be deemed to Group policy.

Guaranteed issue: A policy of insurance that will be issued regardless of applicant's health condition.

Guaranteed renewable: The policy must be renewed by the company except for non-payment of premiums and/or material misrepresentations. Additionally, premiums for policies may only be increased if premiums for all like policies are increased by the same amount.

Health maintenance organization (HMO): A type of Medicare Advantage plan that is available in some areas of the country. Plans must cover all Medicare Part A and Part B health care. Some HMOs cover extra benefits, like extra days in the hospital. In most HMOs, you can only go to doctors, specialists or hospitals on the plan's list, except in an emergency. Your costs may be lower than in the original Medicare plan.

Health Savings Account (HSA): Health Saving Accounts (HSAs) are tax-advantaged savings accounts that can be used to pay for medical and retiree health expenses incurred by individuals and their families. They are available to anyone who enrolls in a high-deductible health insurance plan. However, current tax laws do not allow Medicare beneficiaries to either contribute to their existing account or enroll.

Home health care: A wide variety of skilled nursing care and supportive services for individuals who do not need institutional care. The services are available through intermittent visits and may include nursing care, physical therapy, speech and hearing therapy, occupational therapy, social services, and other support services.

Individual Policies: Individual policies are defined by the individual being the policyholder. If the individual members pay the Insurance Carrier directly, then the policy will be deemed to Individual policy.

Intermediate care: Less intensive care than skilled nursing care. It usually includes assistance with activities of daily living with the availability of any on-duty registered nurse.

Issue Age: These policies are priced at your age when you initially purchase the policy. Increases in age alone will not affect future premiums.

Lapse: Termination of a policy due to failure by the policyholder to pay the required premium within the time specified in the policy.

Limiting charge: The highest dollar amount you can be charged for a covered service by doctors and other health care providers who do not accept assignment. The limit is 15% over Medicare's approved amount. The limiting charge only applies to certain services and does not apply to some supplies or equipment. (See Approved Amount; Assignment.)

Long-term care: A wide range of routine and complex services designed to provide maintenance, preventive, rehabilitative and supportive services to those individuals who have conditions that impair their ability to function independently.

Managed care: A system of health care where the goal is a system that delivers quality, cost-effective health care through monitoring, utilization review, and preventive services.

Medically necessary: Reasonable and necessary services for diagnosis or treatment as generally accepted by health care professionals that are clinically appropriate with regard to type, frequency, extent, location and duration; not primarily provided for the convenience of the patient, physician or other provider of healthcare; required to improve a specific health condition of an insured or to preserve his existing state of health; and the most clinically appropriate level of health care that may be safely provided to the insured.

Medicare Advantage plan: A plan offered by a private company that contracts with Medicare to provide you with all your Medicare Part A and Part B benefits. Medicare Advantage Plans are HMOs, PPOs, or Private Fee-for-Service Plans. If you are enrolled in a Medicare Advantage Plan, Medicare services are covered through the plan, and are not paid for under Original Medicare.

Medicare managed care plans: These are health care choices (such as HMOs) in some areas of the country. In most plans, you can only go to doctors, specialists or hospitals on the plan's list. Plans must cover all Medicare Part A and Part B health care. Some plans cover extras, such as preventive care not covered by Medicare. Your costs may be lower than in the original Medicare plan.

Newly eligible on or after January 1, 2020: Means an individual who becomes 65 years of age on or after January 1, 2020; or first becomes eligible for Medicare benefits because of age, disability or end-stage renal disease on or after January 1, 2020.

Network: A list of primary care doctors, specialists and hospitals that members of a managed care organization can go to. Doctors, hospitals and other health care providers who have contracted with the health insurer or a third-party administrator provide health care at a reduced rate to members within the network.

Open enrollment: A period when new beneficiaries may elect to enroll in a policy of insurance regardless of health. For a Medicare supplement policy this period lasts for 6 months and begins on the first day of the month in which you're both 65 or older and enrolled in Medicare Part B.

Out-of-pocket costs: Health care costs that you must pay on your own because they are not covered by Medicare or other insurance.

Point of service (POS): A managed care plan that allows you to use doctors and hospitals outside the plan for an additional cost. (See Medicare managed care plan.)

Pre-existing condition: A medical condition for which medical advice was given or treatment was recommended or received from a doctor within a specified period before the effective date of coverage.

Preferred provider organization (PPO): Health service organization plan with a network of physicians and suppliers who contract to provide services to a health insurance plan on a discounted fee-for-service basis.

Skilled nursing care: Medically necessary care that can only be provided by, or under the supervision of, skilled, licensed, medical professionals such as registered nurses or professional therapists. All skilled services require a physician's order. Medicare's definition of "skilled nursing care" is often different from the definitions used in long-term care insurance policies.

Nevada Medicare Assistance Program (MAP): MAP refers to a group of federal and state funded programs. These programs work together to provide assistance with public and private health insurance issues as well as options for Medicare beneficiaries or those soon to be Medicare beneficiaries, their families and caregivers. MAP has a

centralized component of statewide assistance and a local component of county- and tribal-based benefit counselors.

TRICARE: TRICARE is the health care program serving Uniformed Service members, retirees and their families worldwide.

Underwrite: The process by which an insurer determines whether, and on what basis, it will accept an application for insurance.

Usual and customary or reasonable charges: The fee most charged by physicians or providers for a particular service, treatment or supply. This fee may vary from area to area throughout the state.